

Call for papers

Phase Stability, Diffusion, Kinetics and Applications

Where: Houston, 2010 MS&T meeting

When: October 18-20, 2010

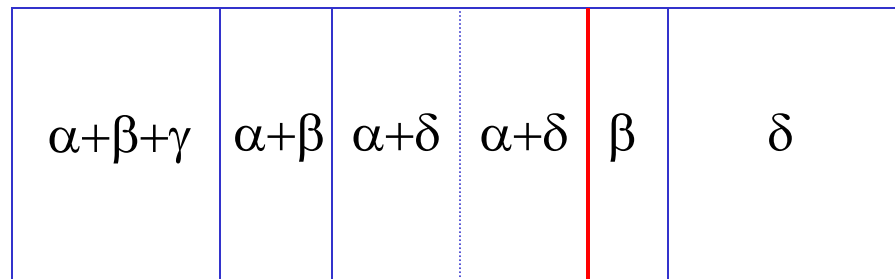
Included in the symposium will be special sessions honoring
Austin Chang, 2009 ASM J. Willard Gibbs Award recipient
Arthur Pelton, 2010 ASM J. Willard Gibbs Award recipient

Abstract deadline is Monday March 29, 2010

<http://174.120.122.245/program/technical-program/fundamentals-and-characterization/>

Number of
phase
changes when
crossing a
boundary

DICTRA Simulations of Type 3 Boundaries Using the Homogenization Model



$\alpha+\beta+\gamma / \delta$
Diffusion
couple

$x = 0$

Type 3

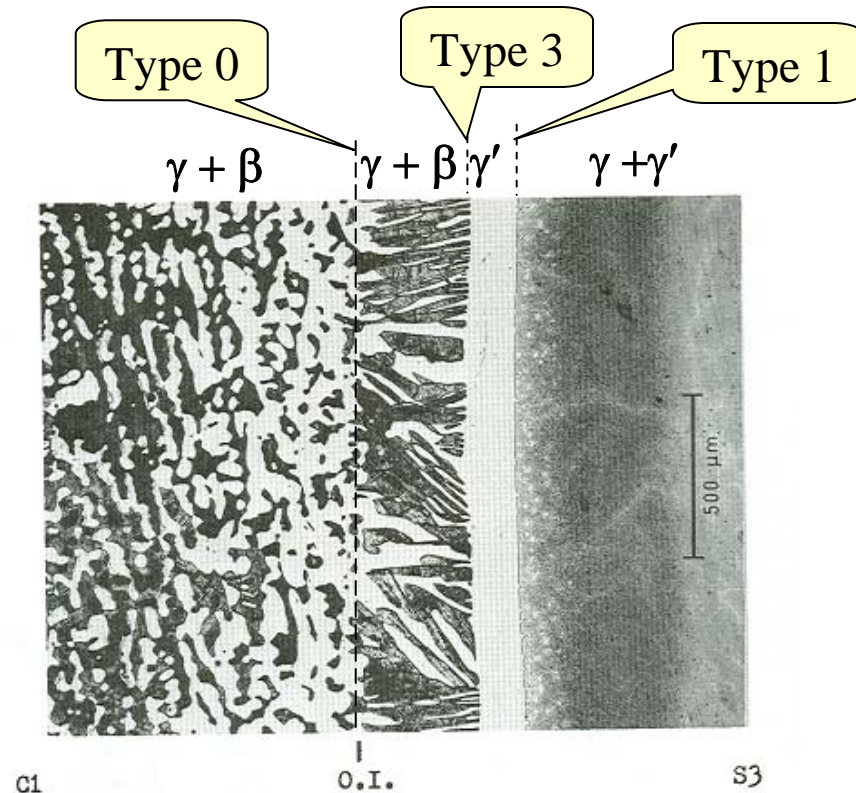
Xiaoqin Ke and John Morral
Department of Materials Science and Engineering
The Ohio State University
Columbus, Ohio

OUTLINE

- Introduction
 - Boundaries in Microstructures
 - Boundaries in Diffusion paths
 - Dictra simulations of boundaries using the disperse system model
- Dictra simulations of Type 3 boundaries using the homogenization model
- Summary

Introduction - Boundaries in Microstructures

A Type 3 boundary in a $\gamma+\beta/\gamma+\gamma'$
Ni-Cr-Al diffusion couple



From: Lawrence A. Carol, NASA Contractor Report 174852, 1985.

Introduction - Boundaries in Microstructures

A Type 3 boundary in a β/γ
Ni-Cr-Al diffusion couple

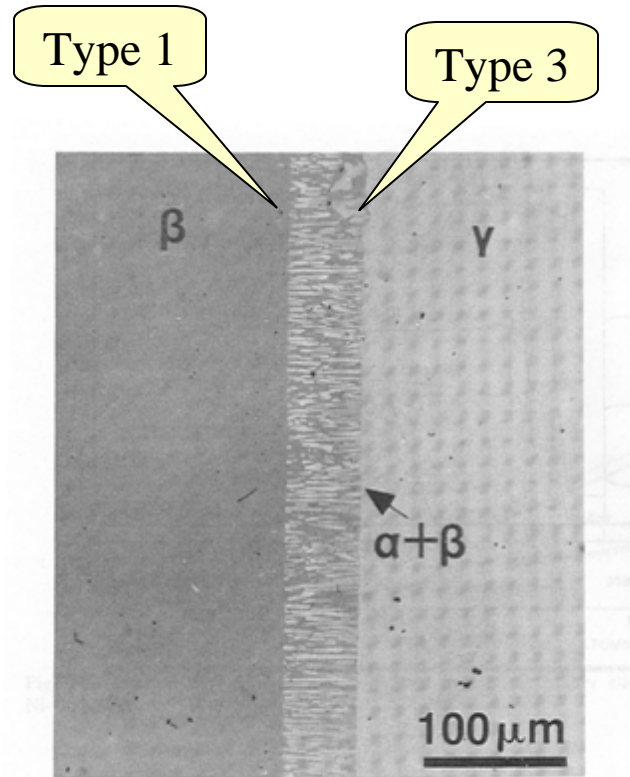
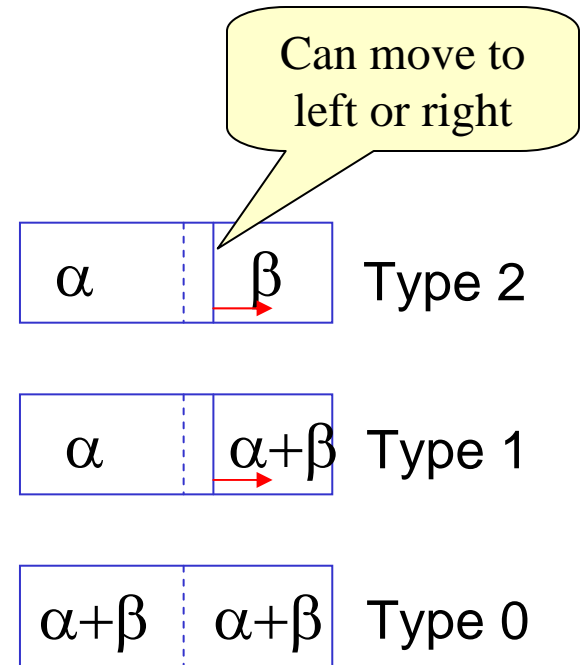
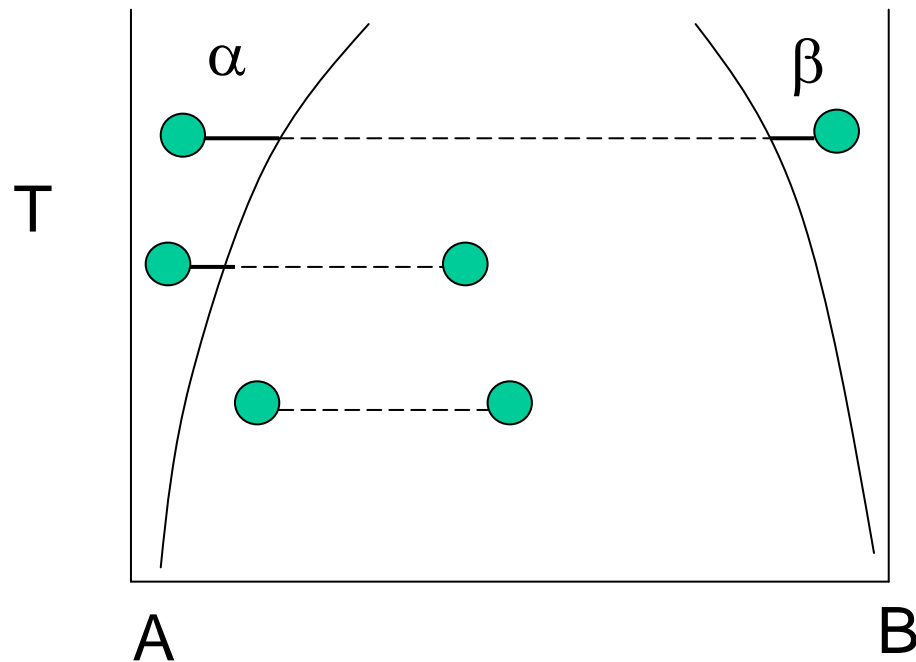
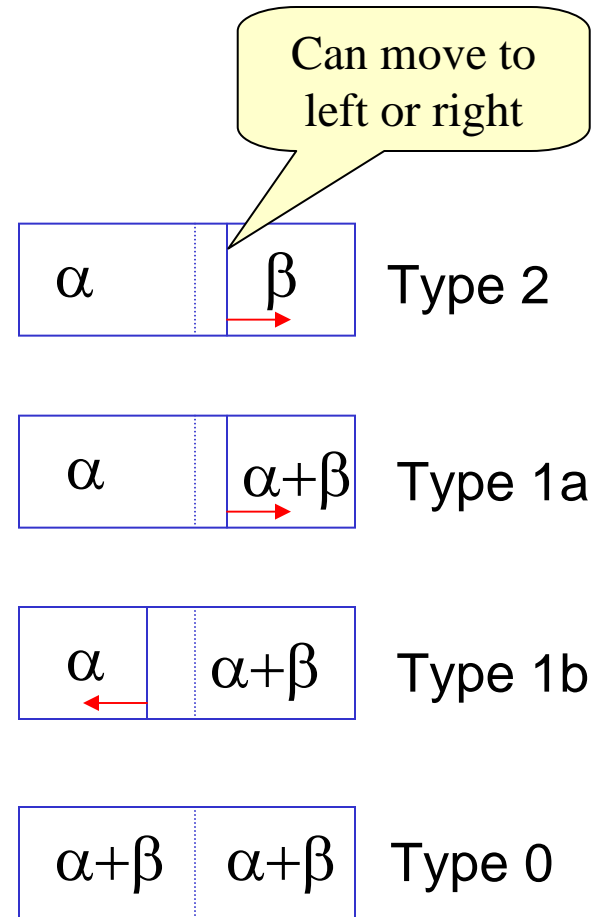
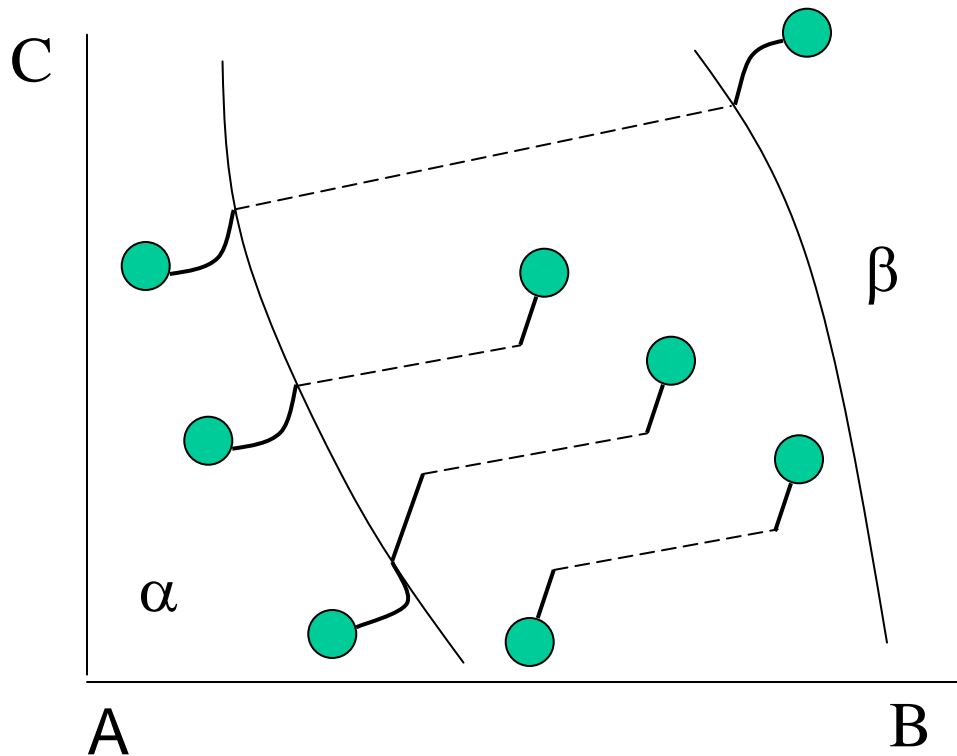


Fig. 10—Typical microstructure of the interdiffusion region of the β -Ni50Al vs γ -Ni30.9Cr9.9Al (1150 °C/49 h) diffusion couple.

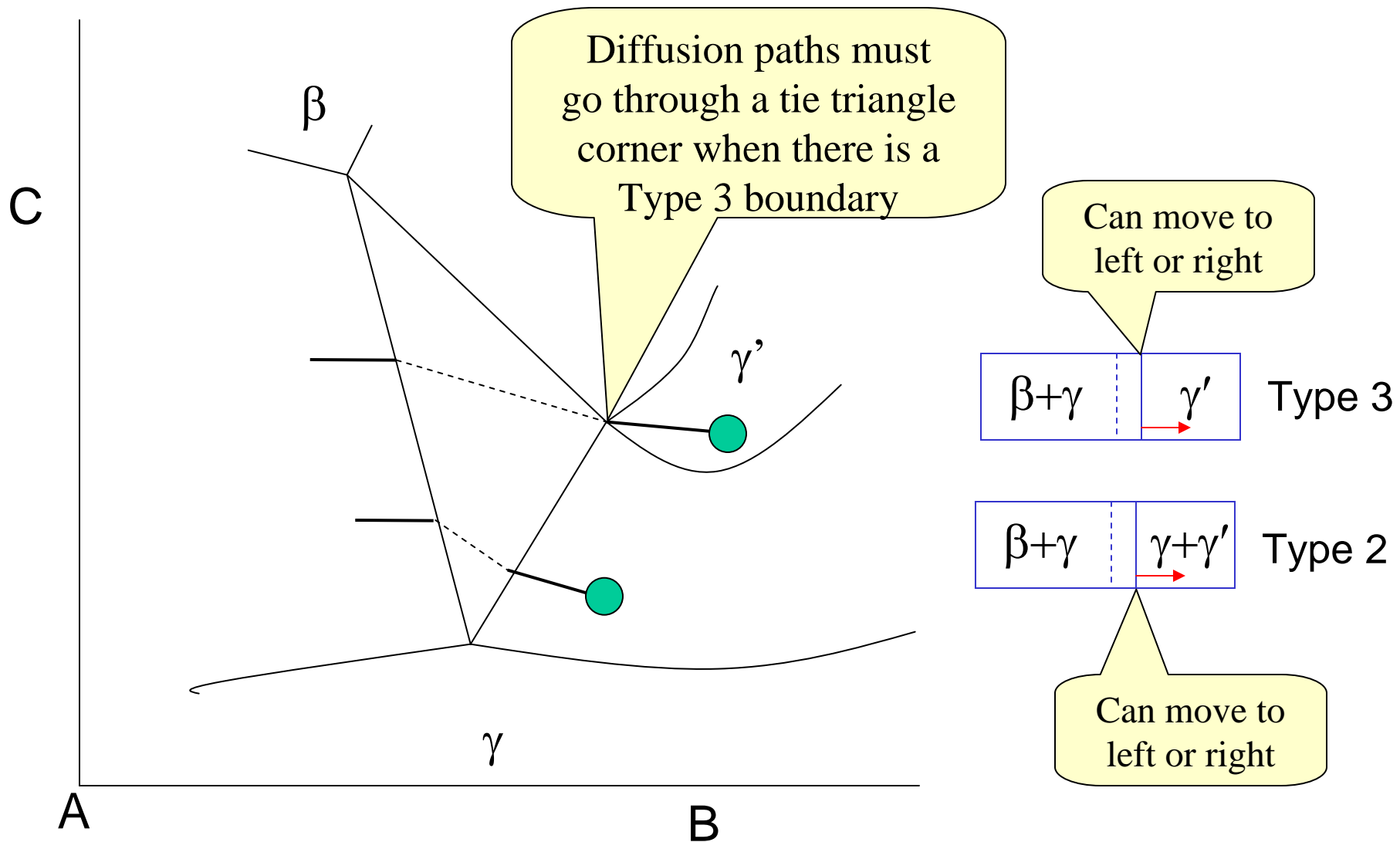
Introduction - Boundaries in Binary Diffusion Paths



Introduction - Boundaries in Ternary Diffusion Paths

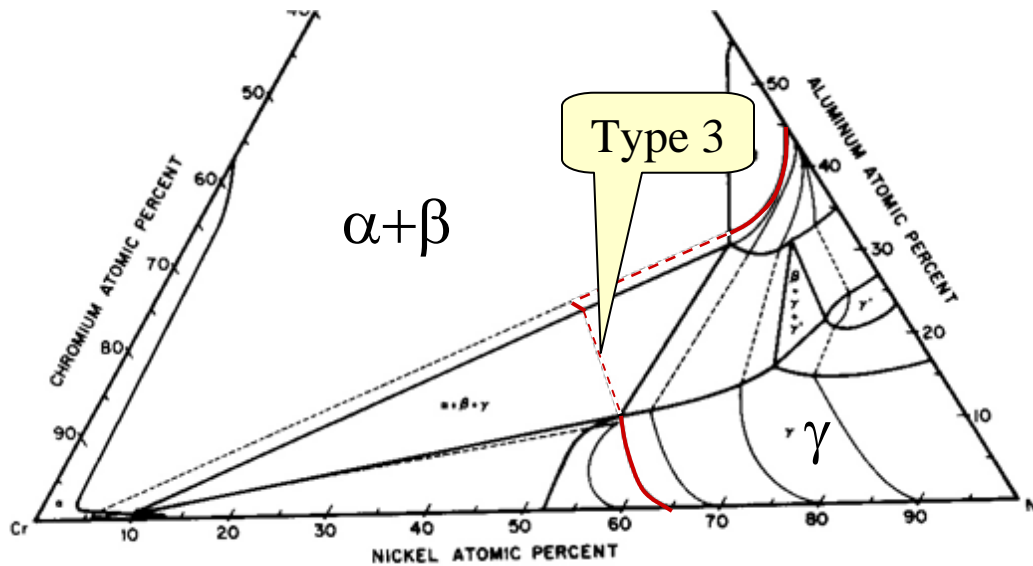


Introduction - Boundaries in Ternary Diffusion Paths



Introduction - Boundaries in Ternary Diffusion Paths

Which directions are the boundaries moving?



$$\beta > \alpha + \beta > \gamma'$$

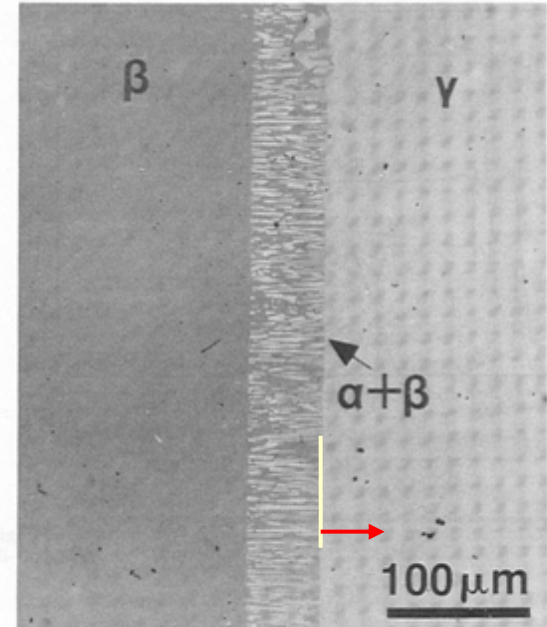
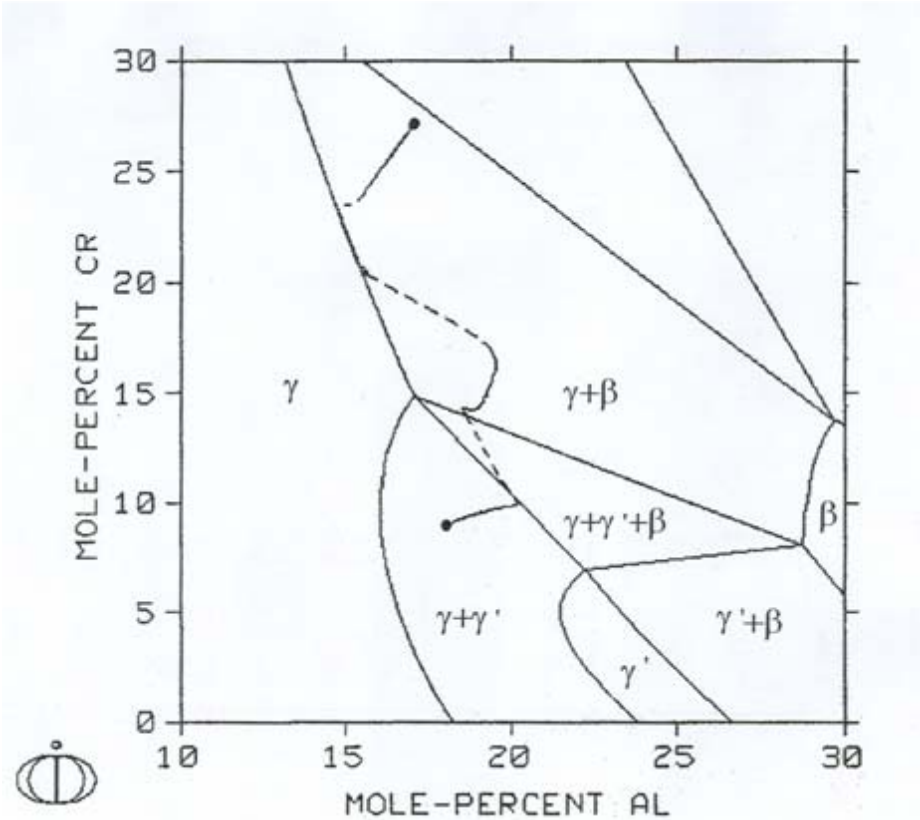


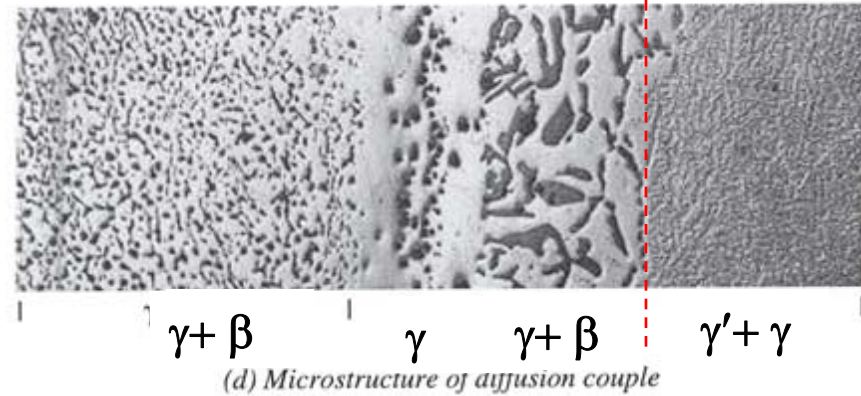
Fig. 10—Typical microstructure of the interdiffusion region of the β -Ni50Al vs γ -Ni30.9Cr9.9Al (1150 °C/49 h) diffusion couple.

S.M.Merchant, M.R. Notis, J.I.Goldstein, Met.Trans 21A(1990)1901

Dictra simulations of boundaries using the disperse system model



Diffusion Couple microstructure



$$\gamma + \beta < \gamma > \gamma + \beta > \gamma + \gamma'$$

Dictra simulations of Type 3 boundaries using the homogenization model

Settings

- Homogenization functions: Hashin Shtrikman lower bounds
(Wiener bounds, Hashin Shtrikman bounds, Labyrinth factor)
- Degree of implicitness when integrating PDEs: 0.5
(0.0 Euler forwards, 0.5 Trapezoidal rule, 1.0 Euler backwards)
- Ideal flux contribution for fluctuations in composition: 0.05
(range .01-.05)

Key references on the homogenization model



Available online at www.sciencedirect.com

SCIENCE @ DIRECT®

Acta Materialia 54 (2006) 2431–2439



A homogenization approach to diffusion simulations applied to $\alpha + \gamma$ Fe–Cr–Ni diffusion couples

Henrik Larsson ^{a,*}, Anders Engström ^b

^a *Division of Physical Metallurgy, Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Brinellv. 23,
The Royal Institute of Technology (KTH), SE-100 44 Stockholm, Sweden*

^b *Thermo-Calc Software, Stockholm Technology Park, SE-113 47 Stockholm, Sweden*

Received 11 November 2005; received in revised form 20 January 2006; accepted 22 January 2006

Available online 13 March 2006

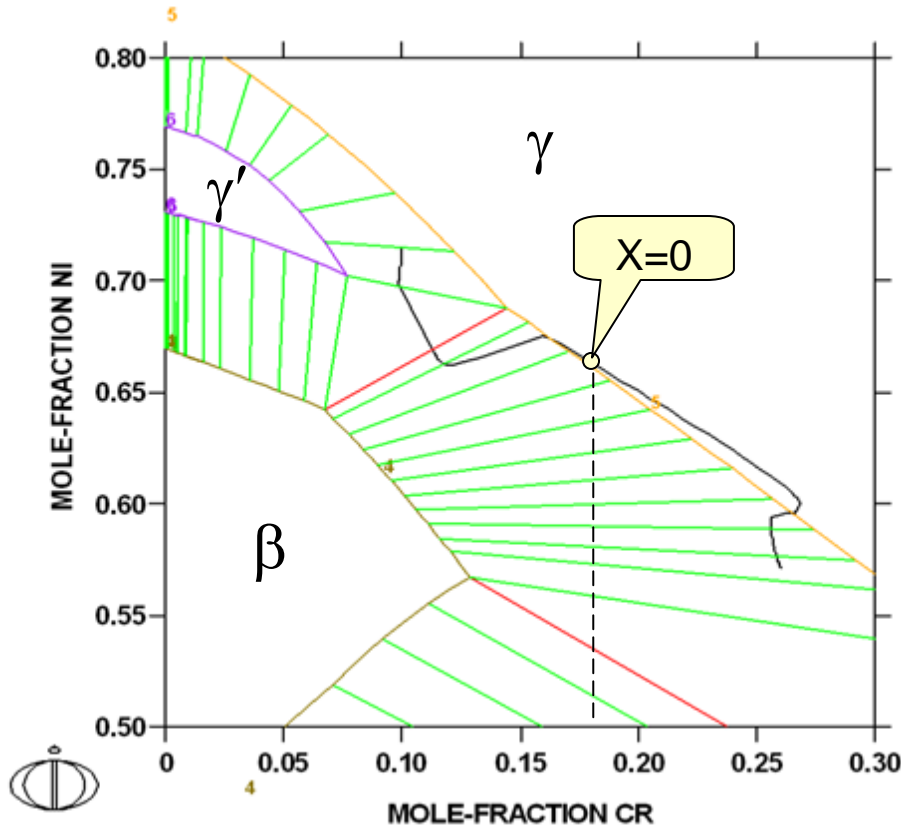
Also

Multiphase diffusion simulations in 1D using the Dictra Homogenization model

Henrik Larsson, Lars Hoglund
CALPHAD, 33(2009) 495-501

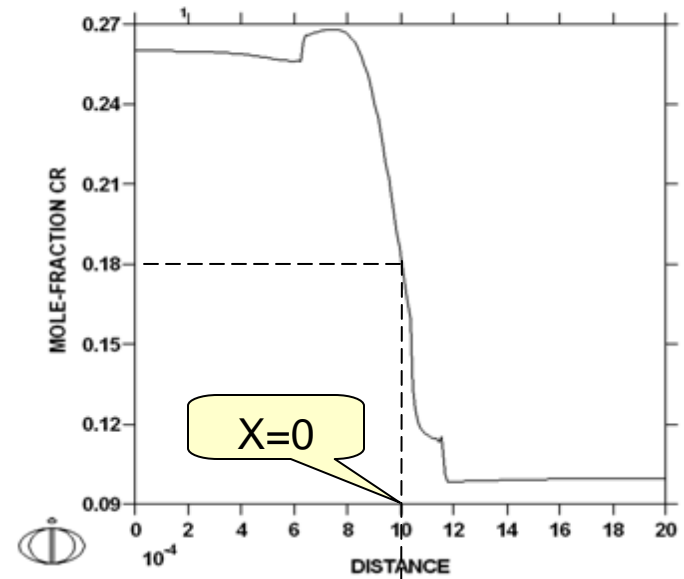
Dictra simulation using the Homogenization model

DICTRA (2010-03-03:08.20.10) : AL-CR-NI at T=1473.15 K
TIME = 720000

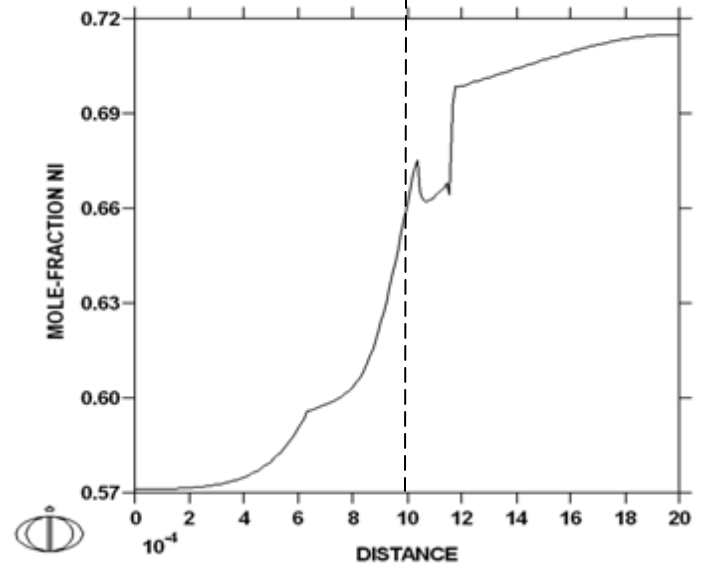


$$\gamma + \gamma' < \gamma + \beta < \gamma > \gamma + \beta$$

DICTRA (2010-03-19:09.27.29) : AL-CR-NI at T=1473.15 K
TIME = 720000

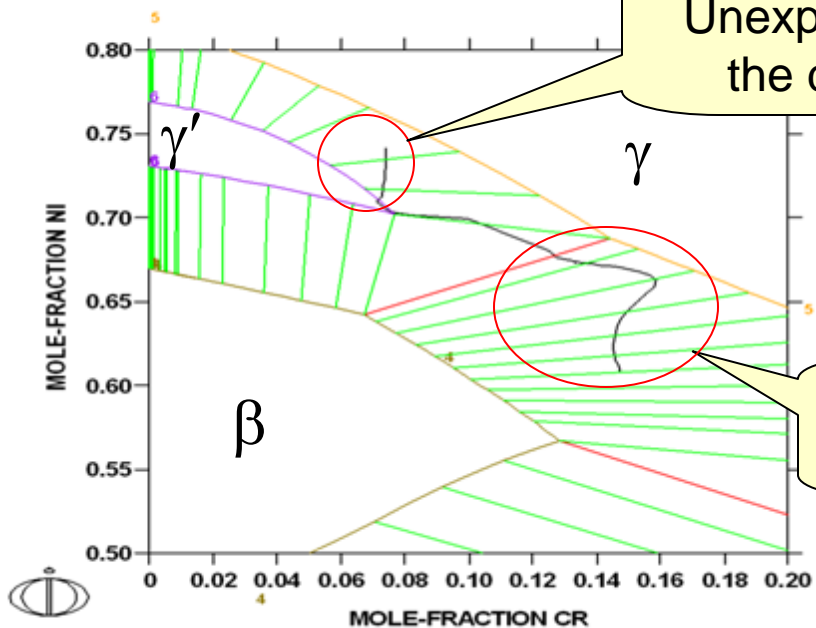


DICTRA (2010-03-19:09.29.36) : AL-CR-NI at T=1473.15 K
TIME = 720000



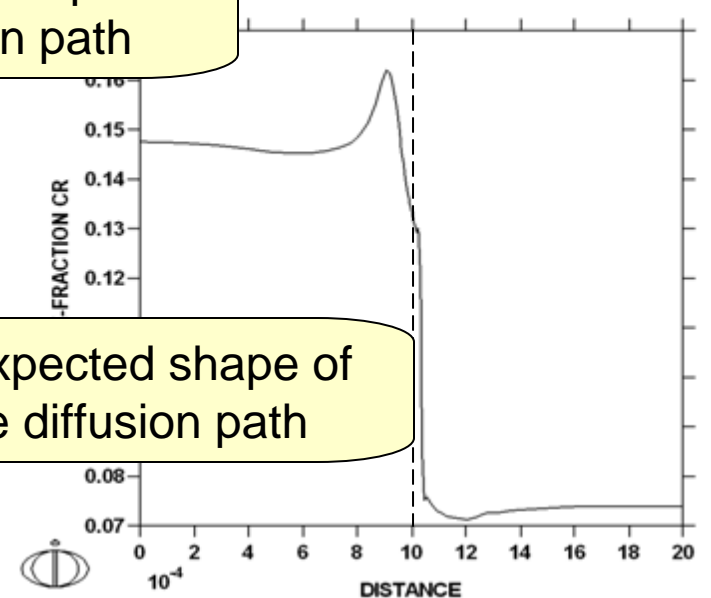
DICTRA (2010-03-04:09.37.31) : AL-CR-NI at T=1473.15 K

TIME = 720000



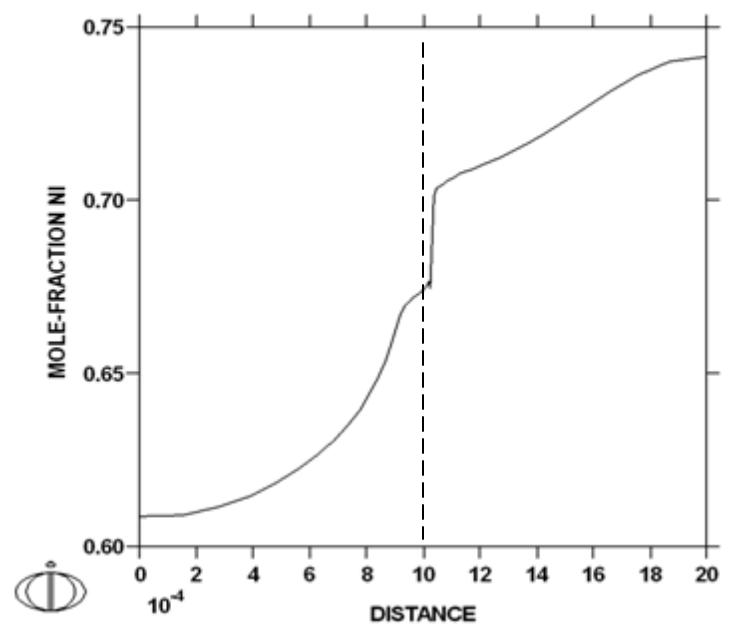
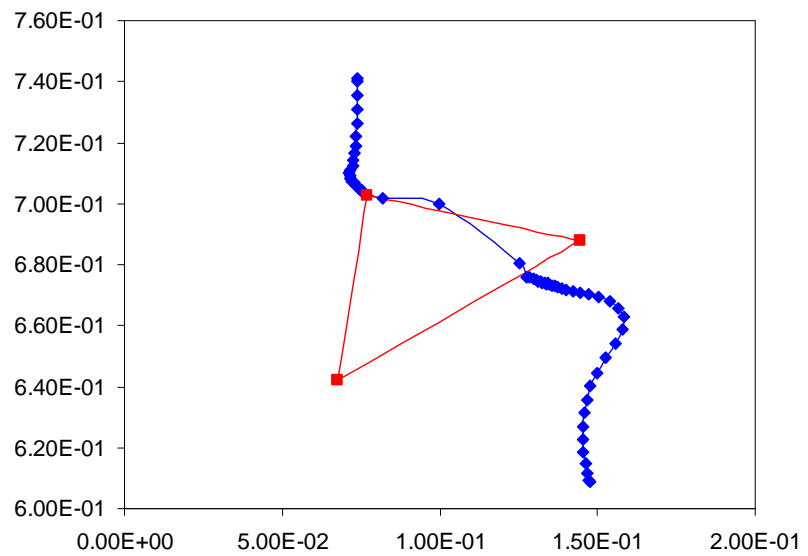
2010-03-16:16.36.40) : AL-CR-NI at T=1473.15 K

TIME = 720000



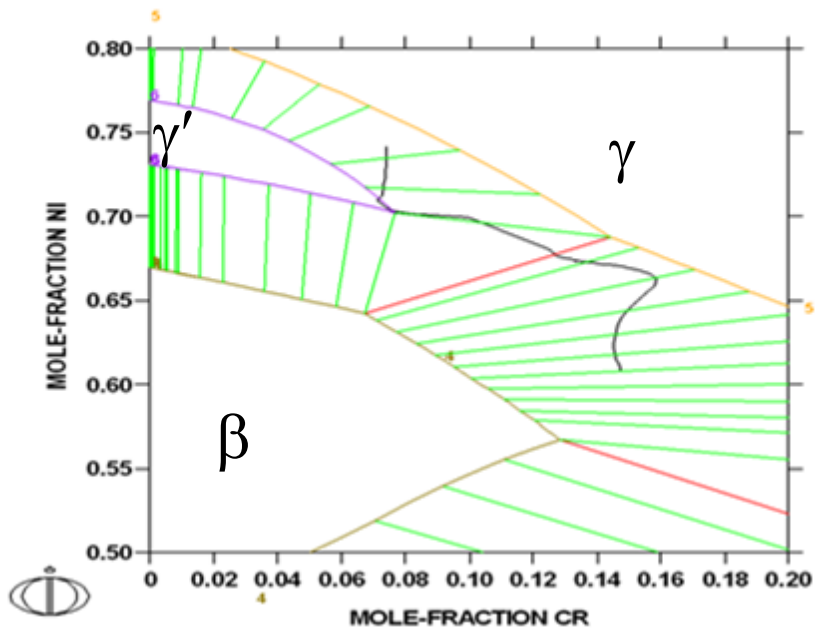
DICTRA (2010-03-03:16.39.45) : AL-CR-NI at T=1473.15 K

TIME = 720000



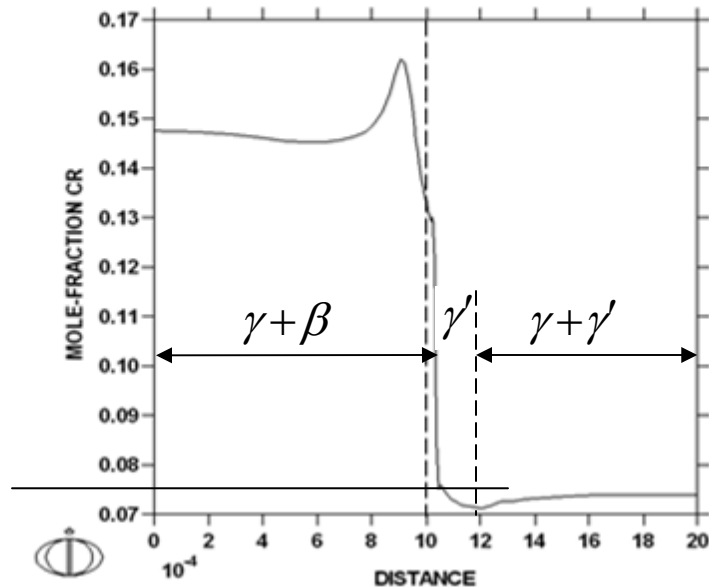
DICTRA (2010-03-04:09.37.31) : AL-CR-Ni at T=1473.15 K

TIME = 720000



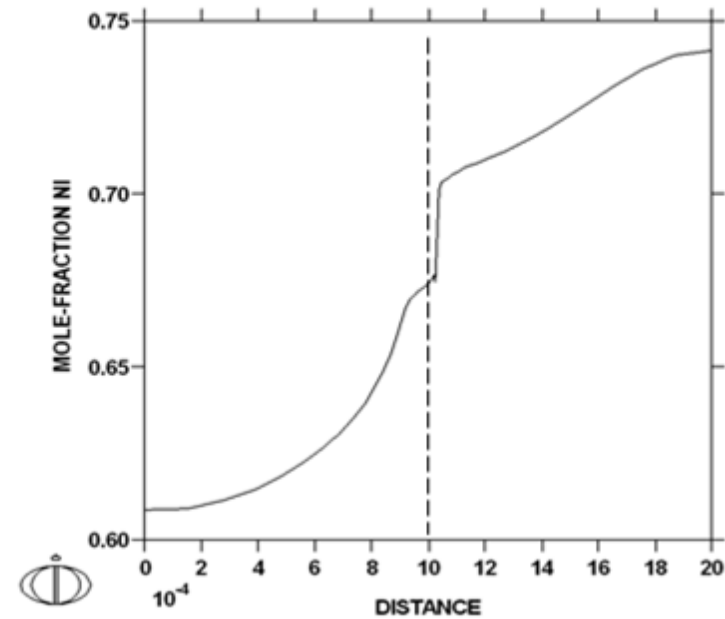
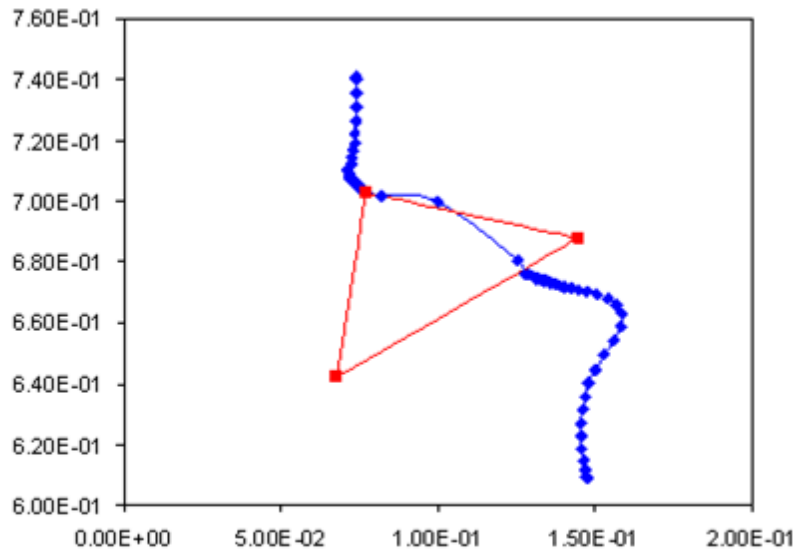
DICTRA (2010-03-03:16.36.40) : AL-CR-Ni at T=1473.15 K

TIME = 720000

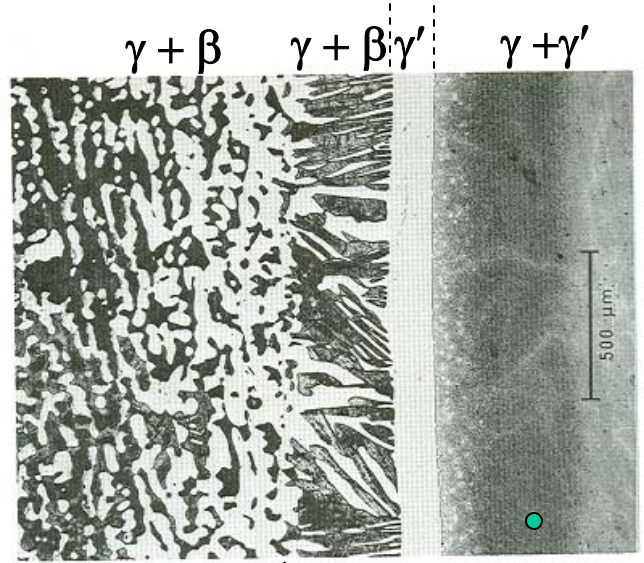
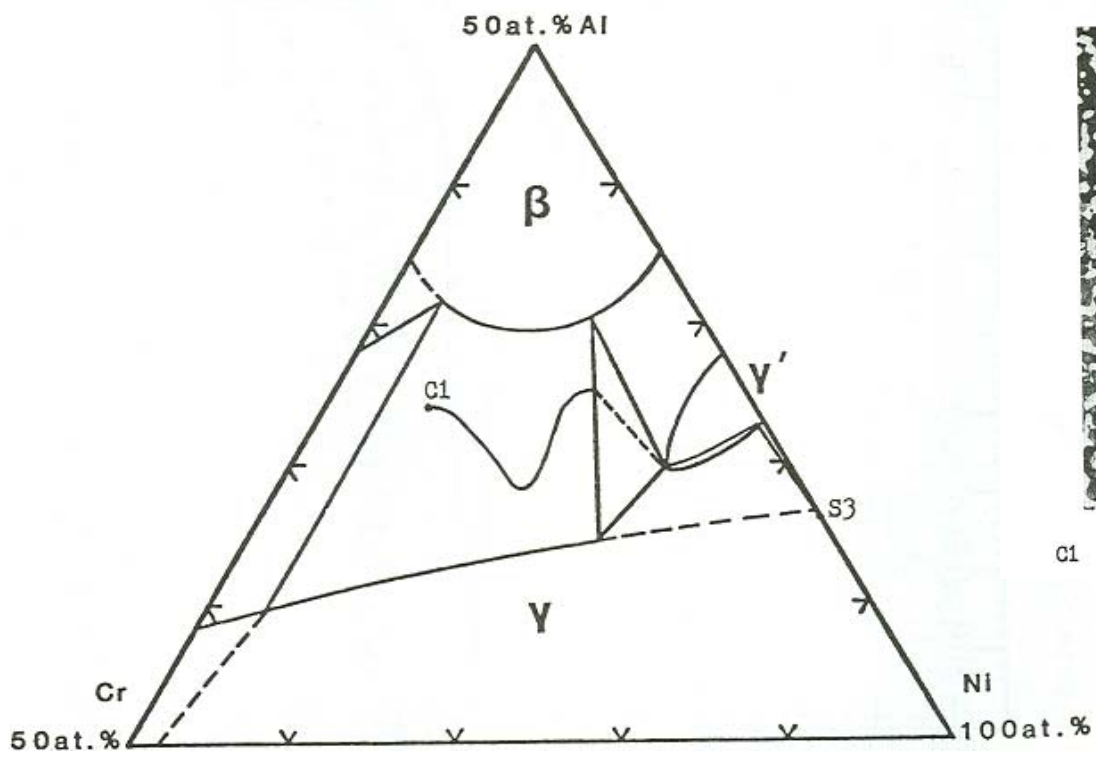


DICTRA (2010-03-03:16.39.45) : AL-CR-Ni at T=1473.15 K

TIME = 720000



Similar diffusion path in the $\gamma+\beta$ region given in the NASA Report

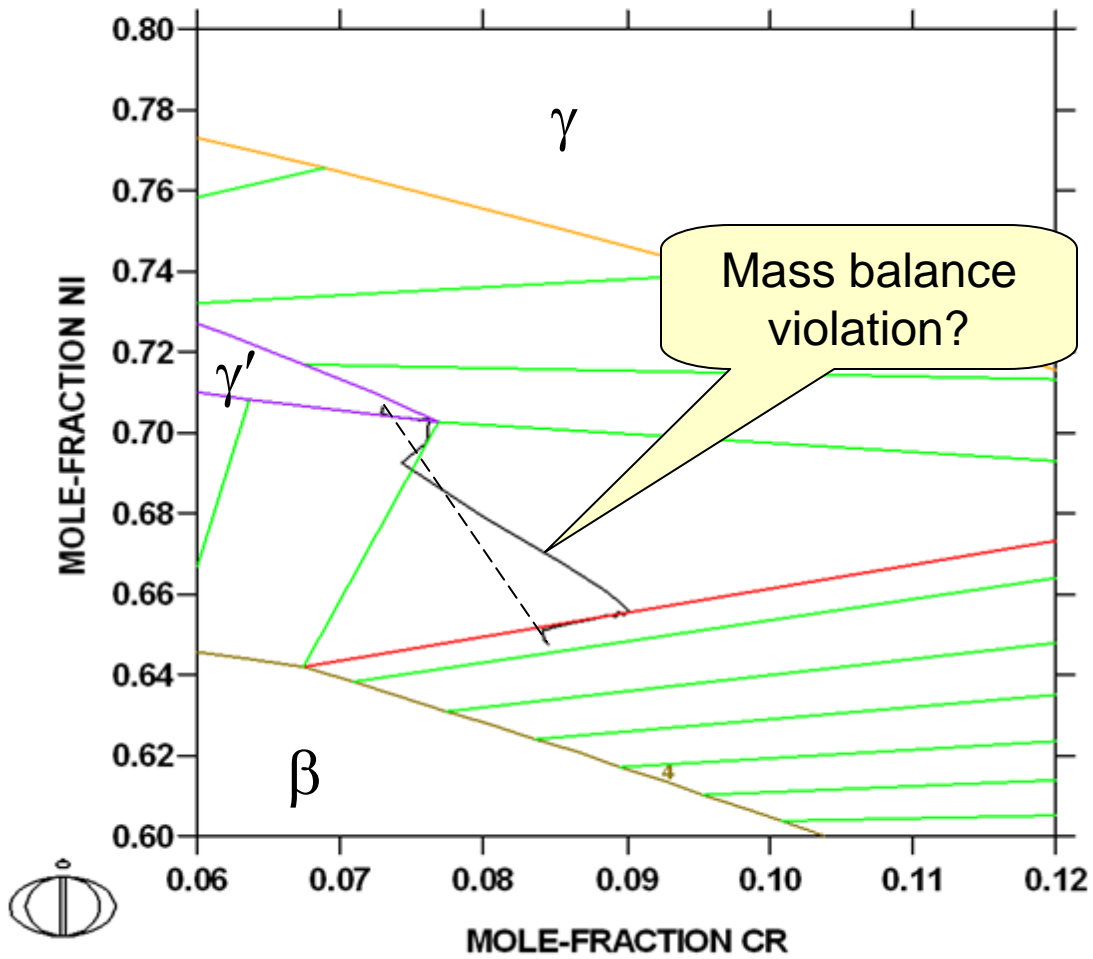


But the microstructure shows a sharp Type 0 boundary

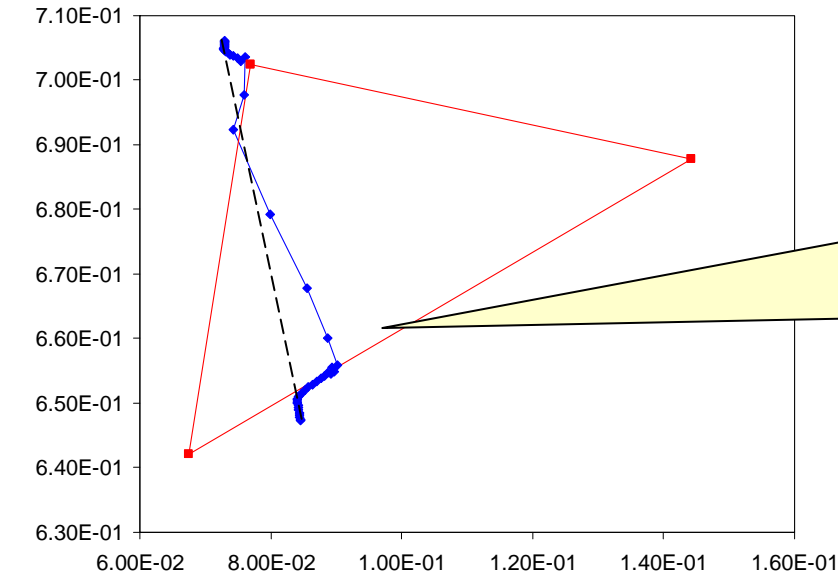
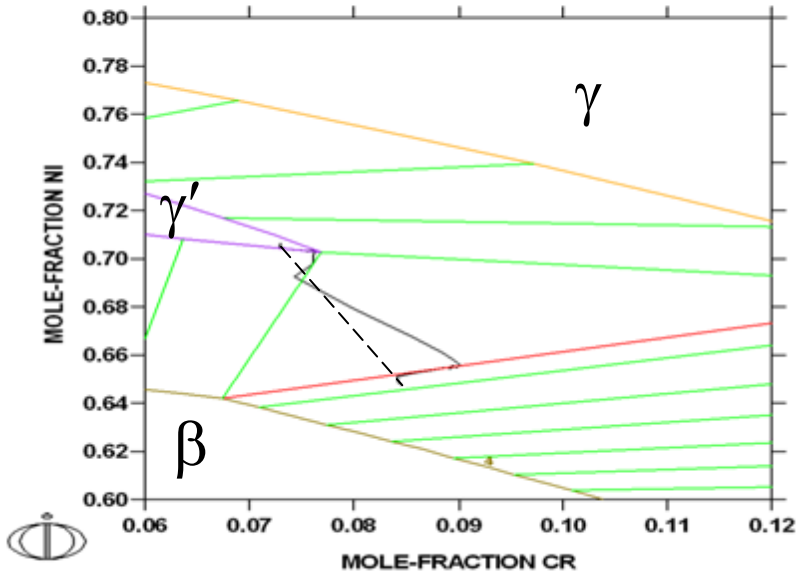
From: Lawrence A. Carol, NASA Contractor Report 174852, 1985.

DICTRA (2010-03-17:16.51.02) : AL-CR-NI at T=1473.15 K

TIME = 720000

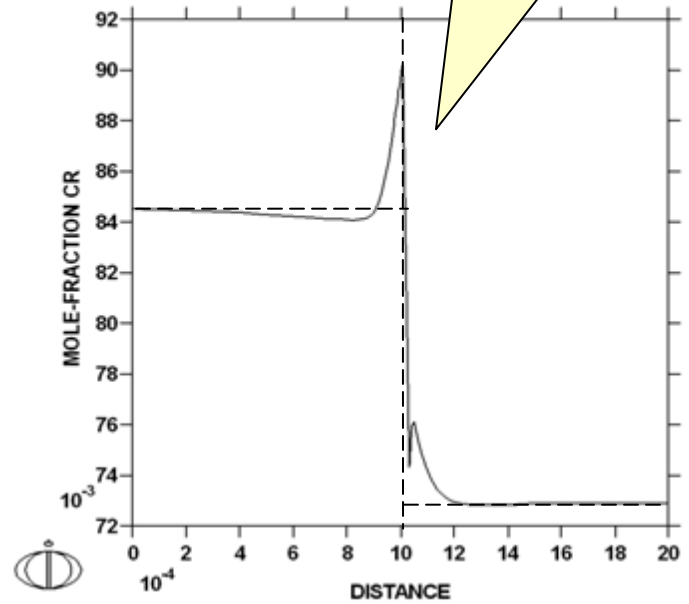


DICTRA (2010-03-17:16.51.02) : AL-CR-NI at T=1473.15 K
 TIME = 720000



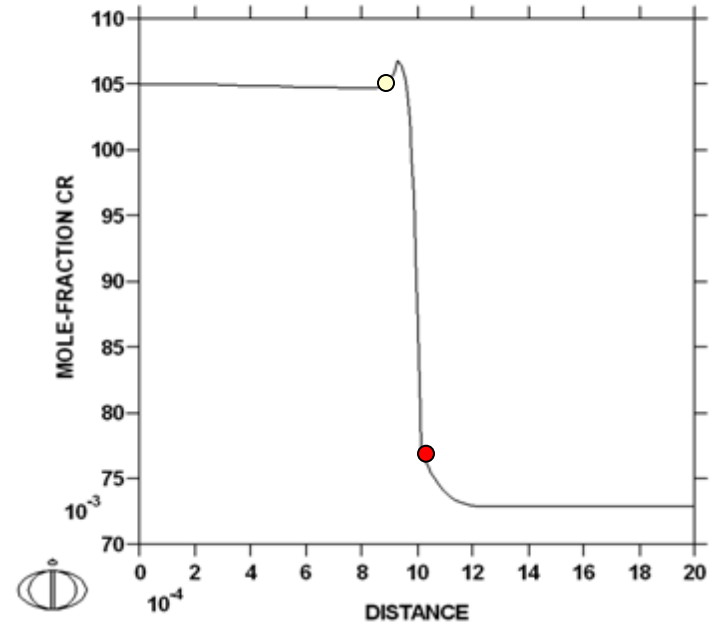
Diffusion path doesn't cross the line between the initial alloys

DICTRA (2010-03-18:10.38.29) :
 TIME = 720000

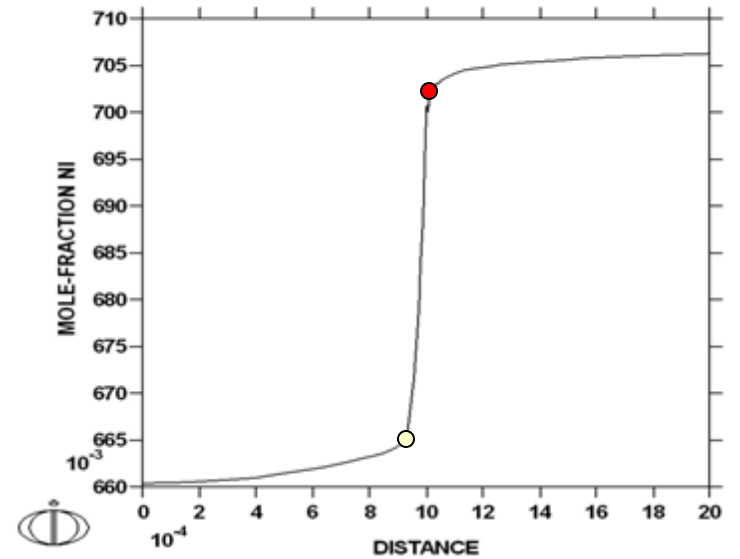


Extra Cr on both sides of the initial interface

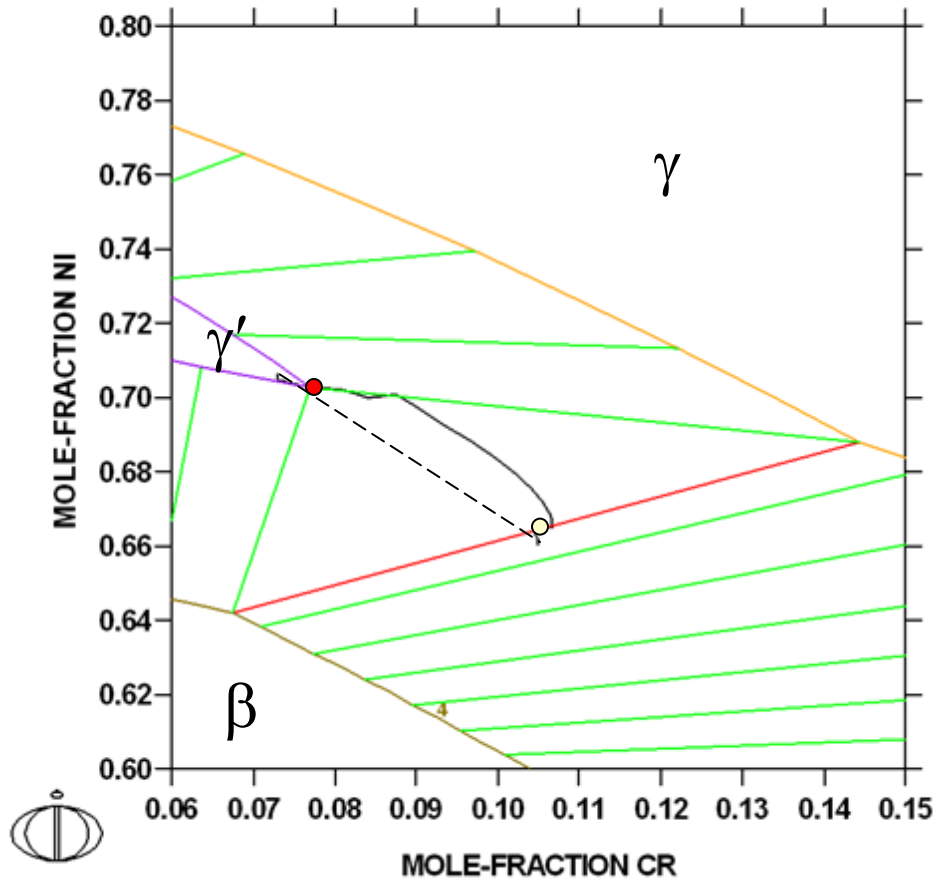
DICTRA (2010-03-19:09.33.01) : AL-CR-NI at T=1473.15 K
TIME = 720000



DICTRA (2010-03-19:09.34.23) : AL-CR-NI at T=1473.15 K
TIME = 720000



DICTRA (2010-03-19:08.20.11) : AL-CR-NI at T=1473.15 K
TIME = 720000



Summary

- Homogenization model successfully predicted a Type 3 boundary
- Questionable observations in homogenization model simulations
 - diffusion path at a Type 1a boundary
 - large deviations from a linear diffusion path
in a two phase region
 - apparent mass balance violation