

2000 International Conference on Characterization
and Metrology for ULSI Technology

**Guidelines For Selecting Multi-
Technology Recipes In Multilayer
Filmstack Measurements**

Thaddeus Dziura

Therma-Wave

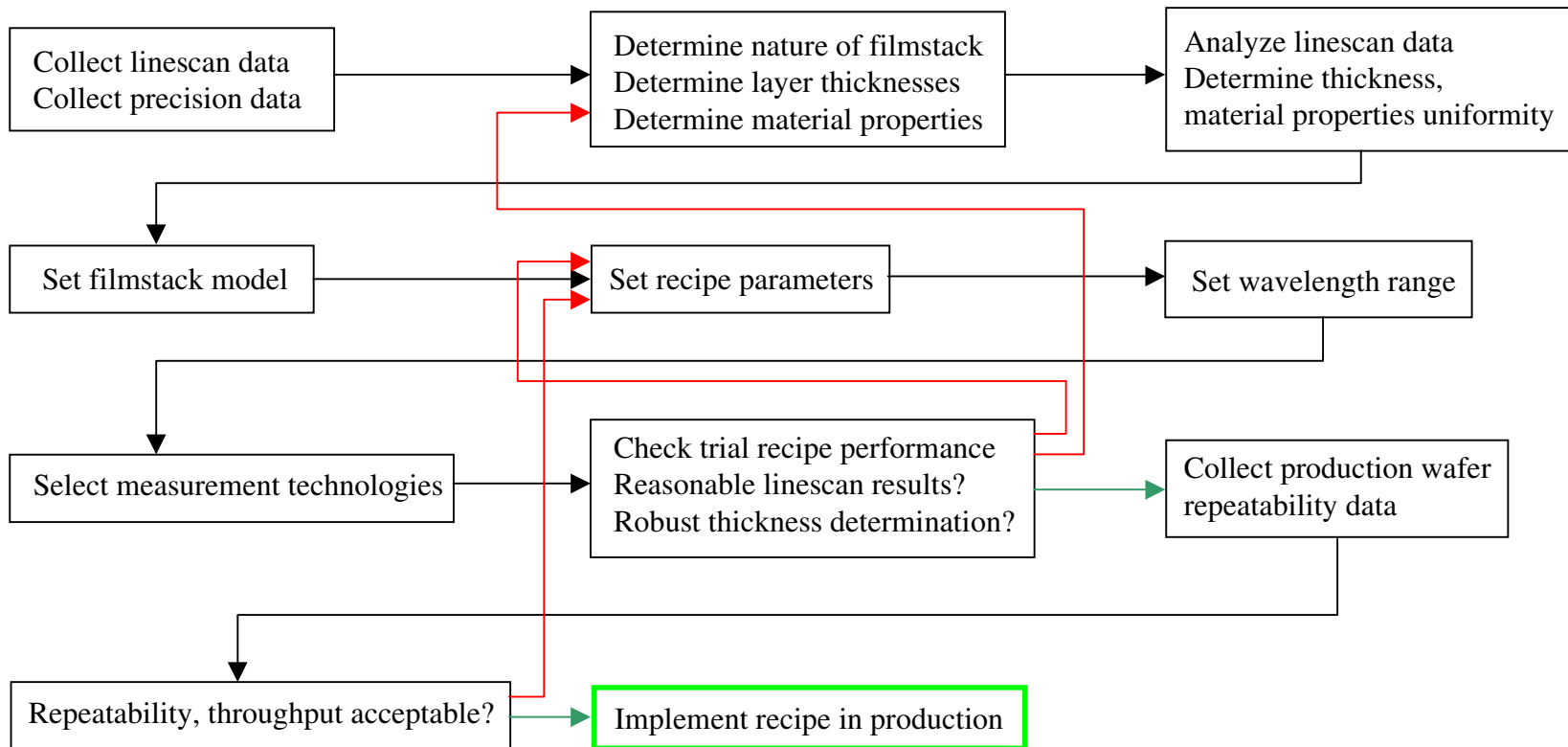
Recipe Development: Background

- recipe development/creation is part of nearly every tool in the fab
- optical film thickness tools
 - optimum parameters to measure
 - optimum technology choice
 - beam profile reflectometry (BPR)
 - normal incidence spectral reflectance (BB)
 - spectroscopic ellipsometry (SE)
 - single wavelength ellipsometry (BPE, AE)
 - multiple angle of incidence single wavelength ellipsometry (MAISWE)
 - variable angle of incidence spectroscopic ellipsometry (VASE)
 - combinations of the above

Recipe Development: Decision Points

- there are several decision points in a typical recipe development project:
 - filmstack model
 - choice of measurement parameters
 - parameter fit ranges
 - choice of measurement technologies and technology weighting
 - wavelength range
 - tradeoff between precision/repeatability/accuracy vs. throughput
 - measure entire stack, or measure substacks
 - when is the result correct?

Recipe Development Flow Chart



Need For Tools And Metrics

- recipe development time pareto
 - determine layer material properties
 - determine layer thicknesses
 - determine correct filmstack and filmstack model
- in general, all the data and evidence must be collected before a recipe can pass final qualification
- filmstacks are becoming increasingly complex
- measurement demands are increasing
- process engineers want a metrology tool that “just works”
- tools for recipe development, and metrics for recipe performance are needed to simplify and speed the recipe development process

Uncertainty and Correlation

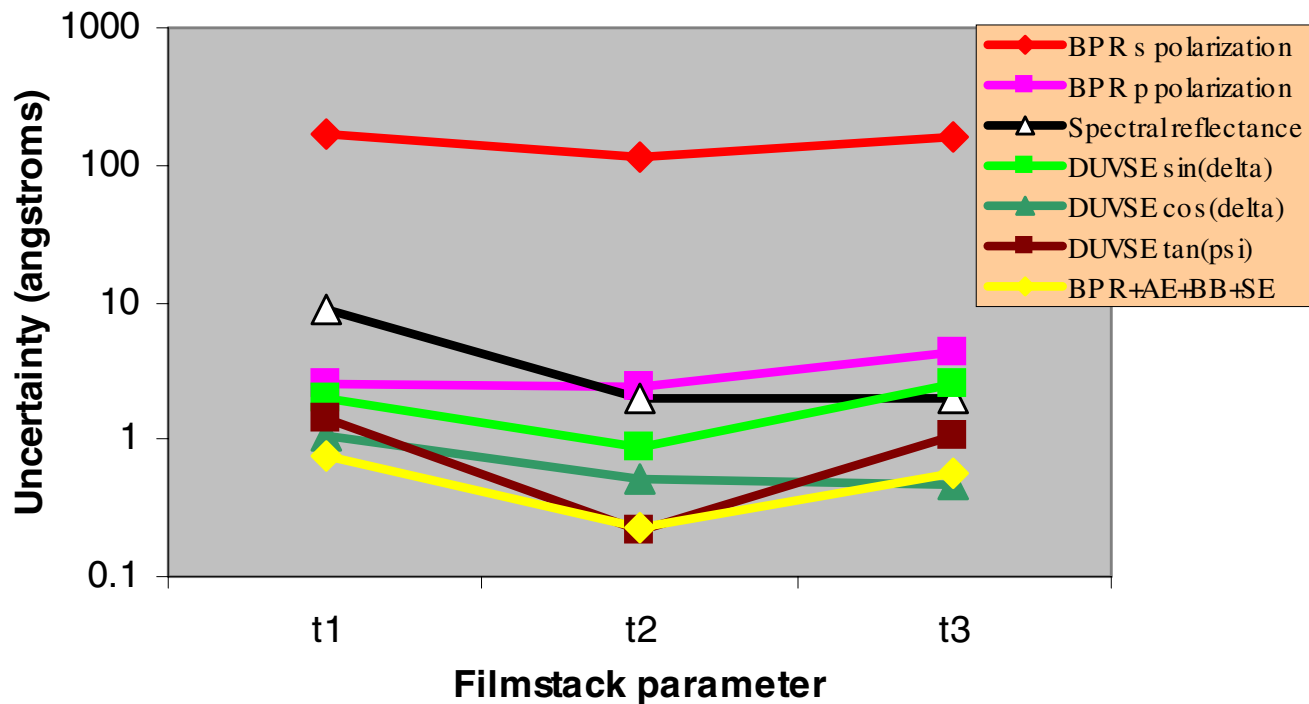
- uncertainty $\delta\mathbf{a}$ is related to the confidence interval for the parameter obtained from the fit
- correlation expresses the degree of parameter dependence, measured through the covariance matrix [C]

$$\Delta\chi^2 = \delta\mathbf{a} \cdot [\alpha] \cdot \delta\mathbf{a} \quad \alpha_{kl} \equiv \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 \chi^2}{\partial a_k \partial a_l}$$

$$[\mathbf{C}] = [\alpha]^{-1}$$

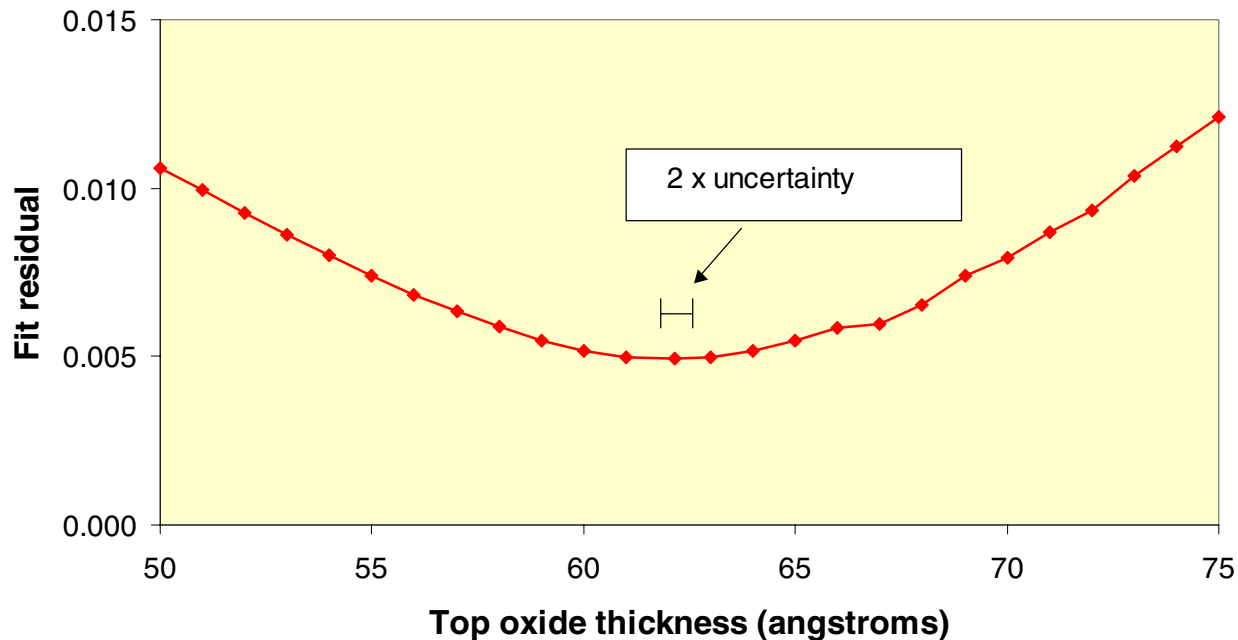
Uncertainty in 3-Thickness ONO Measurement

Calculated from Opti-Probe OP5240 data on an oxide (67 Å)/nitride (77 Å)/oxide (78 Å)/Si filmstack



Uncertainty Sampling Range

- uncertainty samples a small range of the fit error vs. fit parameter
- example: top oxide measurement in ONO stacks

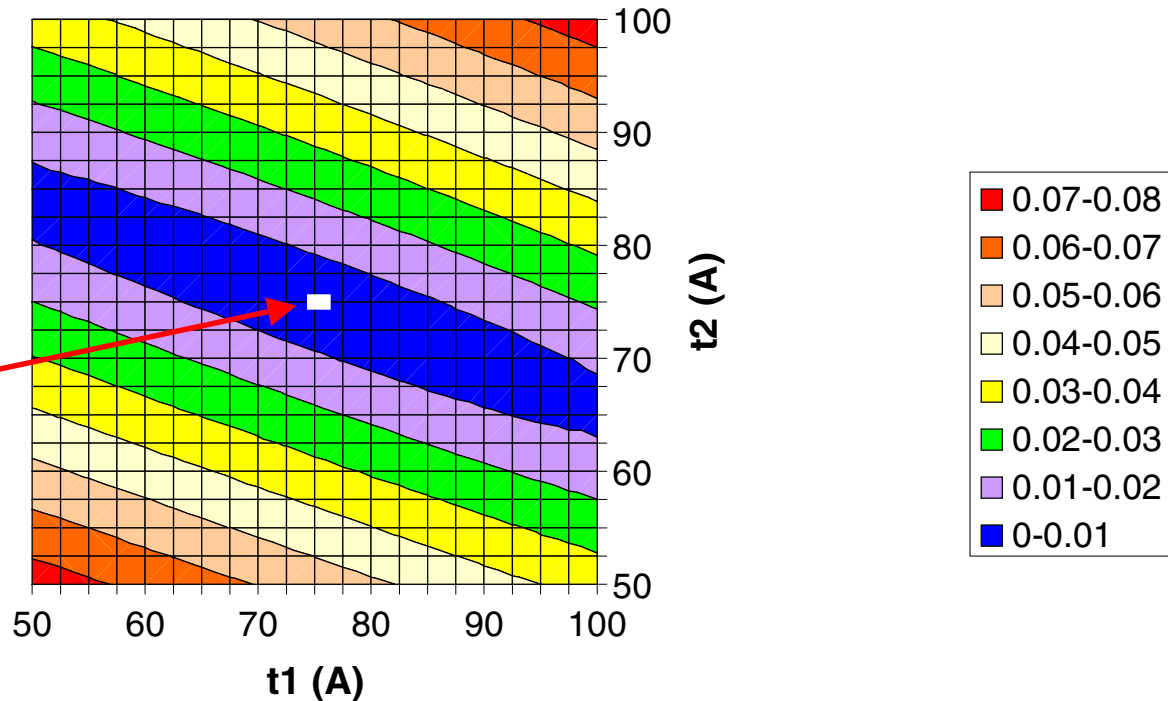


Uncertainty and Parameter Tradeoff

- uncertainty provides little indication of potential parameter tradeoff
- example: nitride and top oxide measurement in ONO stacks

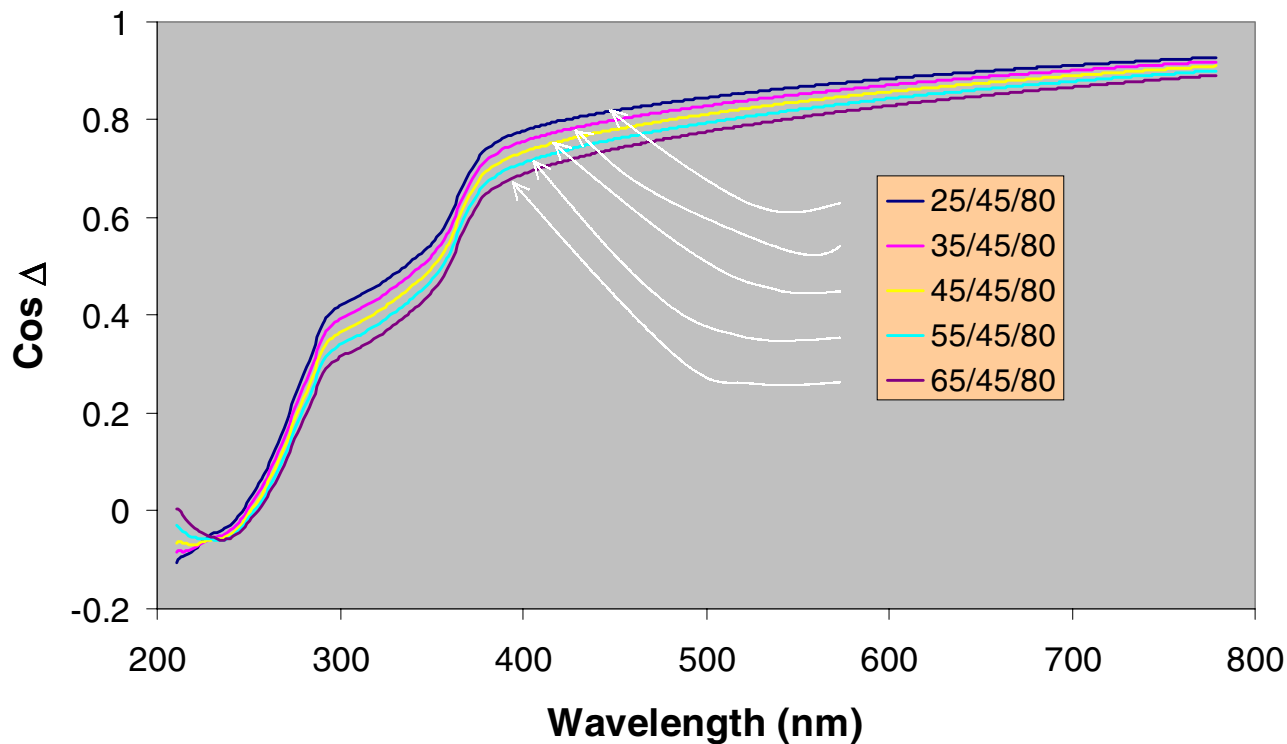
2D fit residual
plot, spectrometer
recipe

2x uncertainty
zone



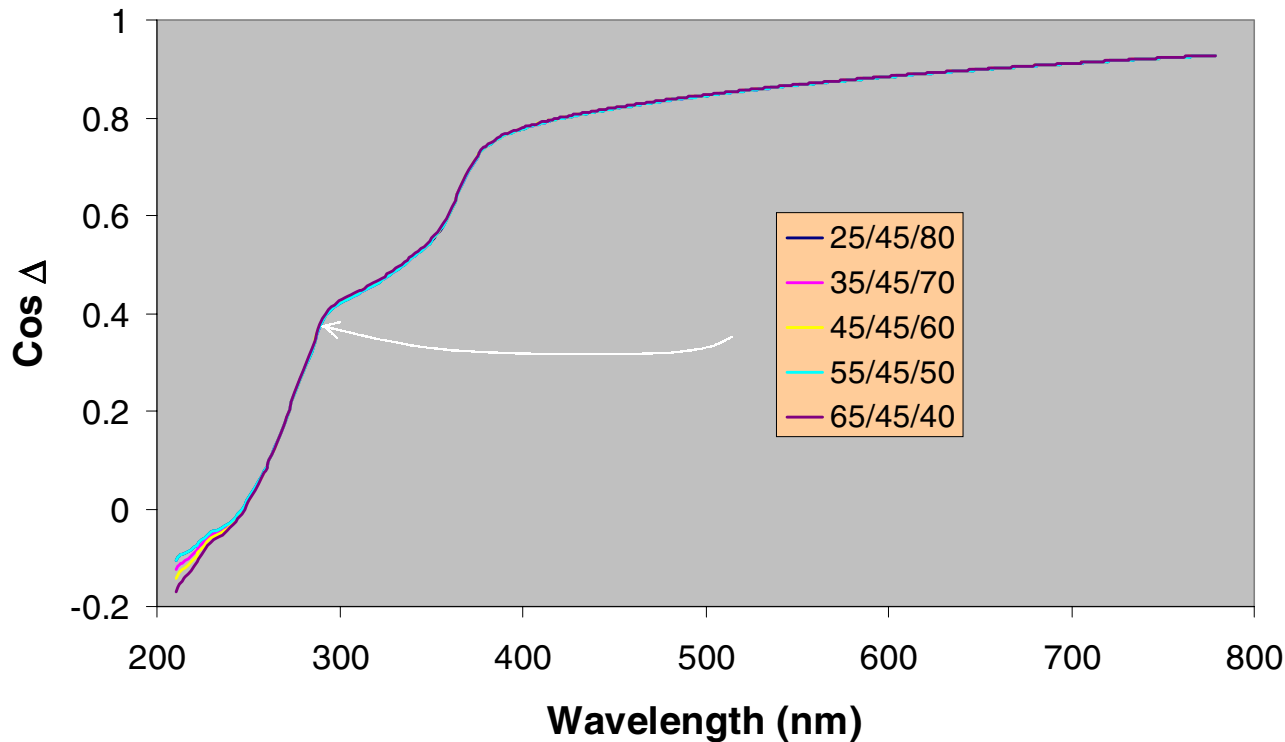
Example: Top Oxide Sensitivity In ONO Measurement

DUVSE $\cos(\Delta)$ simulated data for ONO with various top oxide thickness



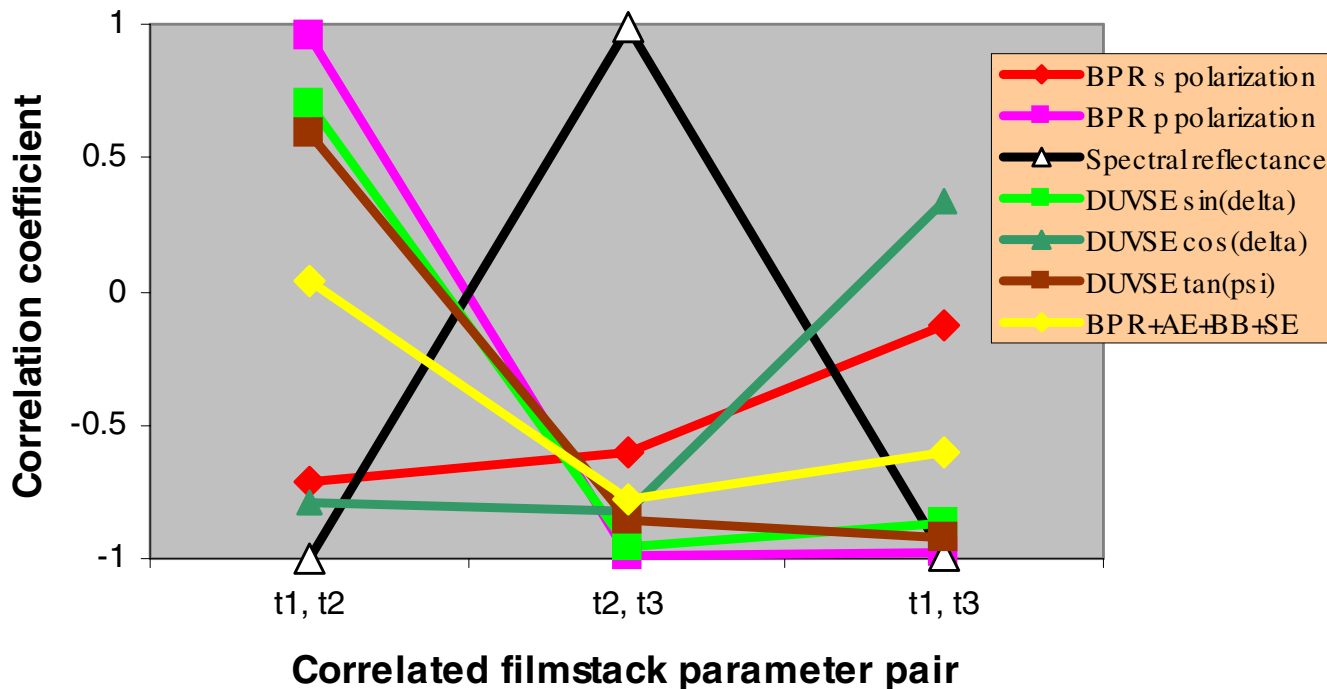
Example: Oxide Thickness Tradeoff in ONO Measurement

DUVSE $\cos(\Delta)$ simulated data for ONO with fixed total thickness, fixed nitride thickness, and varying top oxide – bottom oxide thickness ratio



Correlation Coefficient

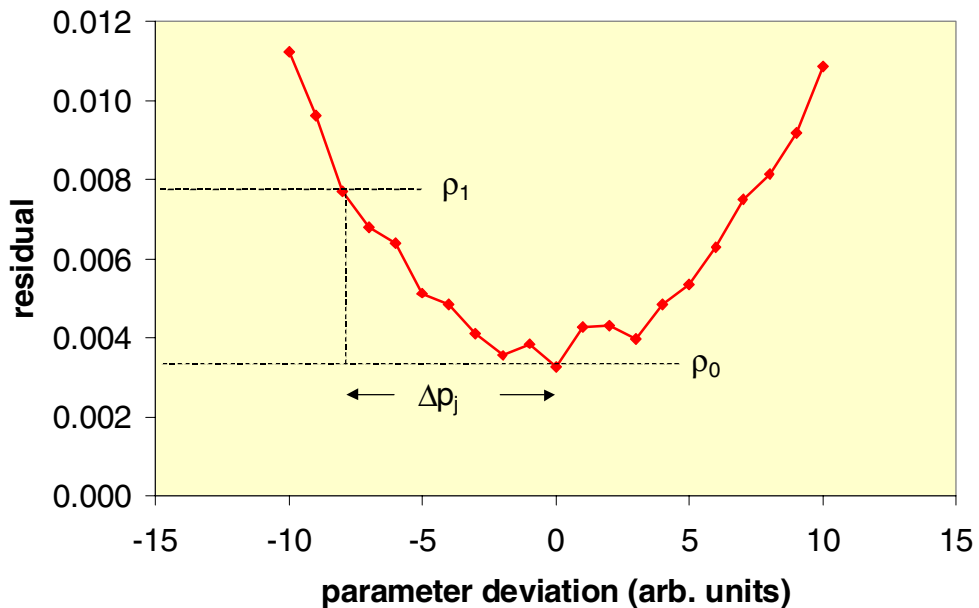
- correlation coefficients provide little information on the utility of individual measurement technologies
- example: 3-thickness ONO recipe, fit to individual technologies



Multiparameter Information Content

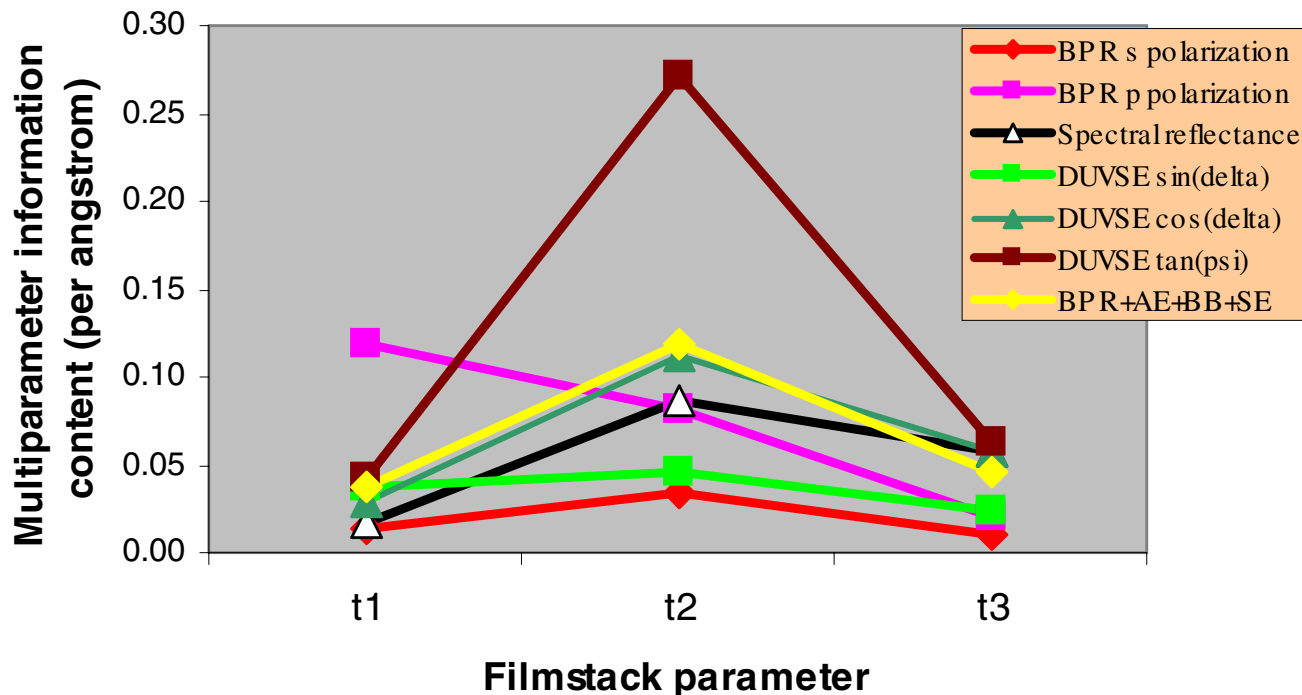
$$C_{ij} = \frac{\rho_{i1} / \rho_{i0}}{|p_{j1} - p_{j0}|}$$

- intrinsic information in measurement i for determining parameter j
- use only measurement i in the recipe
- force parameter j to incorrect value (usu. double the minimum residual)
- allow other parameters to take on any value

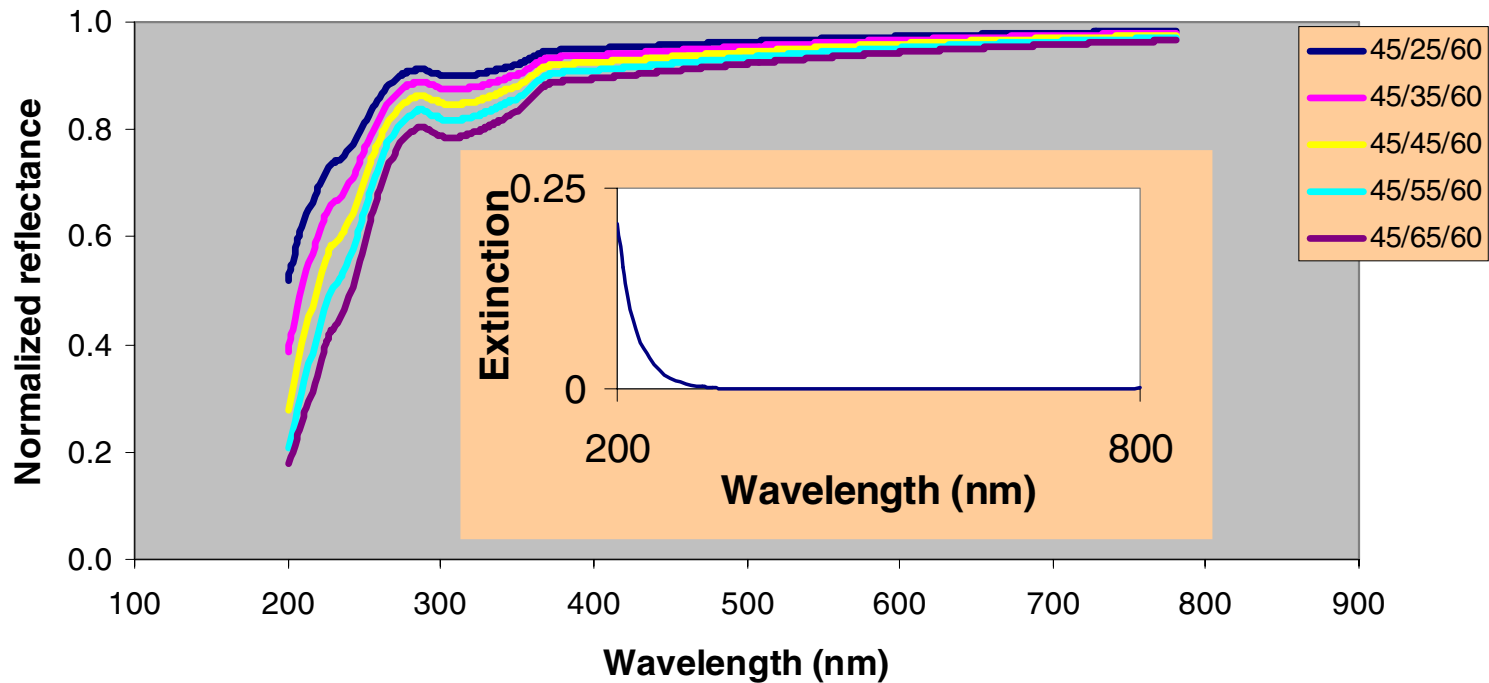


Ultrathin ONO Thickness Information

Information content measured from Opti-Probe OP5240 data on an oxide (67 Å)/nitride (77 Å)/oxide (78 Å)/Si filmstack

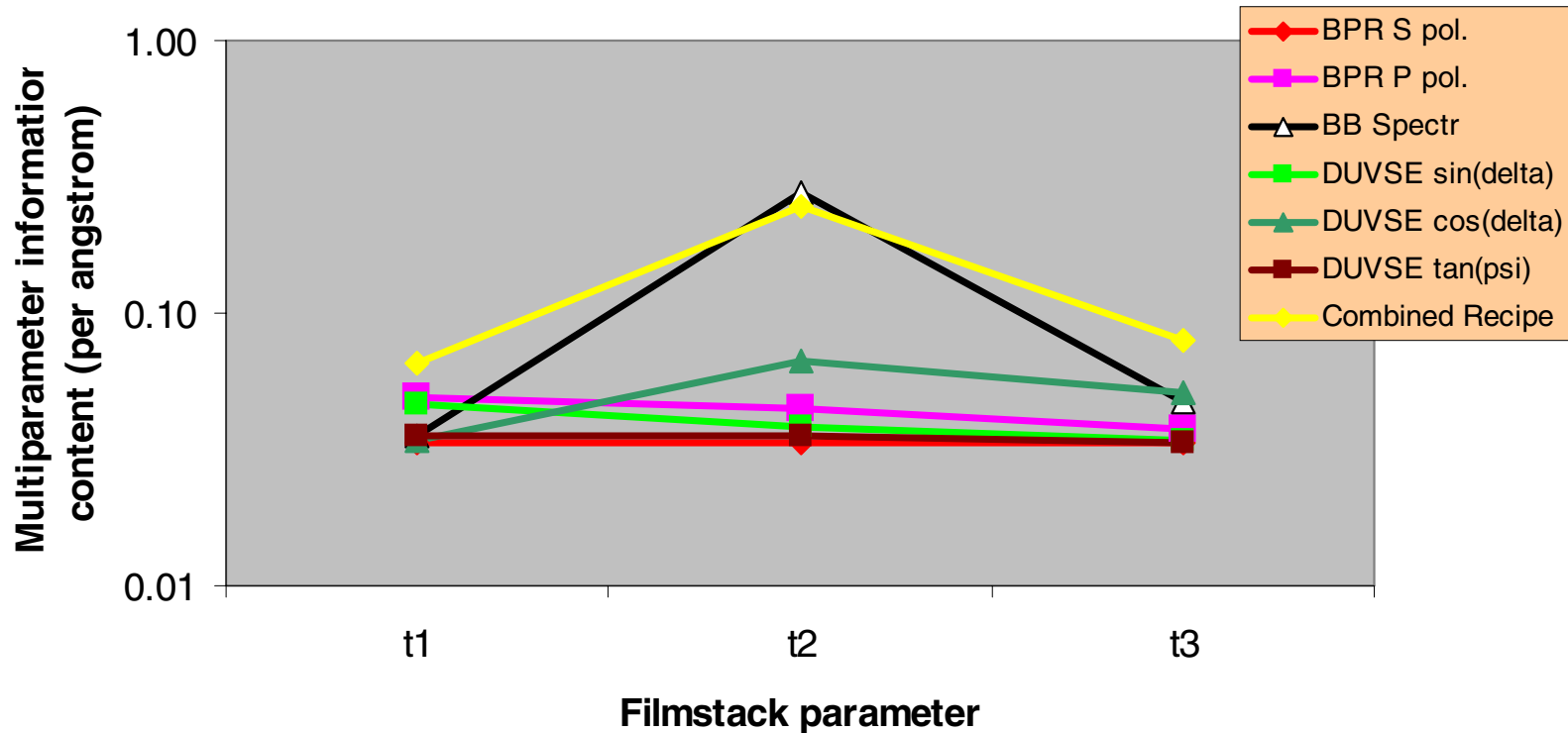


Spectrometer Sensitivity To Nitride Thickness Change



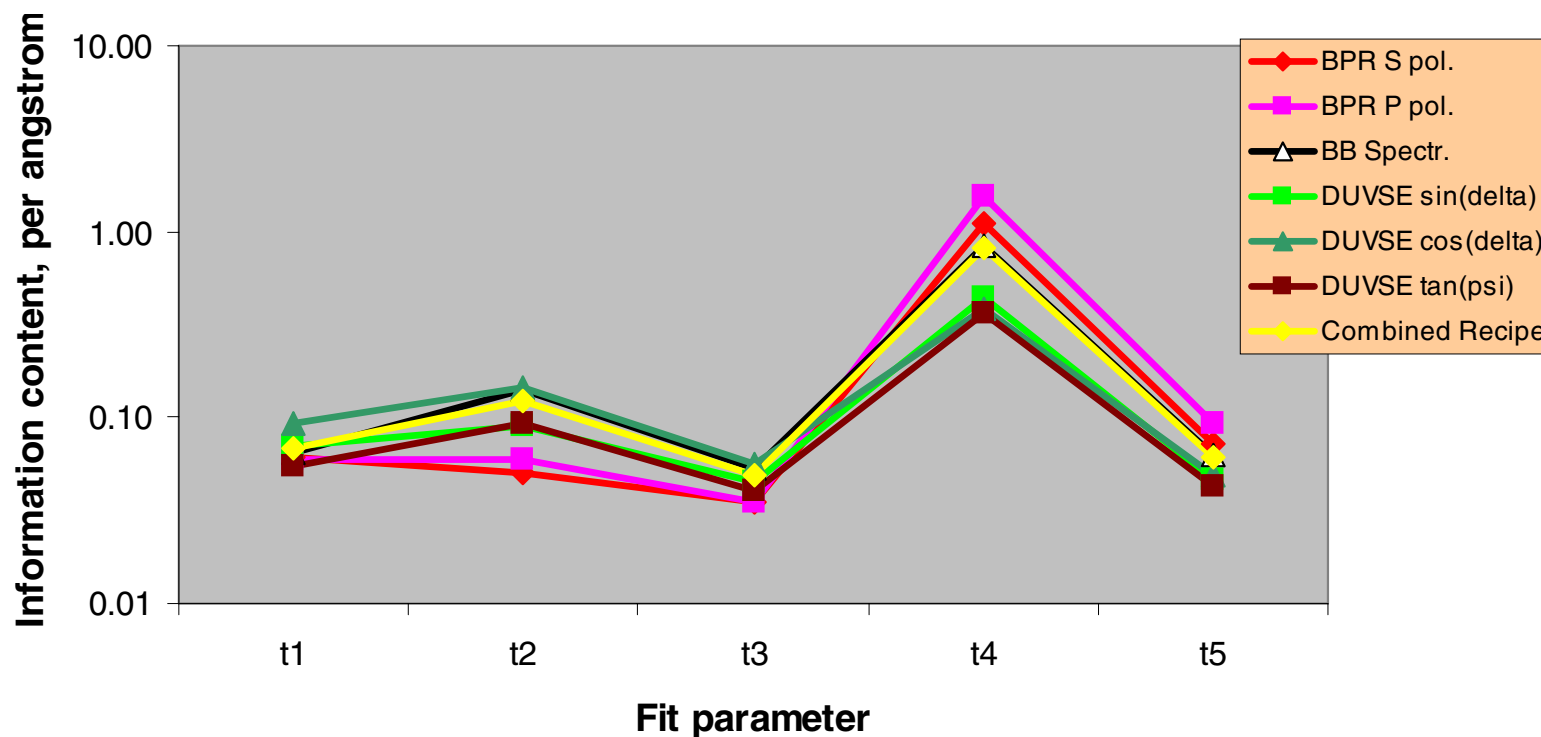
Ultrathin ONO Thickness Information

From simulated data on a 150 Å-thick ONO/Si stack



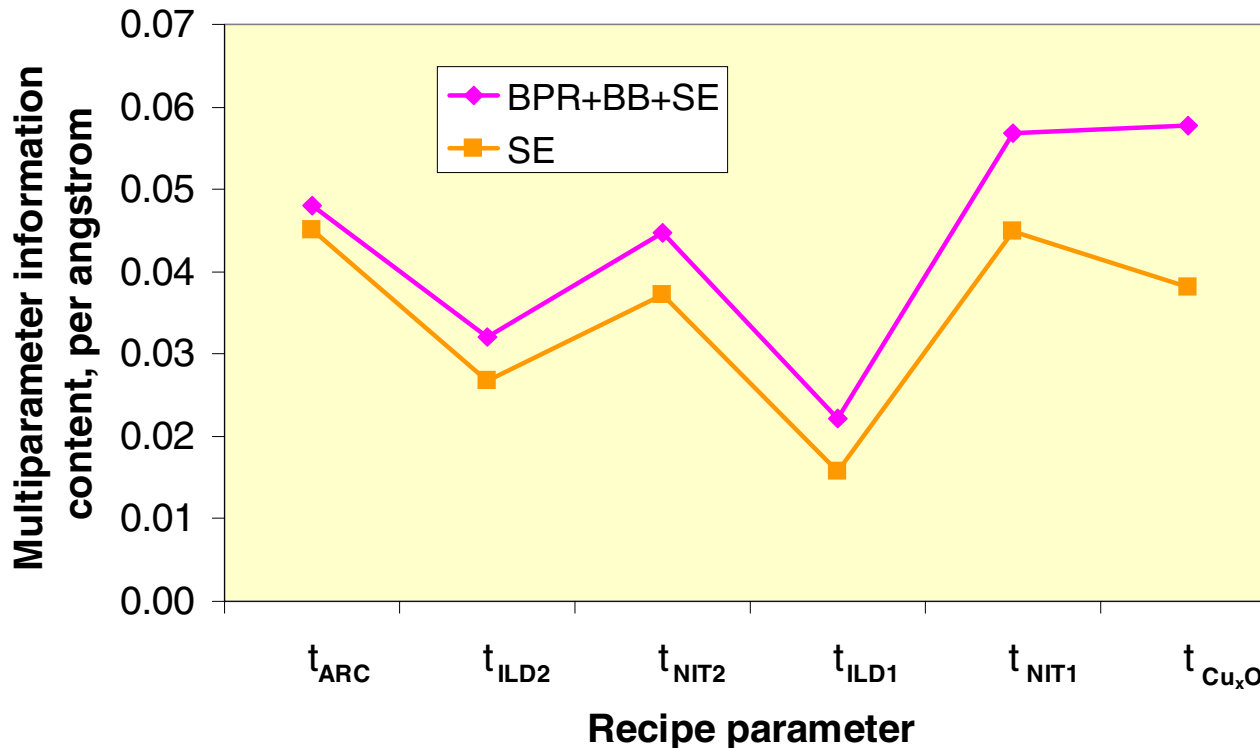
5-Thickness ONOPO Information

From simulated data on a 45/45/60/2500/100 stack, also measuring poly k



Dual Damascene Copper Thickness Information

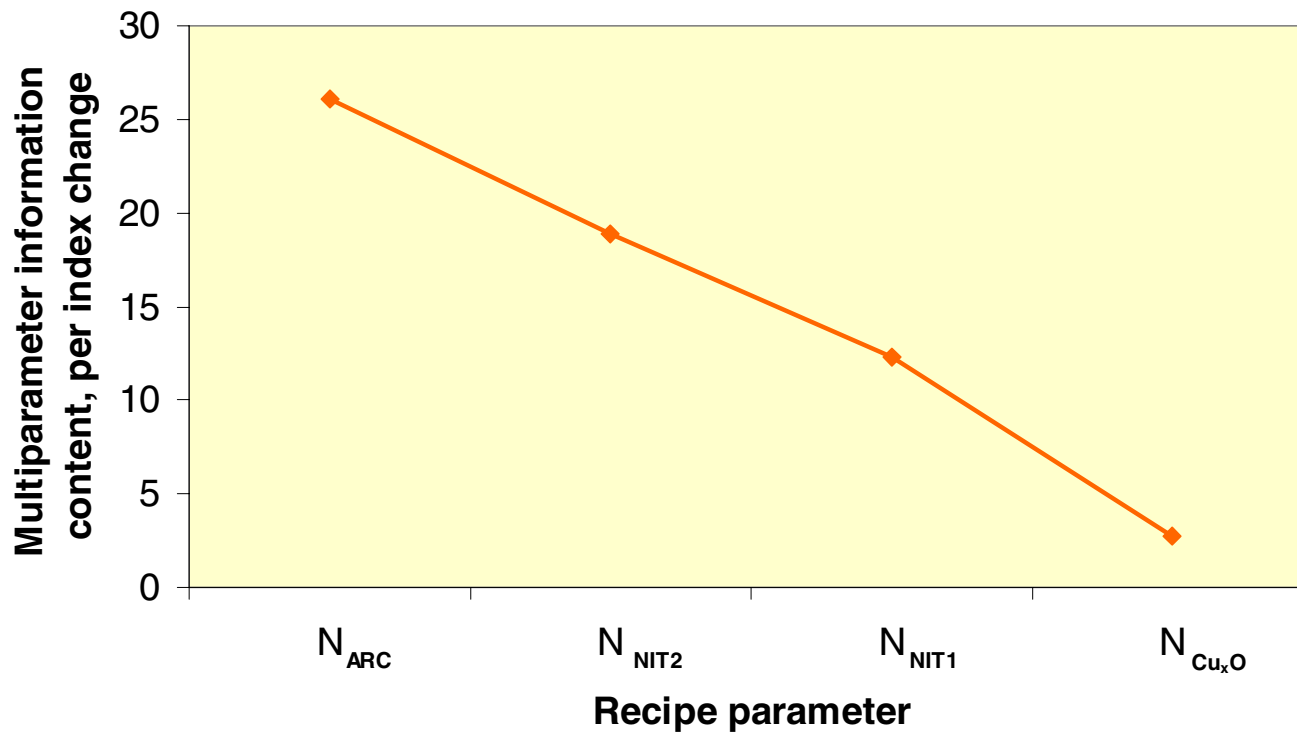
SR-SiON (500)/oxide (5000)/SRN (500)/oxide (5000)/SRN (500)/CuO (50)/Cu



Simulated recipe

Dual Damascene Copper Composition Information

SR-SiON (500)/oxide (5000)/SRN (500)/oxide (5000)/SRN (500)/CuO (50)/Cu



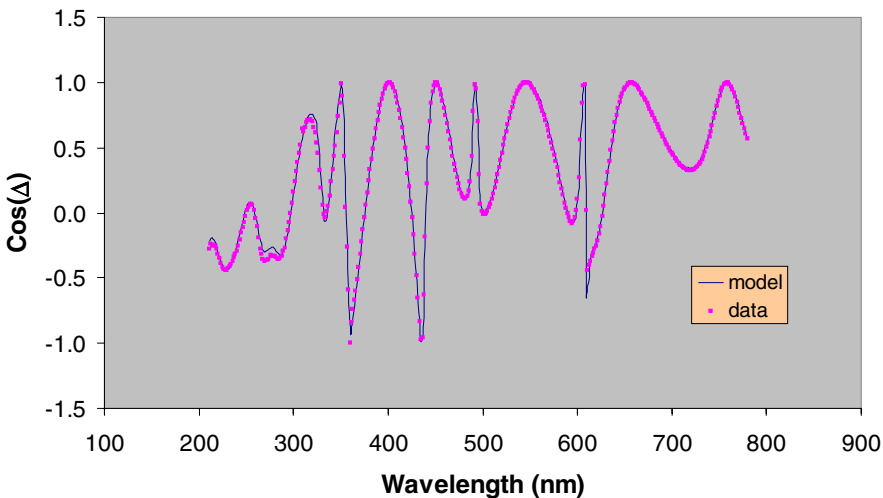
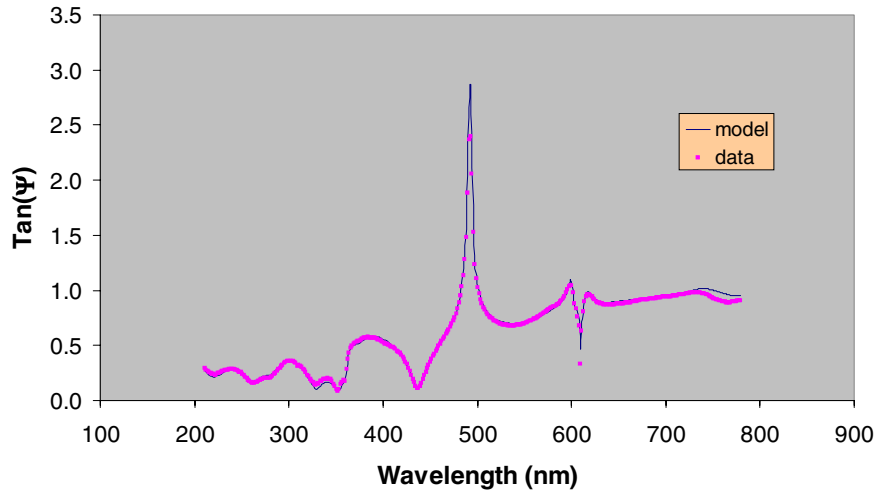
Simulated DUVSE recipe

Damascene Composition

Information: Dispersion Test

- consider a 6-layer-thickness + 1-material-dispersion recipe (DUVSE only recipe as an example)
- determine best fit solution
- alter dispersion parameters of layer of choice
- start with different nominal values of layer thicknesses (generated randomly in range +/- 20% from t_{best}): mimics actual situation in which the true thicknesses are unknown and may not be equal to the expected thicknesses
- fit thicknesses, material dispersion; thickness ranges: +/- 20% of expected thicknesses
- compare results from multiple trials

Damascene Dispersion Test: Fit to DUVSE Data



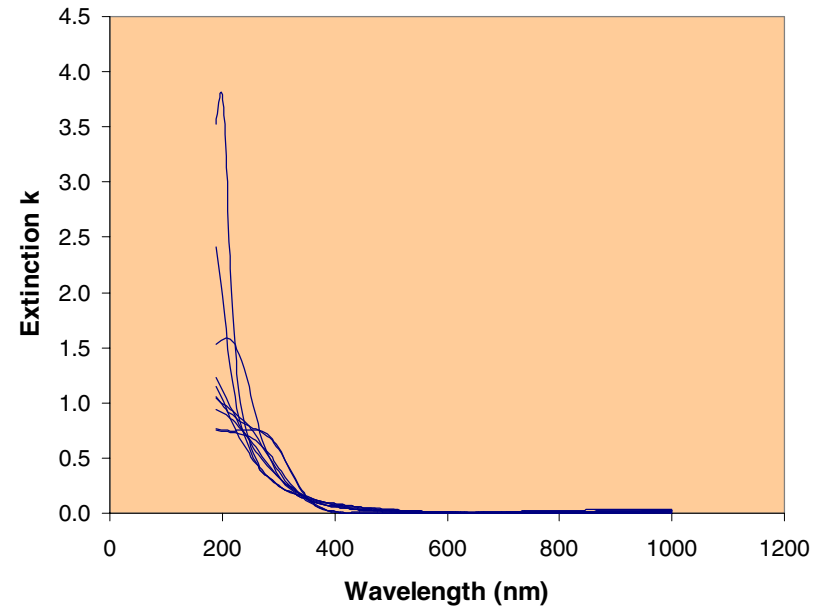
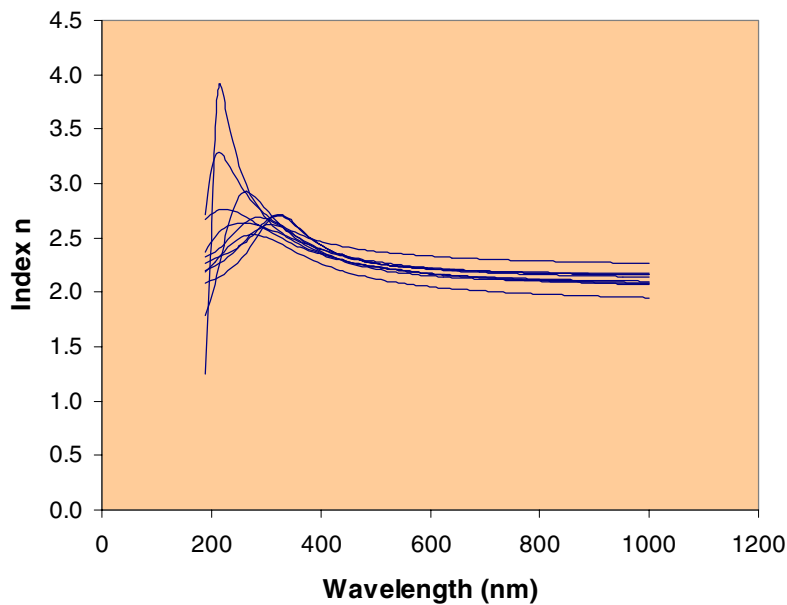
Opti-Probe OP5240 data and model fit for a

Si-rich SiON
Oxide
Si-rich nitride
Oxide
Si-rich nitride
CuO
Cu

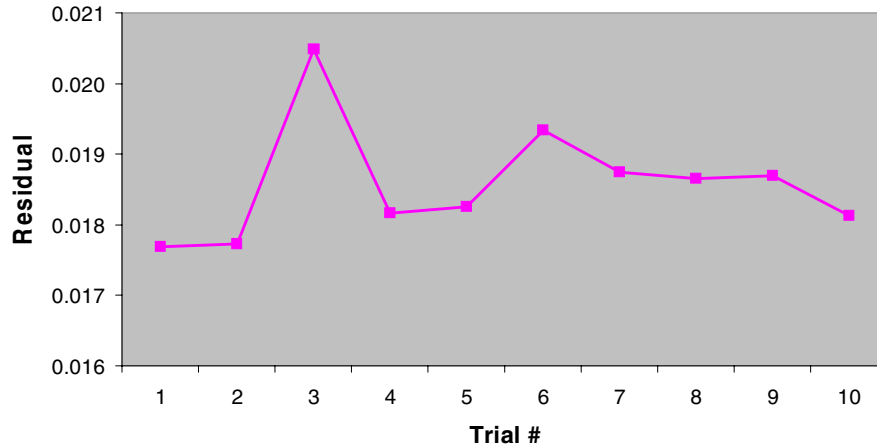
sample

Barrier Nitride Composition Measurement

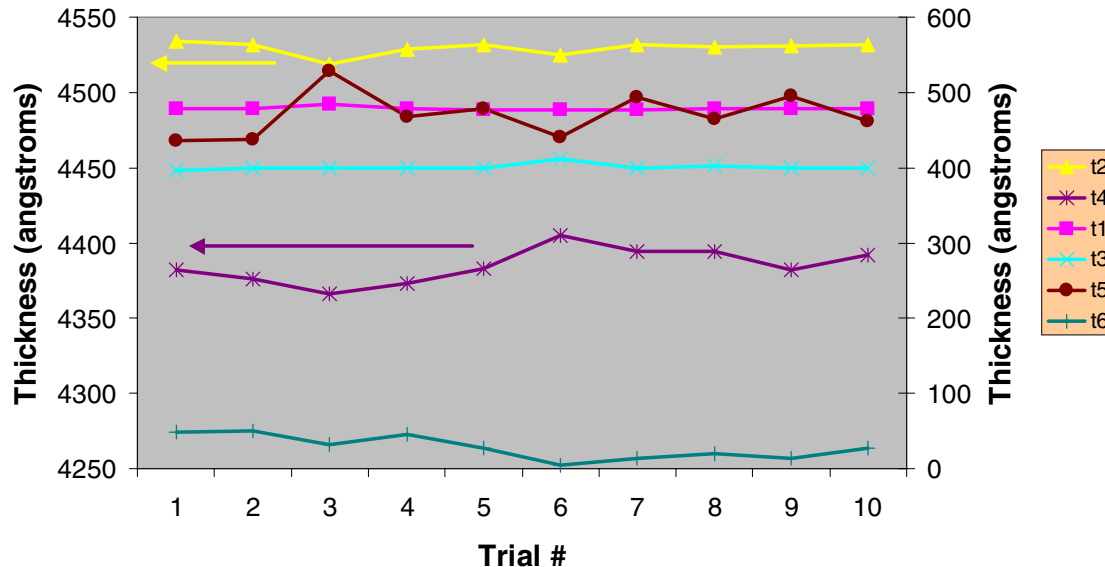
10 repeated trials, measuring 6 thicknesses and NIT1 dispersion for a DUVSE recipe for a Si-rich SiON/oxide/Si-rich nitride/oxide/Si-rich nitride/CuO/Cu stack



Barrier Nitride Composition Measurement

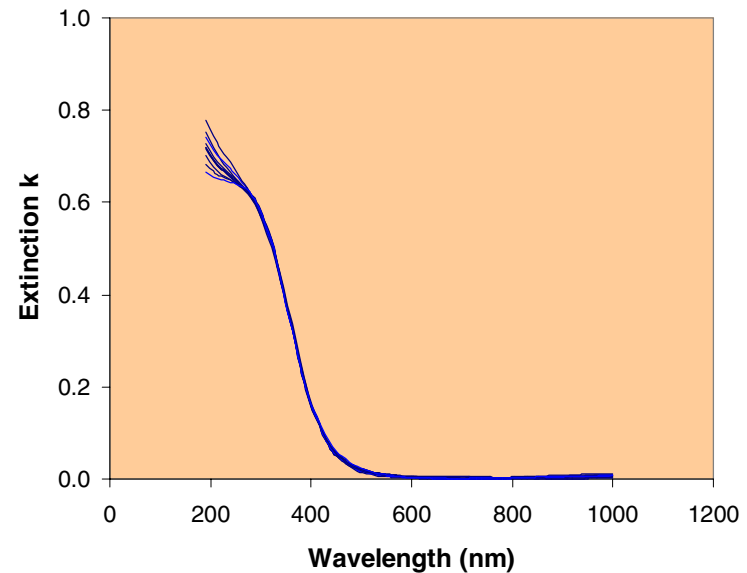
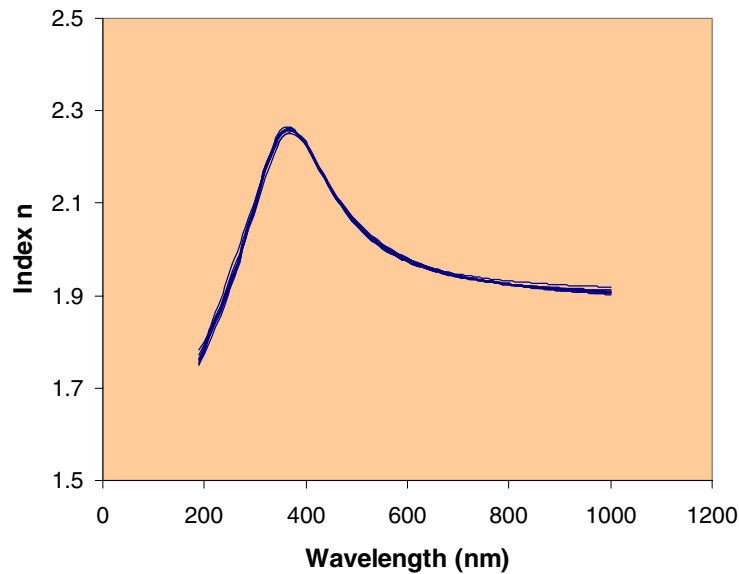


10 repeated trials, measuring 6 thicknesses and NIT1 dispersion for a DUVSE recipe for a Si-rich SiON/oxide/Si-rich nitride/oxide/Si-rich nitride/CuO/Cu stack

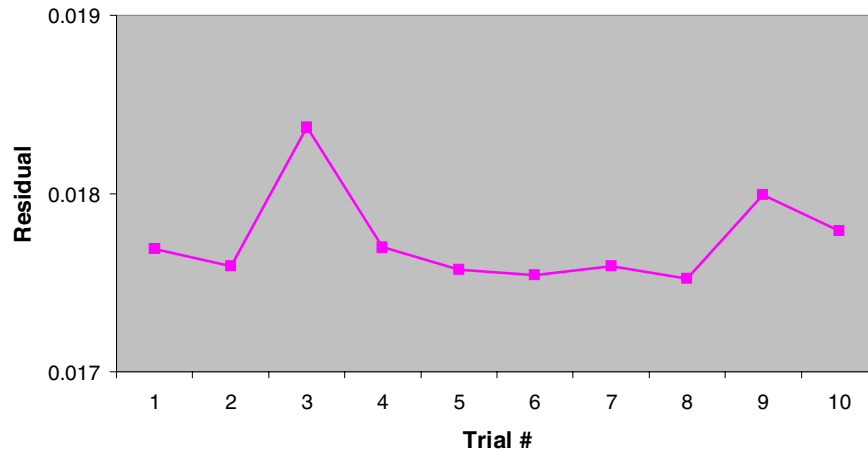


SiON ARC Composition Measurement

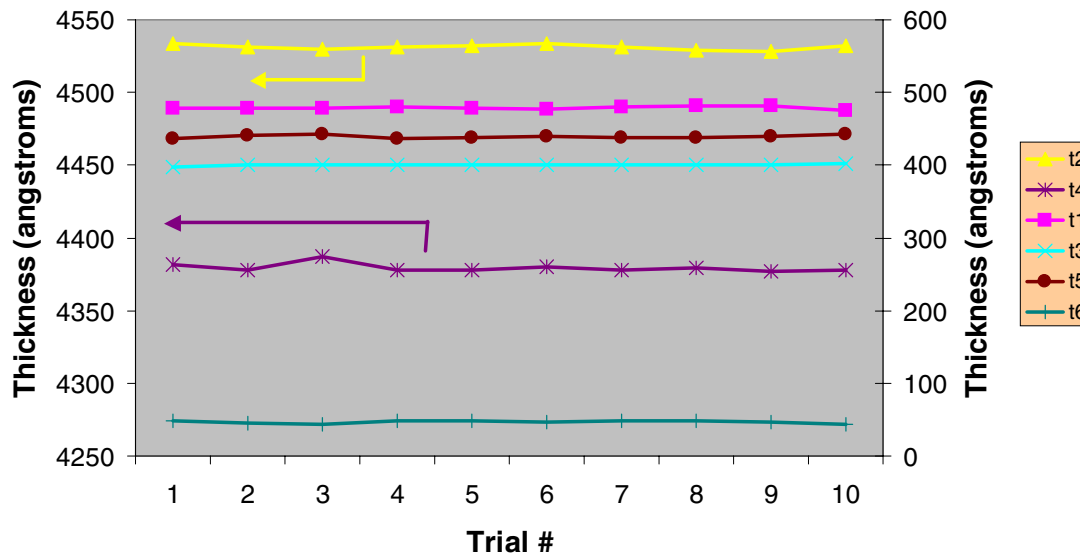
10 repeated trials, measuring 6 thicknesses and SiON dispersion for a DUVSE recipe for a Si-rich SiON/oxide/Si-rich nitride/oxide/Si-rich nitride/CuO/Cu stack



SiON ARC Composition Measurement



10 repeated trials, measuring 6 thicknesses and SiON dispersion for a DUVSE recipe for a Si-rich SiON/oxide/Si-rich nitride/oxide/Si-rich nitride/CuO/Cu stack

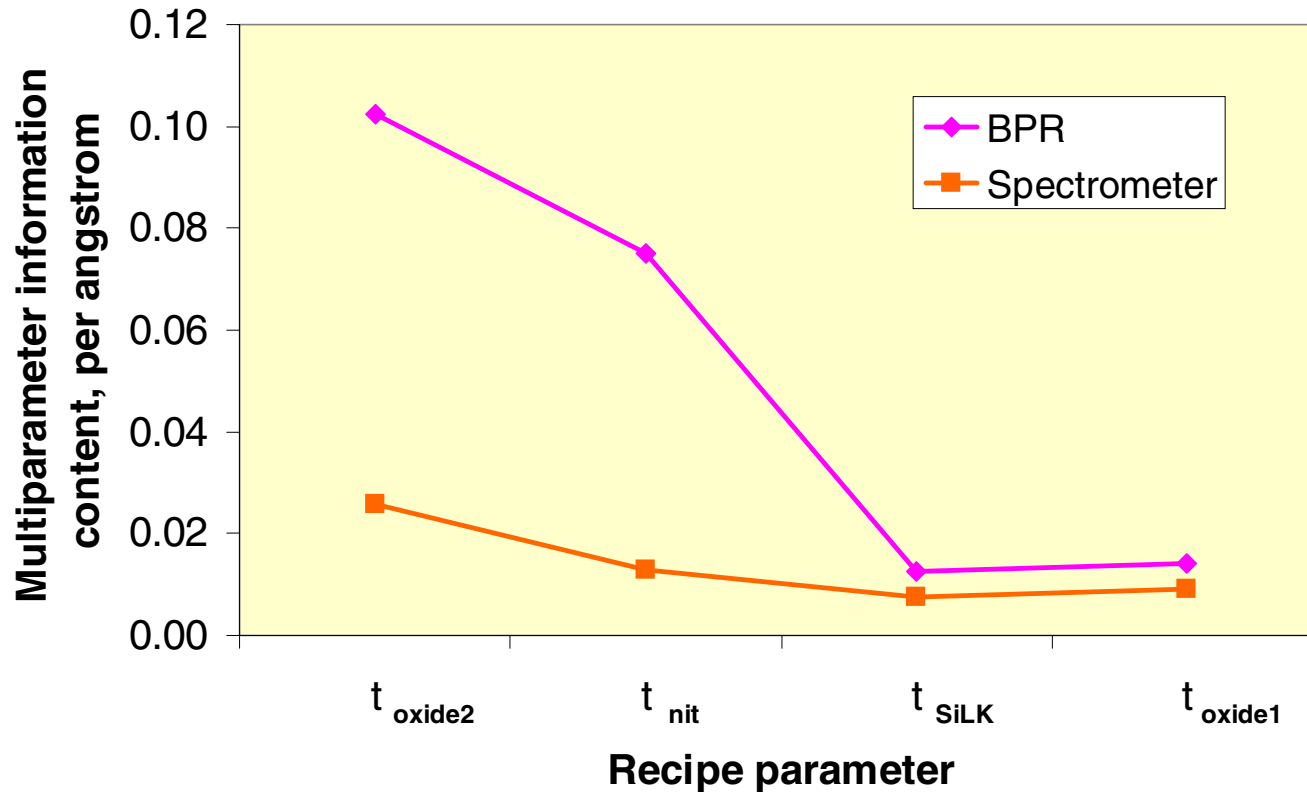


Uncertainty For Composition Measurement

Parameter	NIT1	SION
t_1	1.91	2.28
t_2	3.23	3.21
t_3	3.19	3.65
t_4	6.31	4.67
t_5	6.17	1.83
t_6	3.66	1.46
residual	0.01875	0.01808

Low-k Stack Information Content

oxide (870)/SRN (475)/SiLK (4180)/oxide (8500)/Si stack



From Opti-Probe OP5240 data

Summary

- proposed a new, simple metric for determining the information in a given optical measurement for determining a given filmstack parameter
- samples the fit residual (error) over a wider range
- accounts for potential parameter tradeoff
- measures the intrinsic measurement performance under stringent conditions
- combines the estimates of performance from uncertainty, correlation calculations
- can examine ONO measurement performance as a function of total stack thickness, for various recipes
- revealed ability to measure layer thickness and material composition in dual damascene copper and low-k stacks