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## Section 3.36. Water Meters

### A. Application

**A.1. General.** – This code applies to devices used for the measurement of water; generally applicable to, but not limited to, utilities type meters installed in residences or business establishments and meters installed in batching systems.

(Amended 2002)

**A.2. Exceptions.** – This code does not apply to:

- (a) water meters mounted on vehicle tanks (for which see Section 3.31. Vehicle-Tank Meters); or
- (b) mass flow meters (see Section 3.37. Mass Flow Meters).

(Added 1994)

**A.3. Additional Code Requirements.** – In addition to the requirements of this code, Water Meters shall meet the requirements of Section 1.10. General Code.

### S. Specifications

#### S.1. Design of Indicating and Recording Elements and of Recorded Representations.

##### S.1.1. Primary Elements.

**S.1.1.1. General.** – A water meter shall be equipped with a primary indicating element and may also be equipped with a primary recording element. Such elements shall be visible at the point of measurement or be stored in non-volatile and nonresettable memory. The display may be remotely located provided it is readily accessible to the customer.

(Amended 2002)

**S.1.1.2. Units.** – A water meter shall indicate and record, if the device is equipped to record, its deliveries in terms of liters, gallons or cubic feet or binary or decimal subdivisions thereof except batch plant meters, which shall indicate deliveries in terms of liters, gallons or decimal subdivisions of the liter or gallon only.

**S.1.1.3. Value of Smallest Unit.** – The value of the smallest unit of indicated delivery and recorded delivery, if the device is equipped to record, shall not exceed the equivalent of:

- (a) 50 L (10 gal or 1 ft<sup>3</sup>) on utility type meters, sizes 1 in and smaller; or
- (b) 500 L (100 gal or 10 ft<sup>3</sup>) on utility-type meters, sizes 1½ in and 2 in; or
- (c) 0.2 L (<sup>1</sup>/<sub>10</sub> gal or <sup>1</sup>/<sub>100</sub> ft<sup>3</sup>) on batching meters delivering less than 375 L/min (100 gal/min or 13 ft<sup>3</sup>/min); or
- (d) 5 L (1 gal or <sup>1</sup>/<sub>10</sub> ft<sup>3</sup>) on batching meters delivering 375 L/min (100 gal/min or 13 ft<sup>3</sup>/min) or more.

(Amended 2009)

**S.1.1.4. Advancement of Indicating and Recording Elements.** – Primary indicating and recording elements shall be susceptible to advancement only by the mechanical operation of the device.

**S.1.1.5. Return to Zero.** – If the meter is so designed that the primary indicating elements are readily returnable to a definite zero indication, means shall be provided to prevent the return of these elements beyond their correct zero position.

**S.1.1.6. Proving indicator.** – Utility-type meters shall be equipped with a proving indicator. The individual graduations on a mechanical (analog) proving indicator shall indicate volumes no larger than  $1/100$  of the value of the smallest unit of indicated delivery required in S.1.1.3. Value of Smallest Unit. For electronic (digital) proving indications, the smallest unit of volume displayed shall be no larger than  $1/1000$  of the value of the smallest unit of indicated delivery required in S.1.1.3.

(Added 2009)

## S.1.2. Graduations.

**S.1.2.1. Length.** – Graduations shall be so varied in length that they may be conveniently read.

**S.1.2.2. Width.** – In any series of graduations, the width of a graduation shall in no case be greater than the width of the minimum clear interval between graduations, and the width of main graduations shall be not more than 50 % greater than the width of subordinate graduations. Graduations shall in no case be less than 0.2 mm (0.008 in) in width.

**S.1.2.3. Clear Interval Between Graduations.** – The clear interval shall not be less than 1.0 mm (0.04 in). If the graduations are not parallel, the measurement shall be made:

- (a) along the line of relative movement between the graduations at the end of the indicator; or
- (b) if the indicator is continuous, at the point of widest separation of the graduations.

## S.1.3. Indicators.

**S.1.3.1. Symmetry.** – The index of an indicator shall be symmetrical with respect to the graduations, at least throughout that portion of its length associated with the graduations.

**S.1.3.2. Length.** – The index of an indicator shall reach to the finest graduations with which it is used, the width of the minimum clear interval between graduations, and the width of main graduations shall be not more than 50 % greater than the width of subordinate graduations. Graduations shall in no case be less than 0.2 mm (0.008 in) in width.

**S.1.3.3. Width.** – The width of the index of an indicator in relation to the series of graduations with which it is used shall not be greater than:

- (a) *the width of the narrowest graduation;\** and  
[\*Nonretroactive as of January 1, 2002]  
(Amended 2001)

- (b) the width of the minimum clear interval between graduations.

When the index of an indicator extends along the entire length of a graduation, that portion of the index of the indicator that may be brought into coincidence with the graduation shall be of the same width throughout the length of the index that coincides with the graduation.

**S.1.3.4. Clearance.** – The clearance between the index of an indicator and the graduations shall in no case be more than 1.5 mm (0.06 in).

**S.1.3.5. Parallax.** – Parallax effects shall be reduced to the practicable minimum.

**S.2. Design of Measuring Elements.**

**S.2.1. Provision for Sealing.** – Adequate provision shall be made for applying security seals in such a manner that no adjustment or interchange may be made of:

- (a) any measurement elements; and
- (b) any adjustable element for controlling delivery rate when such rate tends to affect the accuracy of deliveries.

The adjusting mechanism shall be readily accessible for purposes of affixing a security seal.

**S.2.2. Batching Meters Only.**

**S.2.2.1. Air Elimination.** – Batching meters shall be equipped with an effective air eliminator.

**S.2.2.2. Directional Flow Valves.** – Valves intended to prevent reversal of flow shall be automatic in operation.

**S.2.3. Multi-Jet Meter Identification.** – Multi-Jet water meters shall be clearly and permanently marked as such on the device or identified on the Certificate of Conformance.

(Added 2003)

**N. Notes**

**N.1. Test Liquid.** – A meter shall be tested with water.

**N.2. Evaporation and Volume Change.** – Care shall be exercised to reduce to a minimum, evaporation losses and volume changes resulting from changes to temperature of the test liquid.

**N.3. Test Drafts.** – Test drafts should be equal to at least the amount delivered by the device in 2 minutes and in no case less than the amount delivered by the device in 1 minute at the actual maximum flow rate developed by the installation. The test draft sizes shown in Table N.4.1. Flow Rate and Draft Size for Water Meters Normal Tests, shall be followed as closely as possible.

(Amended 2003)

**N.4. Testing Procedures.**

**N.4.1. Normal Tests.** – The normal test of a meter shall be made at the maximum discharge rate developed by the installation. Meters with maximum gallon per minute ratings higher than the values specified in Table N.4.1. Flow Rate and Draft Size for Water Meters Normal Tests may be tested up to the meter rating, with meter indications no less than those shown.

(Amended 1990, 2002, and 2003)

<b>Table N.4.1.</b>			
<b>Flow Rate and Draft Size for Water Meters Normal Tests</b>			
<b>Meter Size (inches)</b>	<b>Rate of Flow (gal/min)</b>	<b>Maximum Rate</b>	
		<b>Meter Indication/Test Draft</b>	
		<b>gal</b>	<b>ft<sup>3</sup></b>
Less than <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	8	50	5
<sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	15	50	5
<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	25	50	5
1	40	100	10
1½	80	300	40
2	120	500	40
3	250	500	50
4	350	1000	100
6	700	1000	100

(Table Added 2003)

**N.4.1.1. Repeatability Tests.** – Tests for repeatability should include a minimum of three consecutive test drafts of approximately the same size and be conducted under controlled conditions where variations in factors such as temperature, pressure, and flow rate are reduced to the extent that they will not affect the results obtained.

(Added 2002)

**N.4.2. Special Tests.** – Special tests to develop the operating characteristics of meters may be made according to the rates and quantities shown in Table N.4.2.a. Flow Rate and Draft Size for Water Meters Special Tests and Table N.4.2.b. Flow Rate and Draft Size for Utility Type Water Meters Special Tests.

(Amended 2003 and 2010)

<b>Table N.4.2.a.</b>						
<b>Flow Rate and Draft Size for Batching Water Meters Special Tests</b>						
<b>Meter Size (inches)</b>	<b>Intermediate Rate</b>			<b>Minimum Rate</b>		
	<b>Rate of Flow (gal/min)</b>	<b>Meter Indication/Test Draft</b>		<b>Rate of Flow (gal/min)</b>	<b>Meter Indication/Test Draft</b>	
		<b>gal</b>	<b>ft<sup>3</sup></b>		<b>gal</b>	<b>ft<sup>3</sup></b>
Less than or equal to <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	2	10	1	¼	5	1
<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	3	10	1	½	5	1
1	4	10	1	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	5	1
1½	8	50	5	1½	10	1
2	15	50	5	2	10	1
3	20	50	5	4	10	1
4	40	100	10	7	50	5
6	60	100	10	12	50	5

(Table Added 2003) (Table Amended 2010)

Table N.4.2.b. Flow Rate and Draft Size for Utility Type Water Meters Special Tests						
Meter Size (inches)	Intermediate Rate			Minimum Rate		
	Rate of Flow (gal/min)	Meter Indication/Test Draft		Rate of Flow (gal/min)	Meter Indication/Test Draft	
		gal	ft <sup>3</sup>		gal	ft <sup>3</sup>
Less than <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	2	10	1	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	5	1
<sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	2	10	1	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	5	1
<sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub> x <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	2	10	1	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	5	1
<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	3	10	1	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	5	1
1	4	10	1	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	5	1
1½	8	100	10	1½	100	10
2	15	100	10	2	100	10

(Table Added 2010)

**N.4.3. Batching Meter Tests.** – Tests on batching meters should be conducted at the maximum and intermediate rates only.

### T. Tolerances

**T.1. Tolerance Values.** – Maintenance and acceptance tolerances shall be as shown in Table T.1. Accuracy Classes and Tolerances for Water Meters.

(Amended 2003)

Table T.1. Accuracy Classes and Tolerances for Water Meters					
Accuracy Class	Application		Acceptance Tolerance	Maintenance Tolerance	Tolerance for Special Tests Conducted at the Minimum Flow Rate
1.5	Water, Other Than Multi-Jet Water Meters	Overregistration	1.5 %	1.5 %	1.5 %
		Underregistration	1.5 %	1.5 %	5.0 %
1.5	Water, Multi-Jet Water Meters	Overregistration	1.5 %	1.5 %	3.0 %
		Underregistration	1.5 %	1.5 %	3.0 %

(Table Added 2003)

**T.1.1. Repeatability.** – When multiple tests are conducted at approximately the same flow rate, each test shall be within the applicable tolerances and the range of test results shall not exceed the values shown in Table T.1.1. Repeatability.

(Added 2002) (Amended 2010)

<b>Table T.1.1. Repeatability</b>		
	<b>Batching Meters</b>	<b>Utility-Type Meters</b>
Normal Flow Rates	0.6 %	0.6 %
Intermediate Flow Rates	0.6 %	2.0 %
Minimum Flow Rate	1.3 %	4.0 %

(Table Added 2010)

## **UR. User Requirements**

### **UR.1. Batching Meters Only.**

**UR.1.1. Strainer.** – A filter or strainer shall be provided if it is determined that the water contains excessive amounts of foreign material.

**UR.1.2. Siphon Breaker.** – An automatic siphon breaker or other effective means shall be installed in the discharge piping at the highest point of outlet, in no case below the top of the meter, to prevent siphoning of the meter and permit rapid drainage of the pipe or hose.

**UR.1.3. Provision for Testing.** – Acceptable provisions for testing shall be incorporated into all meter systems. Such provisions shall include a two-way valve, or manifold valving, and a pipe or hose installed in the discharge line accessible to the proper positioning of the test measure.

**UR.2. Accessibility of Customer Indication.** – An unobstructed standing space of at least 76 cm (30 in) wide, 91 cm (36 in) deep, and 198 cm (78 in) high shall be maintained in front of an indication intended for use by the customer to allow for reading the indicator. The customer indication shall be readily observable to a person located within the standing space without necessity of a separate tool or device.

(Added 2008)