

# Improving and Applying the Phase Segmentation of X-ray and Neutron Tomography

By: Cathy Yung

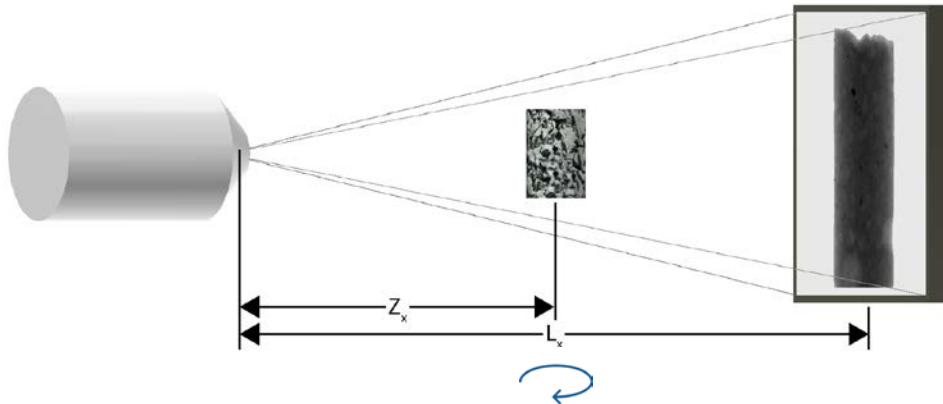
Mentored by Jacob LaManna, PhD

# What is Tomography?

- The cross-sectional imaging of an object from many different directions/angles
- Used in medical field



Computerized Tomography (CT) scan

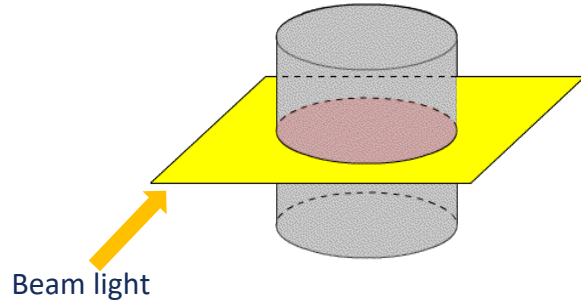


Beam shoots light at rotating sample at the NCNR

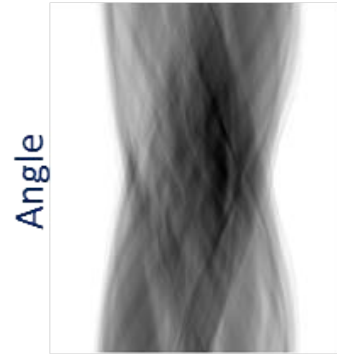


# Tomographic Imaging

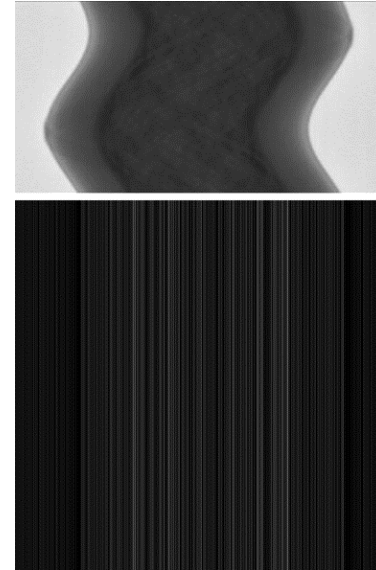
→ Reconstructing an image from its projections



Cross sections



Sinogram



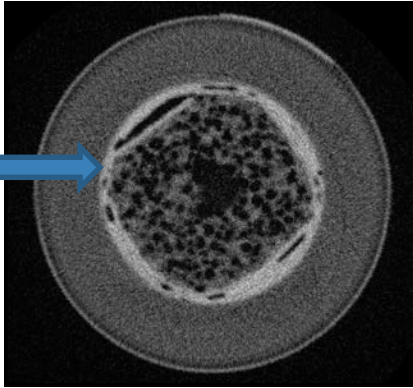
Reconstructed Image

# X-ray and Neutron Tomography

- Non-destructive way to determine the internal and external structures of samples

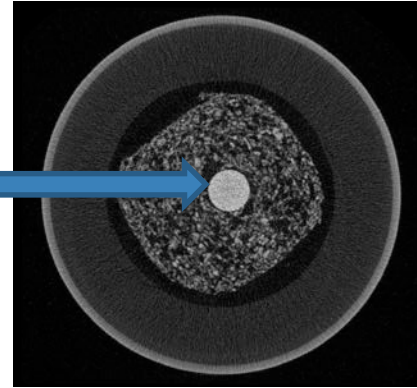
Neutron

Polymer separator clearly seen



X-Ray

Metal rod clearly seen



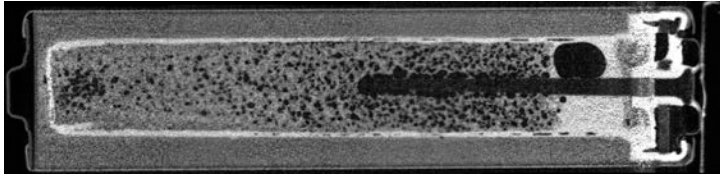
- Neutrons interact with atomic nuclei
- Neutrons can detect lighter materials such as water and organic materials

- X-rays interact with an atom's electron cloud
- X-rays can detect denser materials such as metals

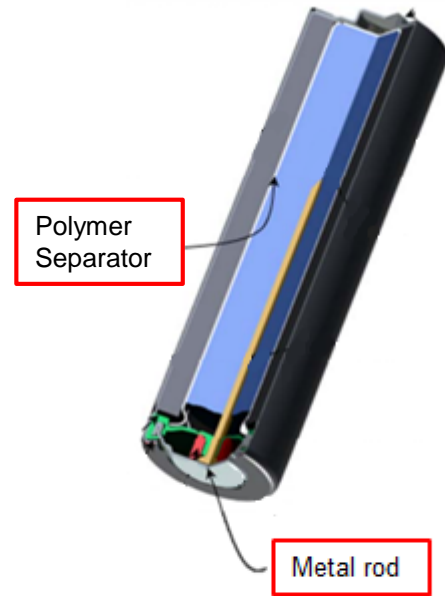
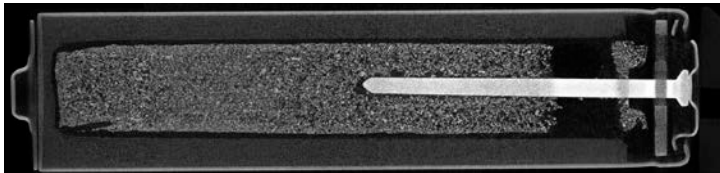
# What is Segmentation?

- Process of dividing an image into multiple sections based on certain shared characteristics
- Easier to analyze

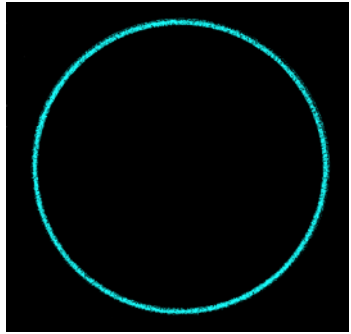
Neutron cross-section



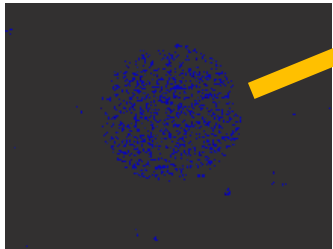
X-ray cross-section



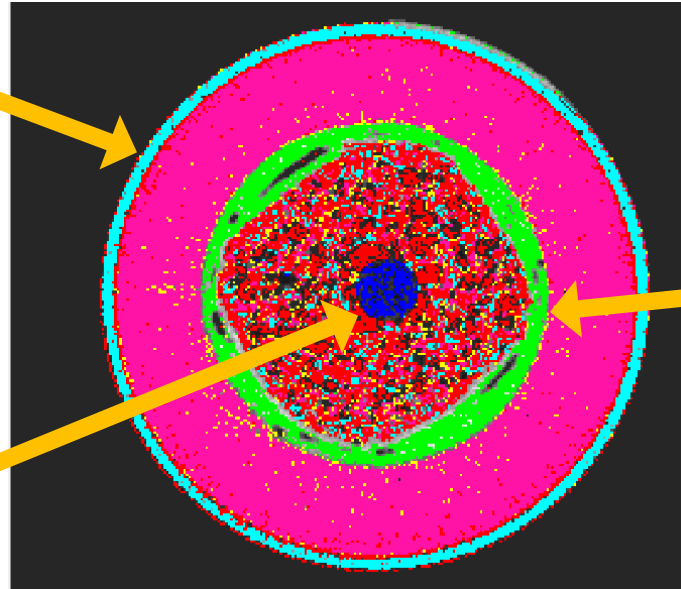
3D view showing segmentation



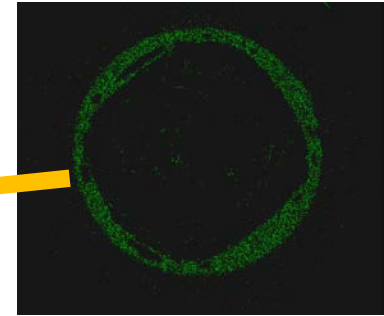
Label



Metal rod



Segmented picture of battery



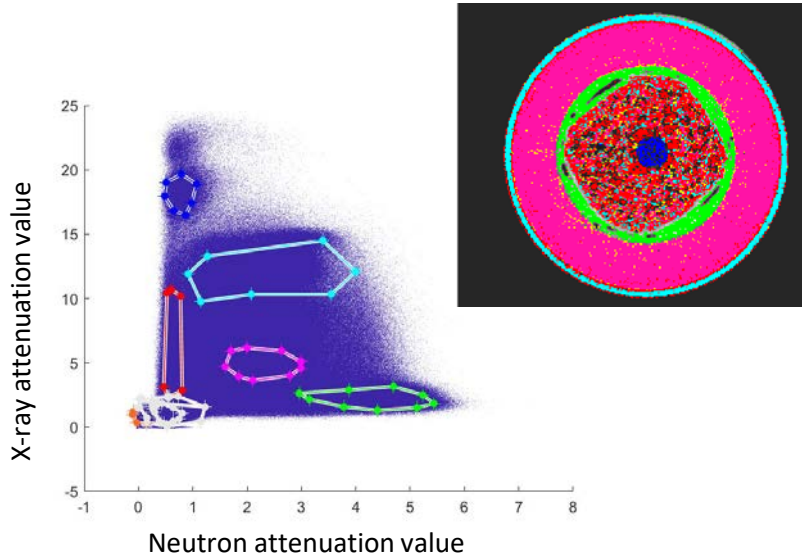
Polymer separator

## Motivations and Aims

1. Improve phase segmentation program to make more user-friendly
2. Investigate how to extract properties from segmented samples
3. Obtain a 3D model of the internal structure

# Dual Histogram

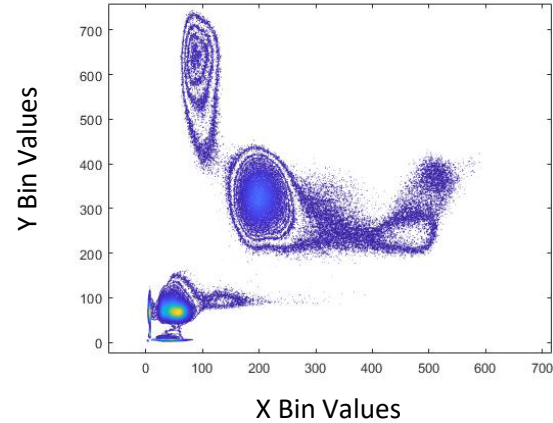
- Polygons drawn are a rough estimate
- Lots of trial and error
- Hand-drawn



vs.

# Contour Plotting

- Easier for user to follow



```
histogram2(X,Y,nbins)
```

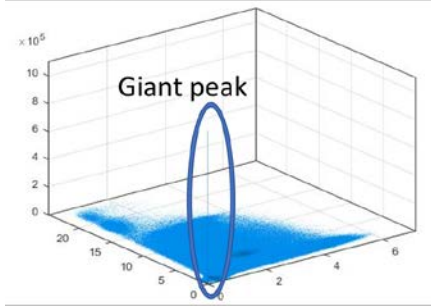


```
contour(X,Y,Z)
```

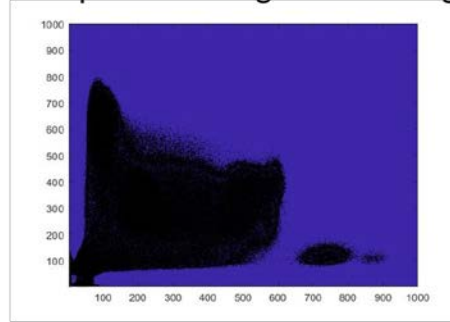


# Optimizing the Contour Plots

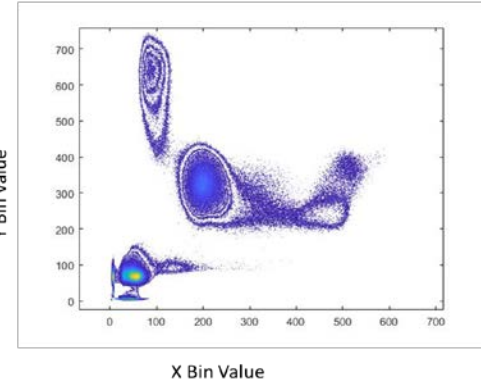
Original 3d histogram



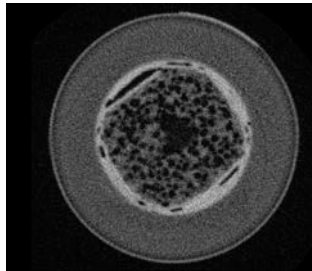
Contour plot from original 3d histogram



Optimized Contour Plot



→ Peak caused from area around sample

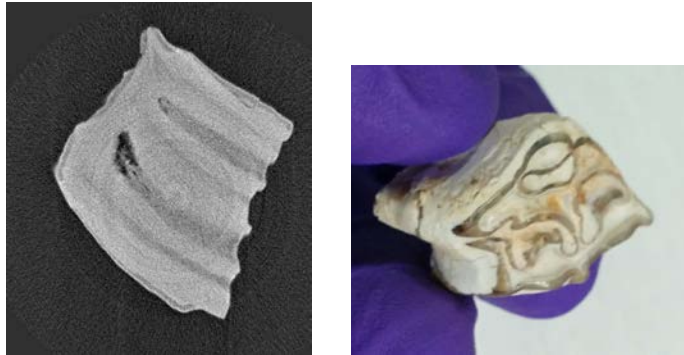


## Solutions:

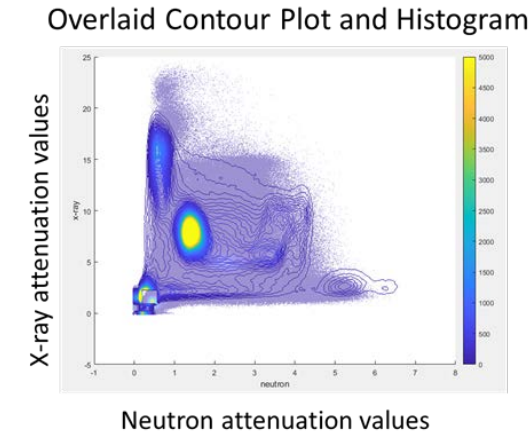
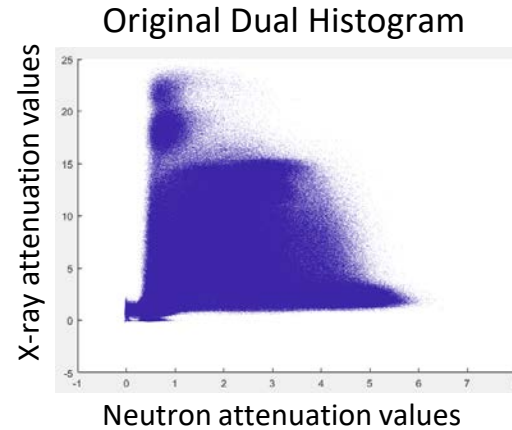
- Specify specific levels for MATLAB to plot
- Find maximum and crop out
- Contourf vs. contour
- Best color scheme

# Overlaying the Plots

- Started to align the x and y axes
- Users can use contour plots and histogram data
- Reduces uncertainty in segmentation process

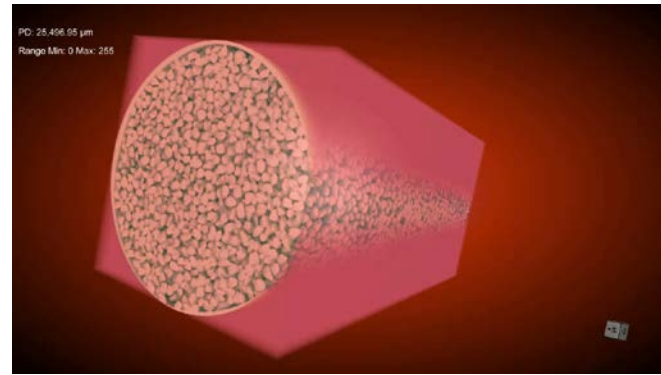


Woolly Mammoth Tooth



# Using Dragonfly

- Defines Regions of Interest (ROIs)
- Learn about different properties



Effective Properties

Phase: Air

Property: Diffusivity

Diffusivity Tensor ( $m^2/s$ ):

X-Axis	Y-Axis	Z-Axis
7.931E-03	8.530E-03	8.672E-03

Calculate

Size Distributions & Topology

Connectivity:

Min	Max	Mean	Std
1.0	41.0	5.657E+00	3.910E+00

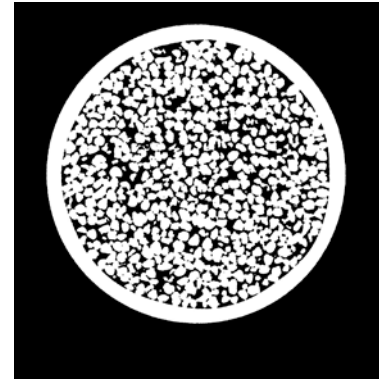
Pore Size Distribution (m):

Min	Max	Mean	Std
1.792E-05	3.175E-04	9.304E-05	4.116E-05

Diffusivity Tensor

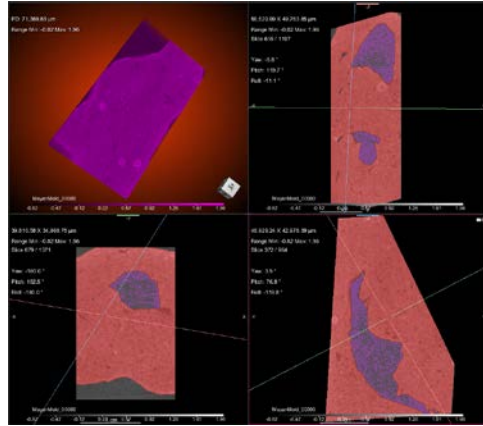
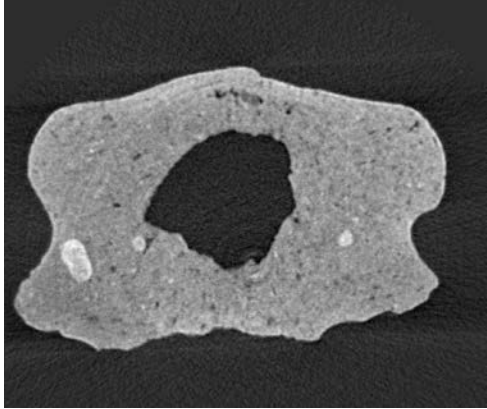
Connectivity

Pore size distribution



Sand Column

# Mayan Artifact



Segment → extract mesh → save as .stl file → 3d printing

# Summary

1. Determined that contour plots provide a viable option for improving the process of phase segmentation
2. Extracted various properties from sand column sample
3. Constructed 3D models that aid with understanding of sample



Future work could include machine learning

# Acknowledgements

Special thanks to:

My mentor, Jacob LaManna

Victoria DiStefano

The other SHIP mentors Markus Bleuel, Heather Chen-Mayer, Brian Maranville, Ryan Need, William Ratcliff, and Wei Zhou

The NIST Center for Neutron Research SHIP Directors Julie Borchers, Joe Dura, and Yamali Hernandez

The National Institute for Standards and Technology, the Center for High Resolution Neutron Scattering, and the National Science Foundation



