

An Overview of Nano/Micro/Meso Scale Manufacturing at NIST

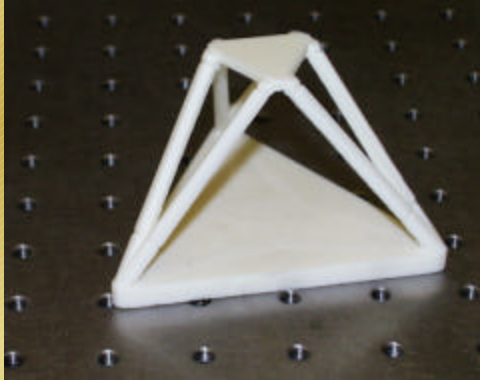
Edward Amatucci, Nicholas Dagalakis, Bradley Damazo, Matthew Davies,
John Evans, John Song, Clayton Teague, Theodore Vorburger

March 15, 1999

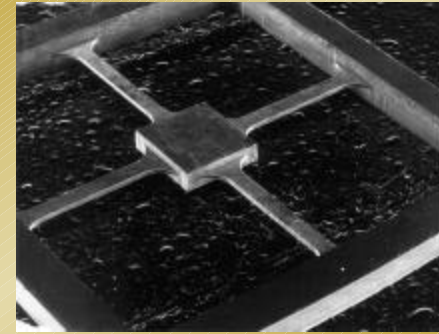
NanoTribology: Critical Assessment and Research Needs Workshop

Intelligent Systems Division
Automated Production Technology Division
Precision Engineering Division

Manufacturing Engineering Laboratory



Outline

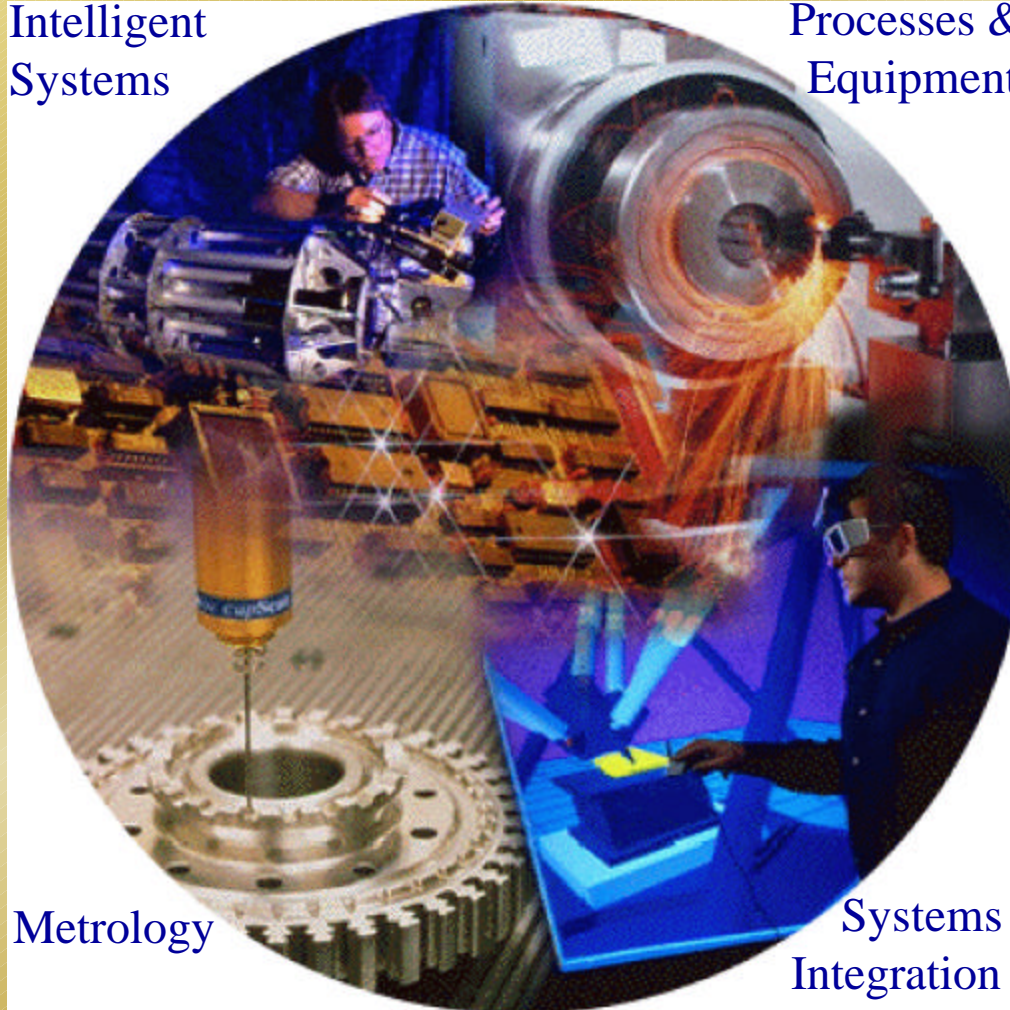


- FY99 Micro-Meso Scale Manufacturing Exploratory Project
- Some Examples of Meso/Micro/Nano Manufacturing Activities
- FY00 Strategic Program in Nano Manufacturing

MEL Overview

Intelligent
Systems

Processes &
Equipment



Metrology

Systems
Integration

FY99 Micro-Meso Scale Manufacturing Exploratory Project

- Visited 20+ companies and laboratories
 - Specific Measurements, Standards and Data Needs
- Co-sponsored Two Workshops
 - One with DARPA and one with NSF
- Attended conferences in MEMS, Nanotechnology, Photonics...
- Developed a final report / trip report

Prioritized Needs for NIST Efforts

- Meso and Micro
 - Dimensional and Mechanical Metrology
 - Assembly and Packaging Technology and Standards
 - Providing a Science Base for Materials and Processes, emphasizing materials testing methods and properties data

NIST mission: Measurement, standards, data and infrastructure
technology

Needs at the Nanoscale

- Nanocharacterization: measurement, metrology, data
- Manipulation and Assembly
- Enabling Technologies for Nanodevices
- Support for Magnetics Industry

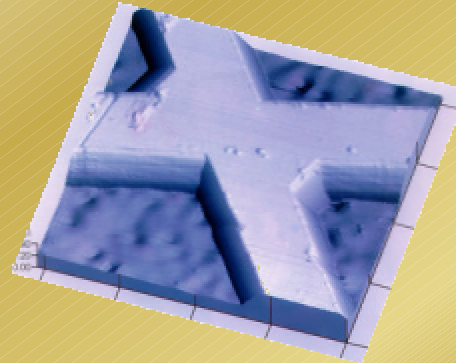
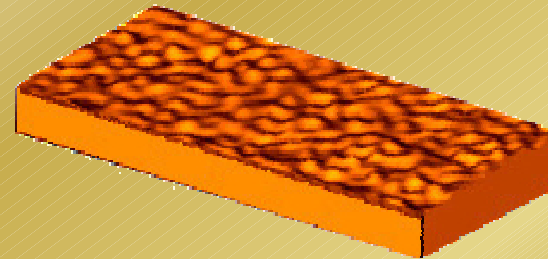
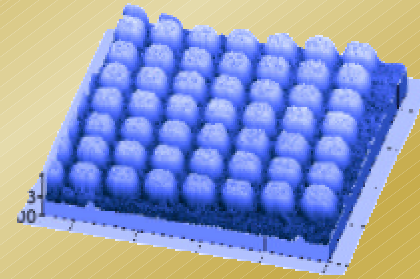
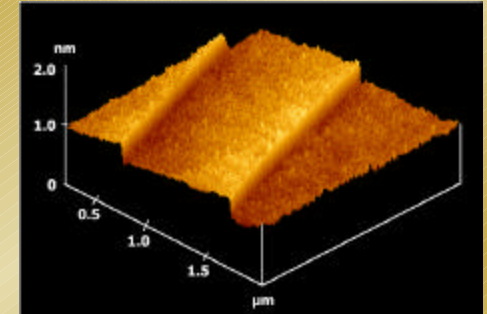
Key Issue : *Nanometrology* which is part of Nanocharacterization and Nanomanipulation

Meso/Micro Metrology

- NIST can provide:
 - Suite of optical, mechanical, electrical, and magnetic measurement techniques for dimension, materials properties, and mechanical properties
 - Calibration services for force to micro and nanoNewton levels and torque to pico N-m
- This is a “hole” in our support for industry that is critical in the near term.

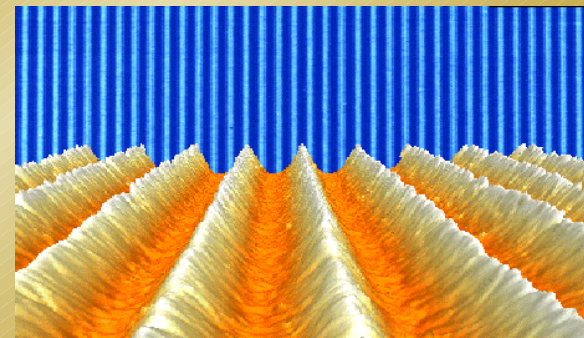
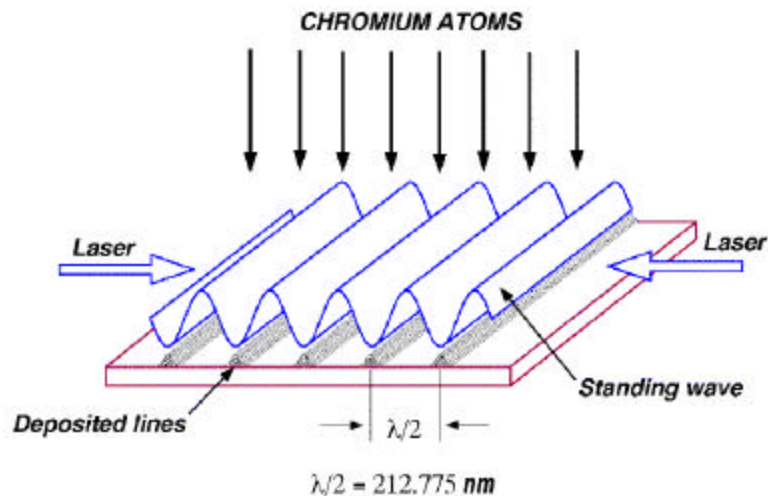
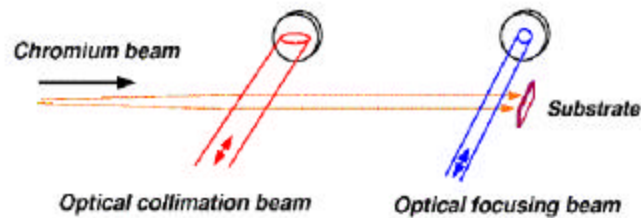
Measurement Needs: Dimensional Metrology

- Step Height
- Pitch
- Roughness
- Linewidth



Measurement Needs: Dimensional Metrology

The NIST Cr Deposition Experiment



- Create a “nanoruler” directly traceable to the wavelength of light.
- Nanoscale accuracy and precision over millimeter distances.

Data Implications of Meso-Machines

Tolerance Challenges

- Need support for linkage between product function and tolerance specifications
- Need comprehensive tolerance definitions supporting improved tolerance analysis

Tightly coupled product/process/material definitions

- Need for high fidelity process characterization models
- Incorporate materials and process model predictions earlier in design cycle

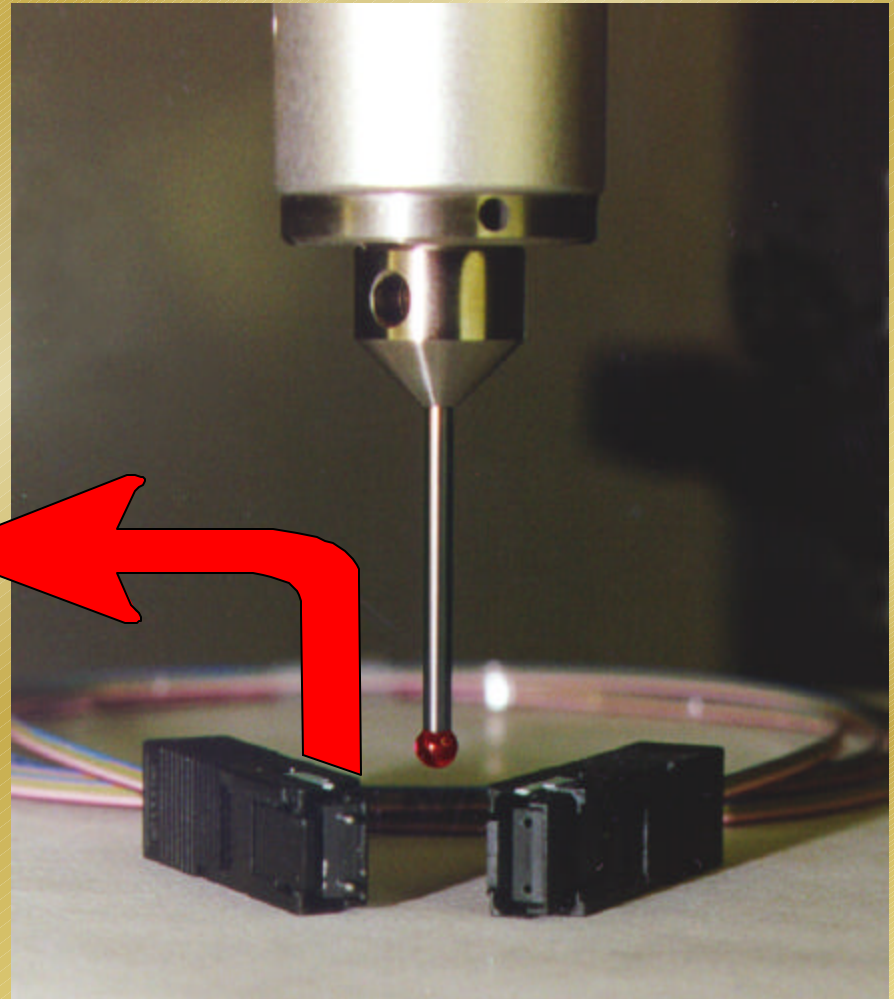
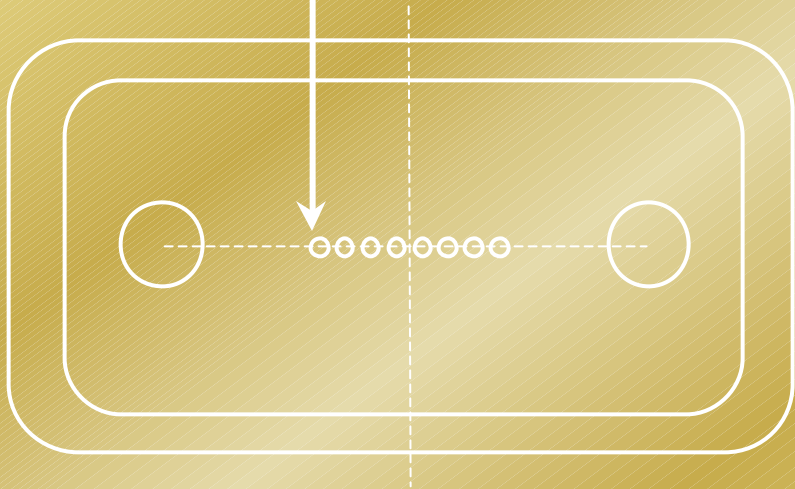
Meso/Micro Metrology

Fine CMM Probe

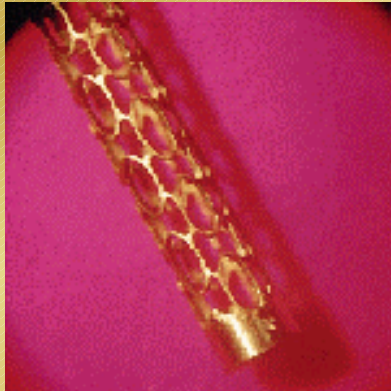


Diameter: $(125^{+1.5}_{-1.0}) \mu\text{m}$

Position Tol: $\pm 1.5 \mu\text{m}$



Examples of Industrial and NIST work at Meso-scale



Stents laser micromachined by Potomac Photonics



Hutchinson Technology Inc. suspensions for disk drives

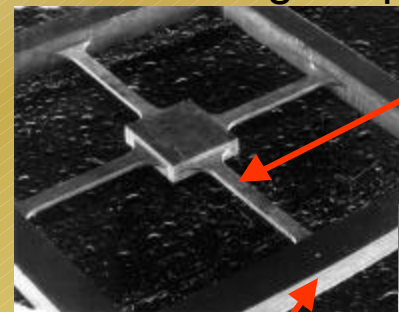


mN and nN-m resolution calibration needs

NIST micromechanically machined STM components



NIST fabricated prototype force transducer for calibrating suspensions

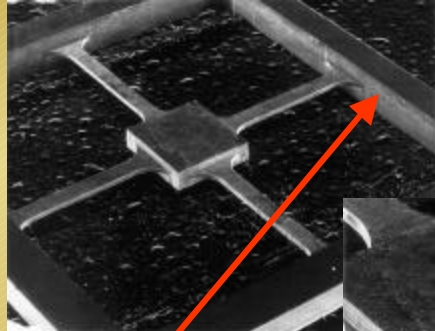


**Web dimensions
400 mm by 92 mm**

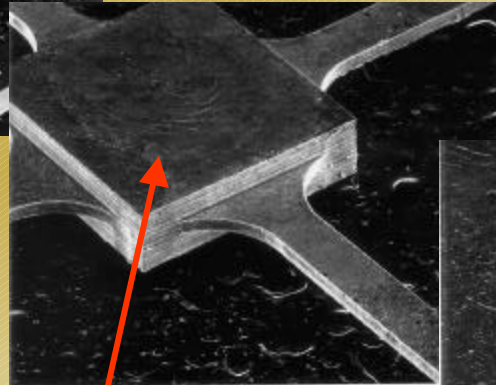


Frame: 10 mm square

Micro-mechanical machining of Force Transducer



Frame:
10 mm square



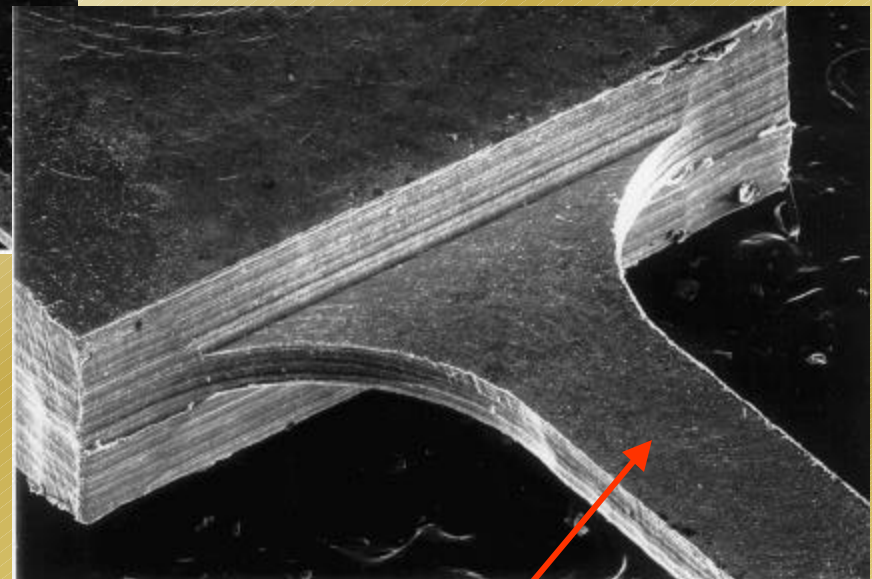
Pad size:
2mm square

Design goals:

Maximum Load : ~40 mN

Maximum Torque: 1.5 mN-m

Resolution: ~10 mN/15 nN-m



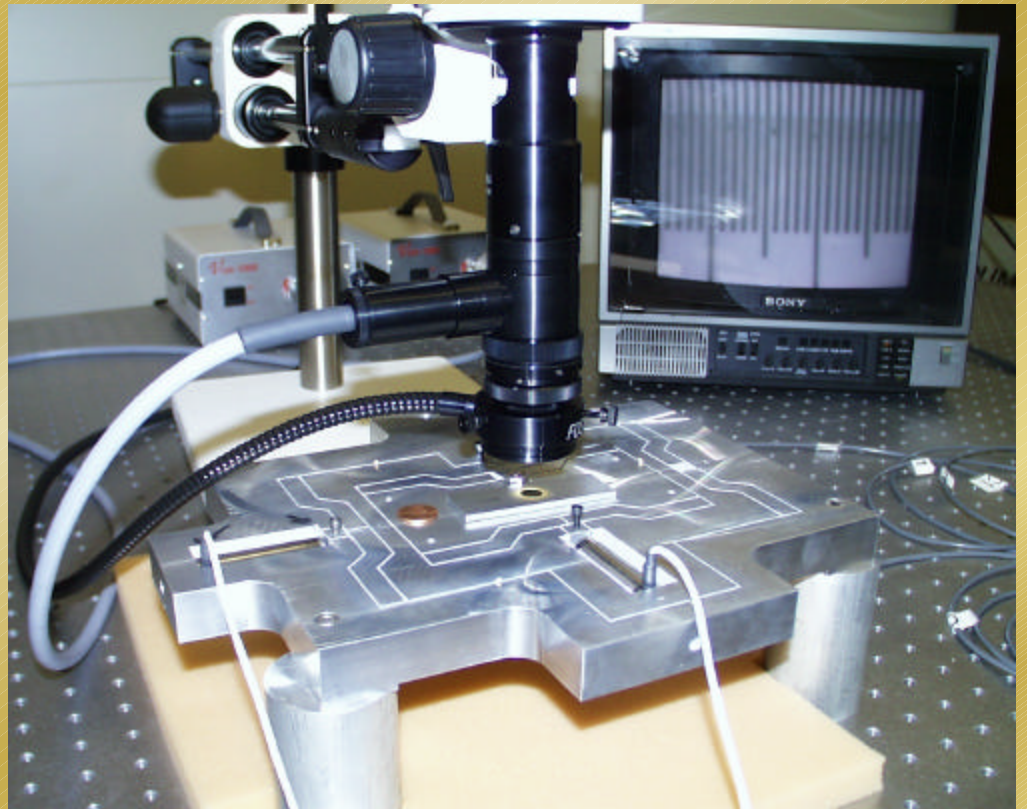
Web dimensions
400 mm by 92 mm

Meso/Micro Assembly and Packaging

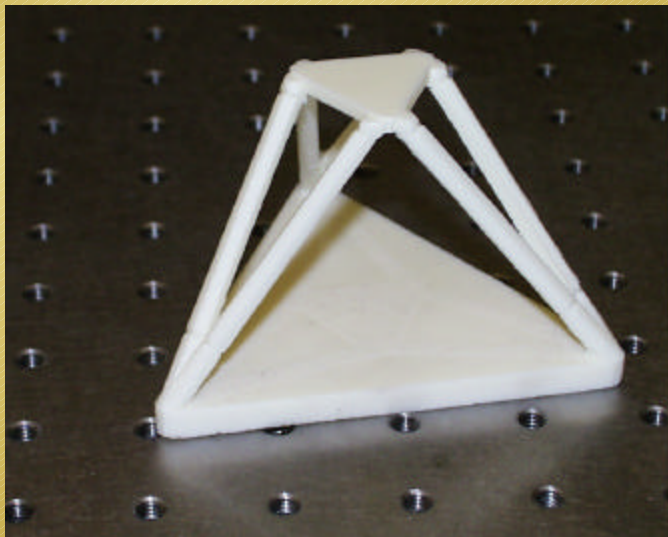
- NIST can provide
 - Information exchange
 - Sensors (measurement technology) for microrobotics and microstages
 - Chemical and materials data
 - Performance measures and testing methods
 - Proactive role in creating interim de facto standards to help US industry, eventually being the catalyst for industry standards

Stage Motion Performance Tests

- X-Y Axes Cross Talk
- Angular Error Measurements
- Stage Linearity
- Mechanical Coupling Transmission Ratio

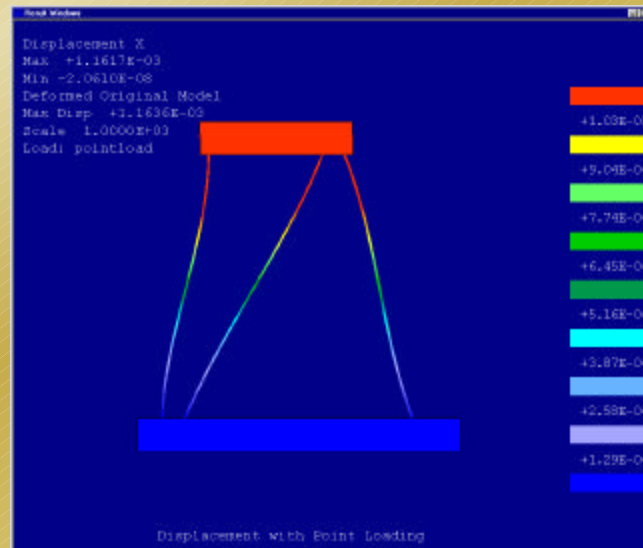
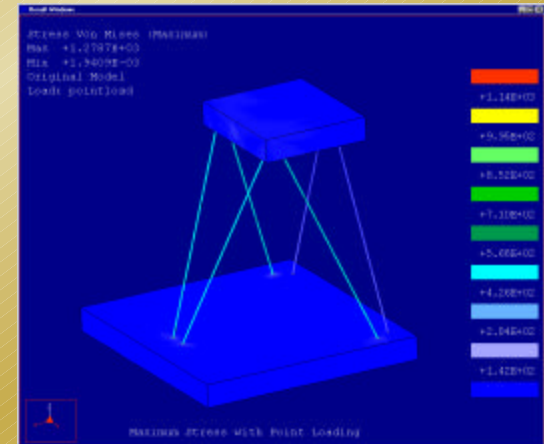


MicroDevices - Performance Measures



6 Degree of Freedom
Microstage Prototype

Advanced
Performance
Measures and
Design Tools



How we manufacture now

- Chemical milling, surface and bulk etching
- Reactive ion etching
- Lithography
- Crystal growth
- Classical mechanical manufacturing at small scales (milling, grinding, stamping, plating, polishing, EDM, etc.)
- Thick and thin film deposition
- Robotics, machine tools, automated process control
- and others...

How will we *manufacture* at the nanoscale?

- Laser and focused ion beam material removal and deposition
- Manipulation and imaging with electron microscopes, scanning tunneling electron microscopes, and atomic force microscopes
- Self assembly

.....but, at some point we have to interface to the macro world: this is a significant technological barrier to adopting nanotechnology to commercial uses.

MEL Strategic Program: Nano Manufacturing

MEL Program Goal

To provide the measurements and standards needed by industry to measure, manipulate, and manufacture *nano-discrete part products*.

Nano-Discrete Part Product

a product having critical part features with dimensions of ≤ 100 nm either a single discrete part or an assembly of discrete parts

Industry Need

“A flexible, enabling measurement and standards infrastructure to support the rapid commercialization of new nanotechnology-based discoveries and innovations”

Metrology and Standards Needs

- ability to measure the mechanical and dimensional parameters of nanostructures
- measurement systems with atomic-scale accuracy for length and mass
- new standards for materials, data and tools to assure the quality of the nano-based commercial products.

Manufacturing Needs

- new processes and manufacturing systems for producing nanostructures
- models of basic processes
- manipulation tools (Meso to Nano scale)
- assembly and packaging technologies

Measure Manipulate and Manufacture

Measure

the mechanical properties of product features with accuracy at the sub-atomic scale (e.g. dimensional accuracy better than 0.1 nm)

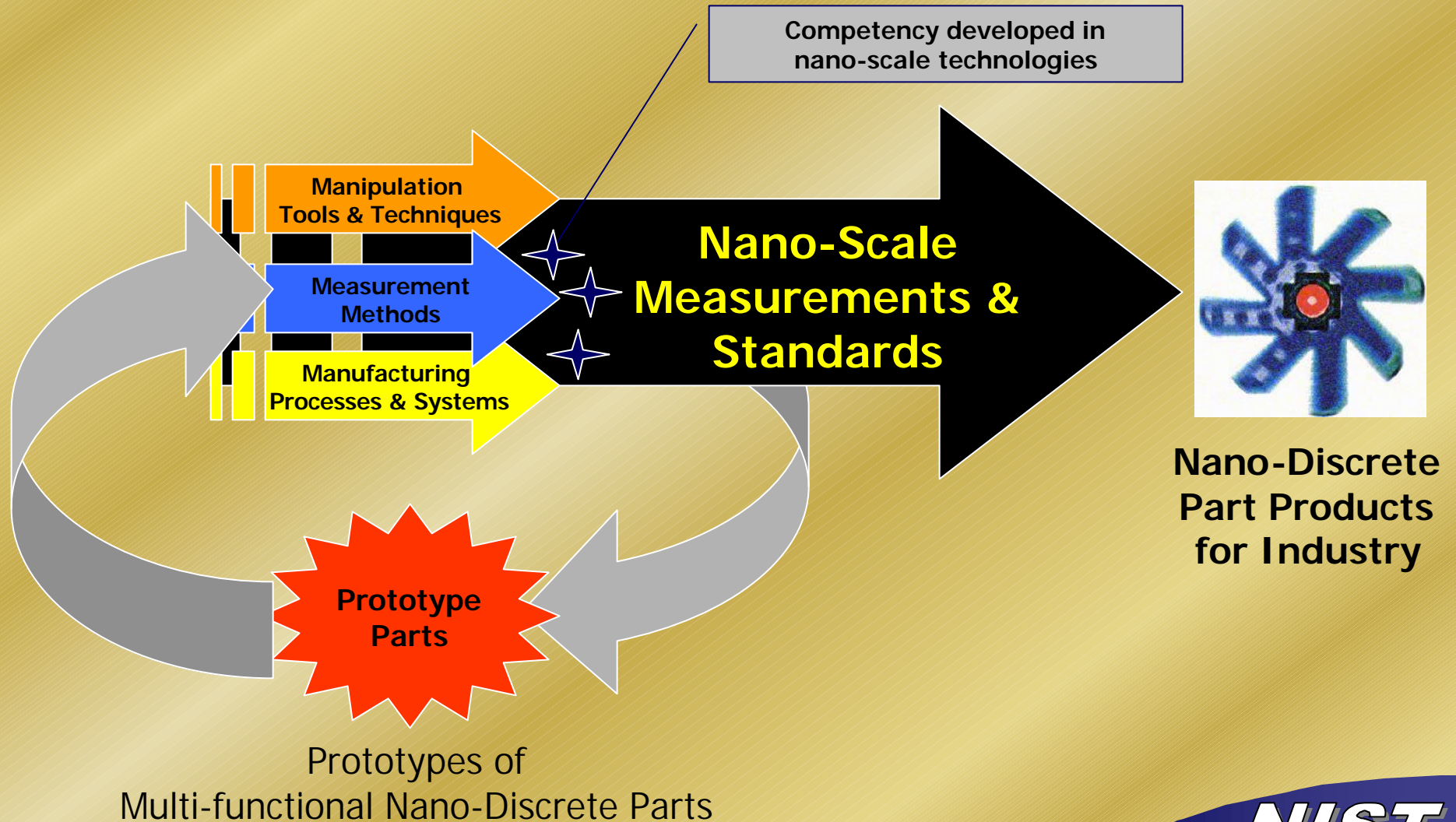
Manipulate

tools that can grasp, position and assemble to sub-nanometer accuracy

Manufacture

the fundamental manufacturing, production and assembly processes of material removal, addition, reshaping and transformation for producing large lot sizes of nano-molecular discrete parts at and below the nanometer level

Program Technical Approach



Strategic Approach

Long-term Lab-wide Program

- Parallel Technical Efforts (Measure, Manipulate & Manufacture)
- Produce prototypes of nano-scale discrete parts (Lab on chip)
- Develop competency in critical nano-scale technologies

Collaborative Research Projects

- Built from existing programs & capabilities
- Include NIST Laboratories (BFRL, PL, EEEL, CSTL, MSEL, etc.)
- Identify new opportunities (Industry & Other Gov't Agencies)

Distributed Research Facility

- Leverage equipment and resources
- Develop experimental manufacturing capability
- Provide online data and information

Nano-Manufacturing Research Facility

Characteristics

- geographically distributed
- involves multiple organizations
- real & virtual processes and equipment
- built on NAMT infrastructure
- remote access to
 - Lab Equipment
 - Tools
 - Data

Platform to

- test new measurement methods
- build prototype parts
- experiment with manipulation tools
- prove-out manufacturing processes
- demonstrate program results



Acknowledgements

- MEL Exploratory Project Team listed on the opening slide
- Our colleagues in ATP, CSTL, EEEL, MSEL, PL, BFRL and MEL at NIST to numerous to mention whom participated and contributed to our findings.
- DARPA/NIST workshop:
 - Kevin Lyons, former DARPA Program Manager (currently at NIST)
- NIST/NSF workshop organizers:
 - Dr. Robert Hocken, Director of the Center for Precision Metrology at the University of North Carolina, Charlotte
 - Dr. Ming C. Leu, Program Director of NSF's Manufacturing Processes and Equipment program
 - Dr. John Evans, Chief of the Intelligent Systems Division, MEL, NIST
 - Dr. E. Clayton Teague, Chief of the Automated Production Technology Division, MEL, NIST
- Companies/Laboratories we visited, including, but not limited to: Remmele Engineering, Honeywell, Hutchinson Technology, Professional Instruments, MicroFab Technologies, M-DOT, Sandia Microelectronics Laboratory, UC Berkley, NIST Boulder Optoelectronics Division, Fanuc Berkley Research Center, Adept Technology, Johns Hopkins / Applied Physics Lab, Potomac Photonics, Intuitive Surgical, Inc.

For more information:

- Information posted on our website:
 - Final Report on Micro-Meso Scale Manufacturing Exploratory Project
 - Workshop proceedings:
 - Manufacturing Technology for Integrated Nano- to Millimeter (In2m) Sized Systems, March 1999
 - Manufacturing Three-Dimensional Components and Devices at the Meso and Micro Scales, May 1999

http://www.isd.mel.nist.gov/meso_micro/