

# Face Quality and Analysis Challenge

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# Face Quality

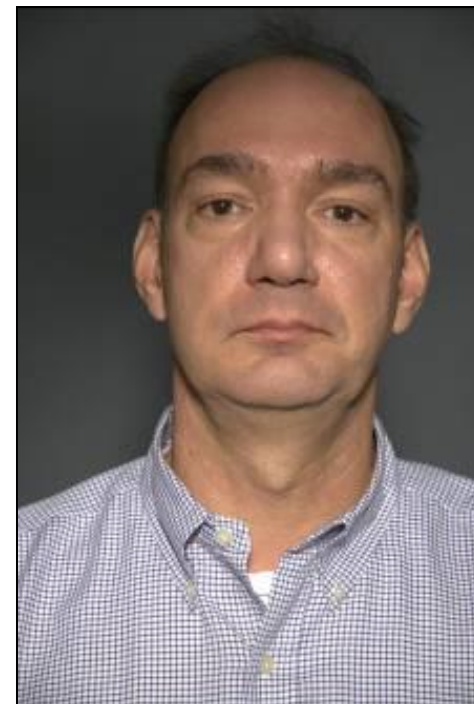


Low Quality

# Face Quality



Low Quality



High Quality

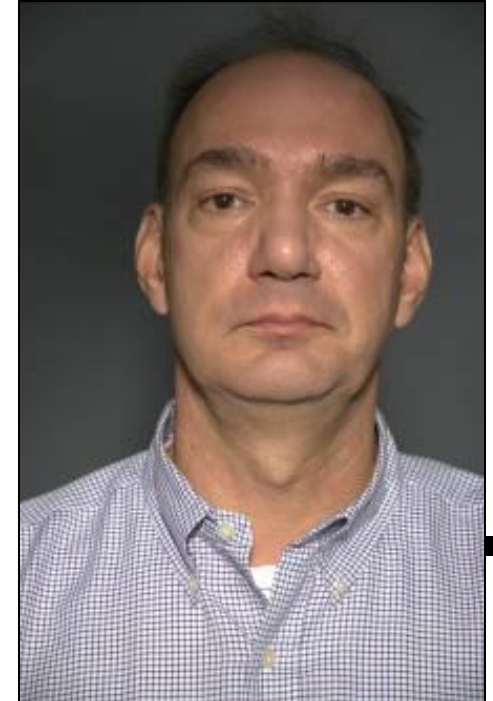
# Face Quality



Low Quality



Medium  
Quality



High  
Quality

*How do we quantify this level?*

# The Good, the Bad, and the Ugly

- Encourage development of “hard” still frontal face recognition algorithms
- Three performance levels
  - Good
  - Bad
  - Ugly
- Nikon D70-6 Mpixels (SLR)

# Good, Bad, and Ugly Face Pairs

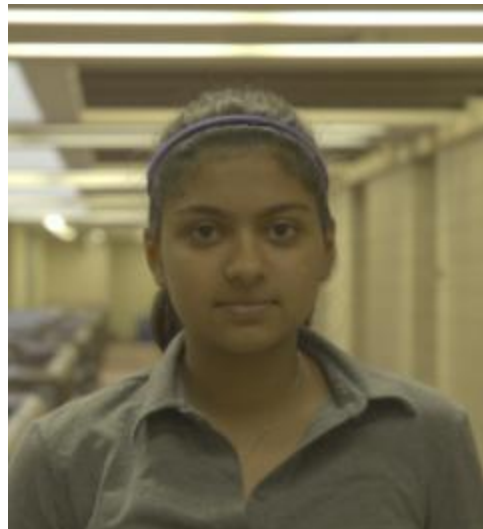
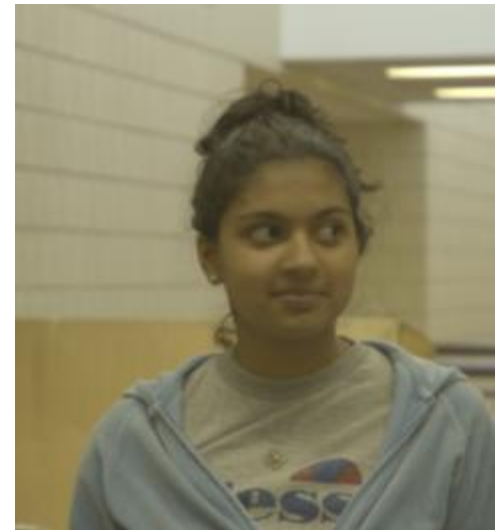


*Good*

*Challenging*

*Very Challenging*

# Good, Bad, and Ugly Face Pairs

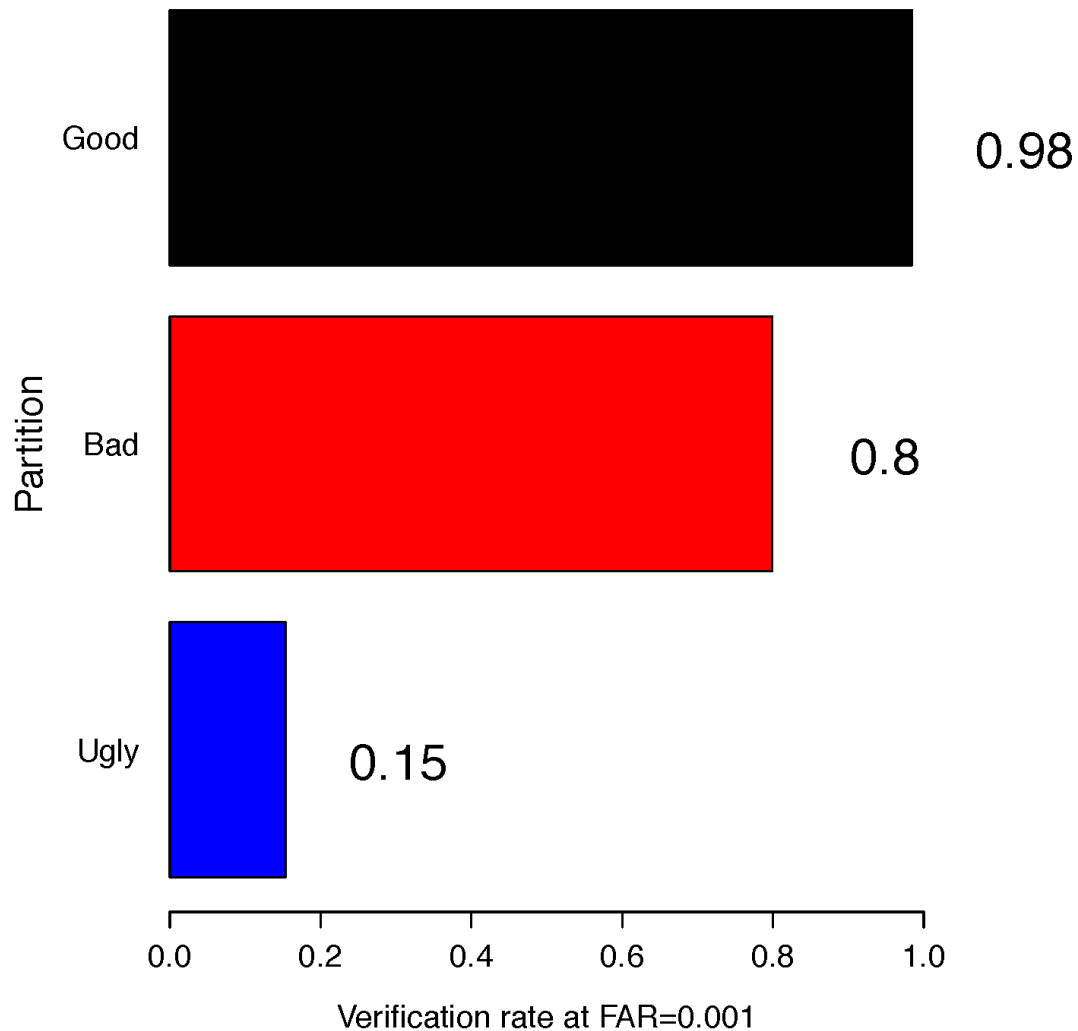


*Good*

*Challenging*

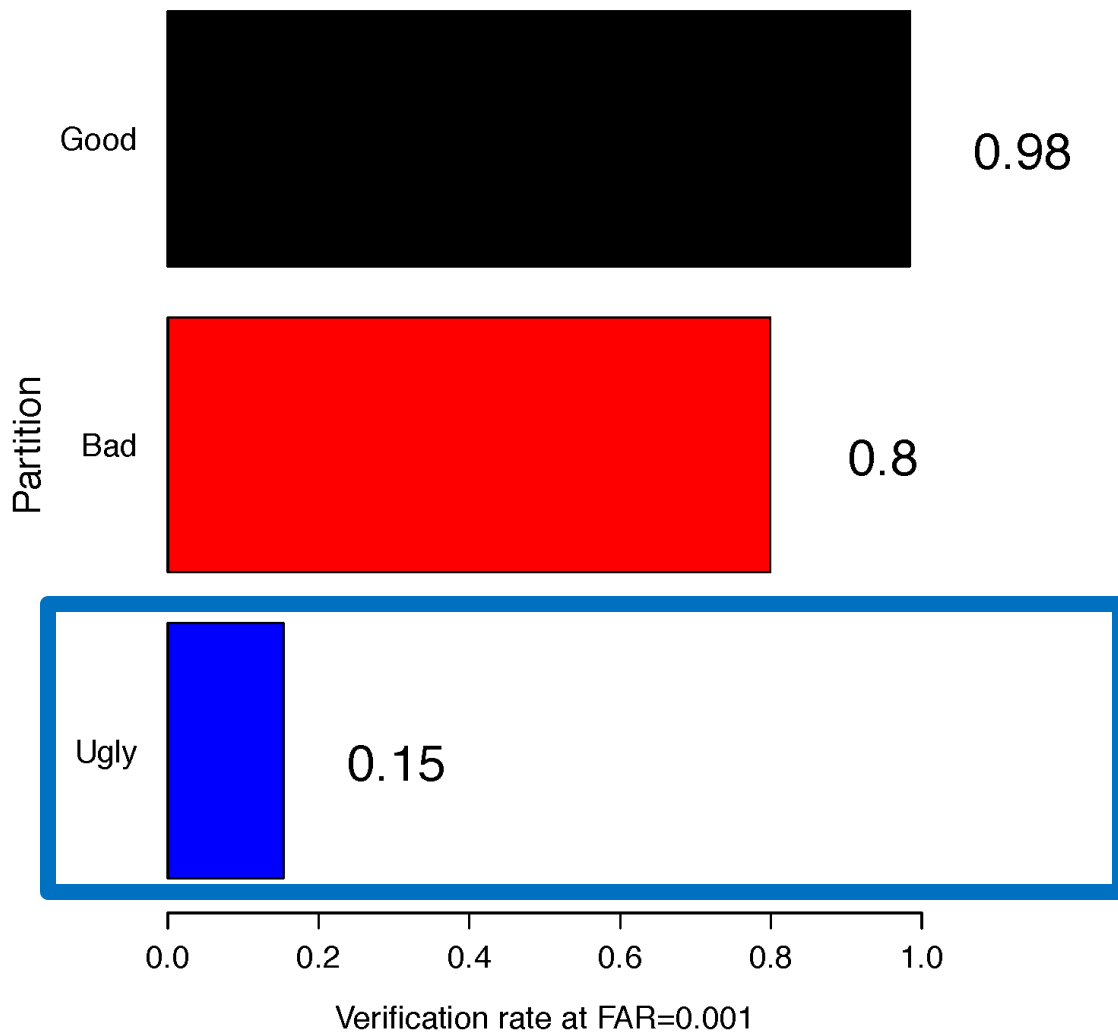
*Very Challenging*

# Good, Bad, Ugly Performance

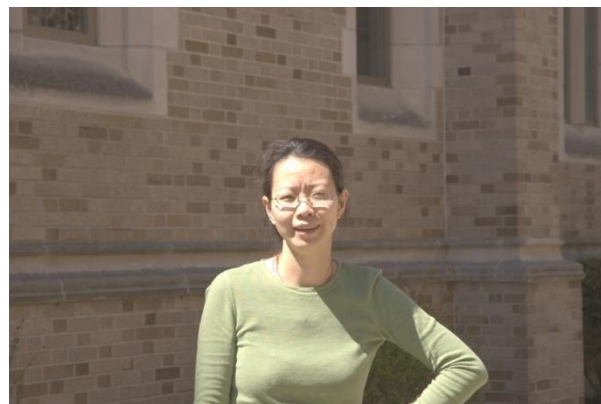




# Goal: Separate out Ugly Images



# Why is this Hard?

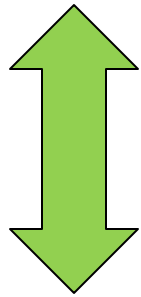
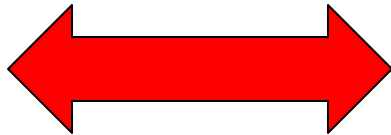


*What is the Quality of these images?*

# Quality Comes in Pairs

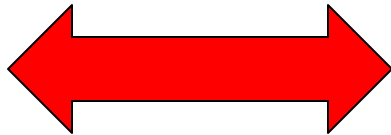
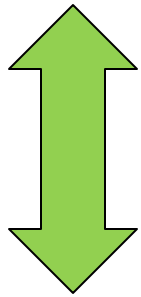


*Hard to Match*



*Easy to Match*

*Easy to Match*



*Hard to Match*



# Covariate Meta-Analysis

## *Motivation:*

*Make sense of ...*

*Old people are easier to recognize*

*Women are harder to recognize*

*Caucasians are hard to recognize*

*Don't let people smile*

*waste*

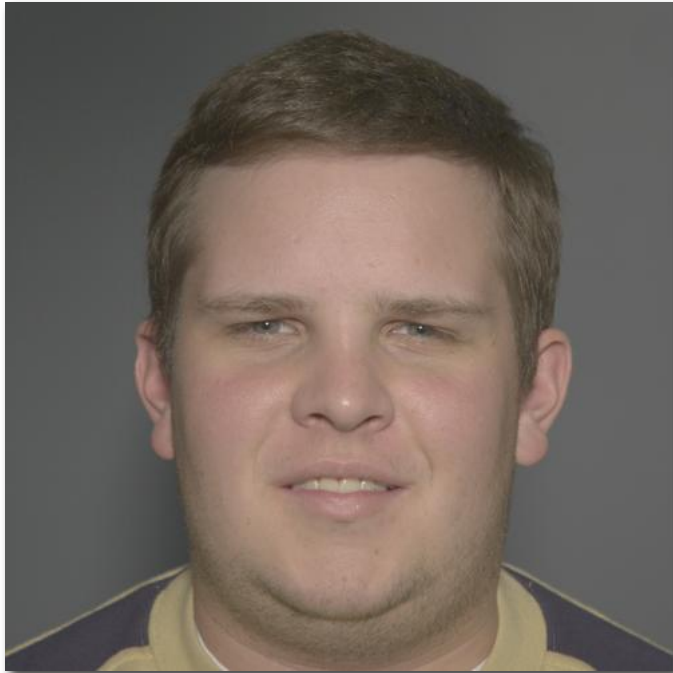
*Same year is as good as same week*

"A Meta-Analysis of Face Recognition Covariates," Y. Man Lui, D. Bolme, B. A. Draper, J. R. Beveridge, G. Givens, P. J. Phillips, In Proceedings, *Third IEEE International Conference on Biometrics: Theory, Applications, and Systems*, 2009.

# What is a Meta-Analysis

- Covariate = Characterize Performance
  - Gender
  - Age
  - Expression
  - Quality Metric
- Analyzes performance results from multiple studies.
- Robust to changes in:
  - Data set
  - Algorithms
  - Environment / image conditions
  - Demographics
  - Sensors

***Who is easier to recognize?***



*Young*

...

***Older people are easier to recognize***

# Resolution



*Best resolution varies over time.*

# Expression



*Neutral to Neutral*



*Smiling to Smiling*



*Smiling to Neutral*



*Neutral to Smiling*

*Have a consistent expression.*



# Summary of Findings

## **AGE:**

*Older people are easier to recognize.  
(9 Studies)*



## **TIME BETWEEN IMAGES:**

*Recognition degrades with time  
between images. (8 Studies)*



## **GENDER:**

*Murky outcome, modest and  
depends upon study, algorithm,  
setting, etc. (8 Studies)*



## **RESOLUTION:**

*Older algorithms don't care. Newer  
algorithms like more pixels. (10  
Studies)*



## **EXPRESSION:**

*Same expression better,  
Otherwise smile/neutral same. (4  
Studies)*



## **RACE:**

*East Asians easier, BUT, this may be  
because fewer East Asians in data  
sets. (6 Studies)*



## **QUALITY MEASURES:**

*Currently no replicated results*

# Face Quality Analysis Challenge



Low Quality

**Strategy One:**  
*Clearly tagging low quality images*



Medium Quality

**Strategy Two:**  
*Characterizing "medium" quality images*

# Proposed NIST Face Activities

**FACE RECOGNITION**

**VENDOR TEST**

2  
0  
1  
2

- **Face Quality Analysis Challenge**
- **Video Challenge**

**Thank you**