

Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout)

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NIST S 7101.56

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1. PURPOSE

This suborder establishes the safety requirements necessary to protect NIST employees and covered associates (hereafter referred to as “employee²”) from exposure to hazardous energy during the servicing or maintenance of machines or equipment (hereafter referred to as “equipment”), and the organizational roles and responsibilities for ensuring that those requirements are met.

2. BACKGROUND

- a. NIST must meet or exceed the requirements established by Occupational Safety and Health Administration in [29 Code of Federal Regulations \(CFR\) 1910.147](#), The Control of Hazardous Energy. Implementation of this suborder fulfills those requirements.
- b. Work involving exposure³ to electrical hazards (e.g. shock, arc flash) from work on, near, or with conductors or equipment in electric-utilization installations, NIST must meet or exceed the requirements established by OSHA in [29 CFR 1910.333](#), Selection and Use of Work Practices. Implementation of this suborder and NIST Suborder (S) 7101.64, Electrical Safety fulfills those requirements.
- c. This suborder supersedes NIST Health and Safety Instruction (HSI) 21, Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout), June 1994.

¹ For revision history, see Appendix A.

² The term "employee" shall represent federal employees and covered NIST associates to be consistent with terminology used in 29 CFR 1910.147.

³ Exposed (as applied to energized electrical conductors or circuit parts) – Capable of being inadvertently touched or approached nearer than a safe distance by a person. It is applied to electrical conductors or circuit parts that are not suitably guarded, isolated, or insulated.

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33 3. APPLICABILITY

- 34 a. The provisions of this suborder apply to equipment servicing and maintenance activities,
35 conducted by NIST employees, covered associates, and non-Research-and-Development
36 (non-R&D) contractors that could harm an individual if the equipment being serviced or
37 maintained were to unexpectedly energize, start up, or release stored energy.
38
- 39 b. When servicing or maintenance activities are conducted exclusively by non-R&D
40 contractors, Organizational Units (OUs) need only follow Section 6g and meet the Affected-
41 Employee training requirements in Section 6j.
42
- 43 c. Applicability to Normal Production Operations.
44
- 45 (1) The provisions of this suborder apply to servicing and maintenance that takes place
46 during normal production operations only when:
47
- 48 (a) A NIST employee or covered associate is required to remove or bypass a guard or
49 other safety device; or
50
- 51 (b) A NIST employee or covered associate is required to place any part of his/her body
52 into an area on a machine or piece of equipment where work is actually performed
53 upon the material being processed (point of operation) or where an associated danger
54 zone exists during an equipment operating cycle.
55
- 56 (2) The provisions of this suborder do not apply to minor tool changes and adjustments and
57 other minor servicing activities that take place during normal production operations if
58 these activities are routine, repetitive, and integral to the use of the equipment for
59 production, provided that the work is performed using alternative measures, such as
60 machine guarding, that provide effective protection.
61
- 62 d. For work involving exposure to electrical hazards (e.g. shock, arc flash) from work on, near,
63 or with conductors or equipment in electric-utilization installations, the electrical LOTO
64 requirements of NIST N 7101.64, Electrical Safety, not the LOTO requirements of this
65 suborder, apply.
66
- 67 e. Where the work to be performed only involves the operation of circuit breakers or service
68 disconnects to perform LOTO and the tasks involved do not result in exposing any electrical
69 or electro-mechanical circuits, components, or parts, the LOTO requirements of this
70 suborder, not the electrical LOTO requirements of NIST N 7101.64, Electrical Safety, apply,
71 but those performing the task of operating circuit breakers or service disconnects shall be

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72 trained and qualified to perform those tasks in accordance with the requirements of NIST N
73 7101.64, Electrical Safety.

74
75 f. Exclusions. The provisions of this suborder do NOT apply to:

76
77 (1) The act of taking equipment out of service provided no hazards to personnel exist.

78
79 (2) Work on cord- and plug-connected electrical equipment that meets ALL of the following
80 conditions:

81
82 (a) The equipment has a single energy source;

83
84 (b) All hazardous energy to which employees could be exposed can be controlled by
85 unplugging the equipment; and

86
87 (c) The plug is under exclusive control of the employee servicing or maintaining the
88 equipment.

89
90 (3) Hot-tap operations involving transmission and distribution systems for substances such as
91 gas, steam, water, or petroleum products are performed on pressurized pipelines,
92 provided that it can be demonstrated that:

93
94 (a) Continuity of service is essential;

95
96 (b) Shutdown of the system is impractical;

97
98 (c) Special equipment (e.g., bolted blinds and blank flanges) is used which will provide
99 proven effective protection for NIST employees and covered associates; and

100
101 (d) Documented procedures are followed.

102 103 104 4. REFERENCES

105 a. [29 CFR 1910.147](#), The Control of Hazardous Energy (lockout/tagout).

106
107 b. [29 CFR 1910.333](#), Selection and Use of Work Practices.

108
109 c. ANSI Z535.5, Safety Tags and Barricade Tapes (for Temporary Hazards) (most recent
110 version).

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112 d. [NIST O 7101.00](#), Occupational Safety and Health Management System

113

114

115 5. APPLICABLE NIST DIRECTIVES

116 a. NIST S 7101.20: [Work and Worker Authorization Based on Hazard Reviews](#)

117

118 b. NIST N 7101.64: [Electrical Safety](#)

119

120

121 6. REQUIREMENTS

122 a. General Requirements

123

124 (1) OUs shall establish energy-control procedures, employee training, and annual inspections
125 prior to conducting servicing or maintenance on equipment where the unexpected
126 energizing, startup, or release of stored energy could occur and cause injury.

127

128 (2) LOTO locks and tags are not to be used for equipment removed from service when that
129 equipment presents no hazards to personnel.

130

131 (3) Tagout without Lockout

132

133 (a) If an energy-isolating device is not capable of being locked out by any means, a
134 tagout system shall be used.

135

136 (b) If an energy-isolating device is capable of being locked out, lockout shall be used
137 unless it can be demonstrated that the utilization of a tagout system will provide
138 employees and covered associates with full protection, which requires that ALL of
139 the following be met:

140

141 i. The tagout device shall be attached at the same location that the lockout device
142 would have been attached.

143

144 ii. Full compliance with all tagout-related provisions of this suborder shall be
145 demonstrated.

146

147 iii. Such additional elements as are necessary to provide the equivalent safety
148 available from the use of a lockout device shall be demonstrated. Additional
149 means to be considered shall include the implementation of additional safety
150 measures such as removal of an isolating circuit element, blocking of a

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controlling switch, opening of an extra disconnecting device, or removal of a valve handle to reduce the likelihood of inadvertent energization.

- (c) Whenever replacement or major repair, renovation, or modification of equipment is performed, and whenever new equipment is installed, energy-isolating devices for such equipment shall be designed to accept a lockout device whenever the unexpected energization or startup of the equipment, or release of stored energy, could cause injury to employees.

b. Requirements for Written LOTO Procedures

- (1) Written LOTO procedures are required unless ALL of the following circumstances pertain:

- (a) The equipment has no potential for stored or residual energy or re-accumulation of stored energy after shut down which could endanger employees;
- (b) The equipment has a single energy source which can be readily identified and isolated;
- (c) The isolation and locking out of that energy source will completely de-energize and deactivate the equipment;
- (d) The equipment is isolated from that energy source and locked out during servicing or maintenance;
- (e) A single lockout device will achieve a locked-out condition;
- (f) The lockout device is under the exclusive control of the Authorized Employee performing the servicing or maintenance;
- (g) The servicing or maintenance does not create hazards for Other Employees; and
- (h) The OU, in utilizing this exception, has had no accidents involving the unexpected activation or re-energization of the equipment during servicing or maintenance.

- (2) If a written procedure is required, the Authorized Employee shall:

- (a) Use NIST's online energy-control procedure application to develop an equipment-specific LOTO procedure; or

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191 (b) If not using NIST's online energy-control procedure application, ensure that the
192 procedure clearly and specifically outlines the scope, purpose, authorization, rules,
193 and techniques to be utilized for the control of hazardous energy, and the means to
194 enforce compliance, including, but not limited to, the following:

- 195
- 196 i. A specific statement of the intended use of the procedure;
- 197
- 198 ii. Specific procedural steps for shutting down, isolating, blocking, and securing the
199 equipment to control hazardous energy;
- 200
- 201 iii. Specific procedural steps for the placement, removal, and transfer of LOTO
202 devices and the responsibility for them; and
- 203
- 204 iv. Specific requirements for testing the equipment to determine and verify the
205 effectiveness of LOTO devices and other energy-control measures.
- 206

207 c. Conduct of LOTO

208 (1) Each OU shall establish a procedure for tracking the application of LOTO locks and tags
209 when equipment is required to be taken out of service for 24 hours or more and LOTO
210 devices are applied. The information shall be readily available for auditing purposes and
211 contain at a minimum the following information:

- 212
- 213 (a) Tag number (if applicable);
- 214
- 215 (b) Name of employee applying the LOTO device and tag;
- 216
- 217 (c) Date and time LOTO devices and tags are applied;
- 218
- 219 (d) Location and equipment being locked and tagged, including where the LOTO devices
220 are applied; and
- 221
- 222 (e) Date LOTO devices are removed.
- 223

224 (2) LOTO shall be performed only by trained Authorized Employees in the following
225 sequence.

- 226
- 227 (a) Notifications shall be initiated prior to LOTO to ensure area supervisors and affected
228 personnel are aware of the energy source being locked out or controlled. This
229 notification should also include the anticipated duration of the shutdown. Authorized
230 Employees will also advise on any support equipment that may be impacted,

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231 additional safety precautions being taken, and the type of control device(s) being
232 used.

233

234 (b) Preparations for the shutdown shall begin after all notifications have been made.

235 Authorized Employees must be fully aware of the type and magnitude of the energy,
236 associated hazards, and control methods of the energy involved. Authorized

237 Employees shall refer to owner/service manuals of the equipment they are working on
238 to ensure they are fully aware of any and all associated hazards.

239

240 (c) In performing the shutdown, Authorized Employee shall first advise Affected

241 Employees that shutdown is taking place. They shall then locate the energy source(s)

242 (always looking for hidden energy sources) and follow the procedures established to

243 shut down the equipment as prescribed. An orderly shutdown must be utilized to

244 avoid any additional or increased hazard(s) to employees as a result of the equipment
245 stoppage.

246

247 (d) All energy-isolating devices that are needed to control the energy to the equipment

248 shall be physically located and operated by an Authorized Employee in such a

249 manner as to isolate the equipment from the energy source(s).

250

251 (e) LOTO devices shall be affixed to energy-isolating devices by Authorized Employees.

252

253 (i) Lockout devices, where used in accordance with this suborder, shall be affixed in
254 a manner that will hold the energy-isolating devices in a "safe" or "off" position.

255

256 (ii) A lock and a tag shall be placed on each disconnecting means used to de-
257 energize equipment on which work is to be performed. The lock shall be attached
258 so as to prevent persons from operating the disconnecting means unless they
259 resort to undue force or the use of tools.

260

261 (iii) Tagout devices, where used in accordance with this suborder, shall be affixed in

262 such a manner as will clearly indicate that the operation or movement of energy-

263 isolating devices from the "safe" or "off" position is prohibited. Where tagout

264 devices are used with energy-isolating devices designed with the capability of

265 being locked, the tag attachment shall be fastened at the same point at which the

266 lock would have been attached. Where a tag cannot be affixed directly to the

267 energy-isolating device, the tag shall be located as close as safely possible to the

268 device, in a position that will be immediately obvious to anyone attempting to

269 operate the device.

270

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271 (f) After LOTO devices have been applied to energy-isolating devices, all potentially
272 hazardous stored or residual energy shall be relieved, disconnected, restrained, or
273 otherwise rendered safe. If there is a possibility of re-accumulation of stored energy
274 to a hazardous level, verification of isolation shall be continued until the servicing or
275 maintenance is completed, or until the possibility of such accumulation no longer
276 exists.

277
278 (g) Prior to starting work on equipment that has been locked or tagged out, the
279 Authorized Employee shall verify that isolation and de-energization of the equipment
280 have been accomplished.

281
282 (h) Before LOTO devices are removed and energy is restored to the equipment, actions
283 shall be taken by the Authorized Employee(s) to ensure that:

284
285 (i) The work area is inspected to ensure that any nonessential items have been
286 removed and that the equipment components (e.g., guards) are operationally
287 intact;

288
289 (ii) The work area is checked to ensure that all employees have been safely
290 positioned or removed;

291
292 (iii) After LOTO devices have been removed by the Authorized Employee(s) who
293 applied them but before energy is restored to the equipment, Affected Employees
294 are notified of the removal of the LOTO devices; and

295
296 (iv) When the Authorized Employee who applied a LOTO device is unavailable to
297 remove it, that device may be removed under the procedures outlined in Section
298 6h.

300 d. Temporary Removal of LOTO Devices

301 In situations in which LOTO devices must be temporarily removed from the energy-isolating
302 device and the equipment energized to test or position it or a component thereof, the
303 following steps shall be taken in sequence:

304
305 (1) Clear the equipment of tools and materials;

306
307 (2) Remove employees from the equipment area;

308
309 (3) Remove the LOTO devices;

310

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- 311 (4) Energize and proceed with testing or positioning; and
312
313 (5) De-energize all systems and reapply energy-control measures in accordance with Section
314 6c of this suborder to continue the servicing and/or maintenance.
315
- 316 e. Group LOTO Procedure
317 When multiple Authorized Employees (including servicing contractors) perform service or
318 maintenance on the same piece of equipment, a supervisor or Primary Authorized Employee
319 may determine that a group LOTO procedure is appropriate.
320
- 321 (1) General Requirements
322
- 323 (a) When more than one employee would be required to apply a LOTO device to the
324 same isolation point, a group LOTO device shall be utilized to allow each
325 employee's LOTO lock to be affixed at the disconnecting device.
326
- 327 (b) When it is not practical to have all authorized employee LOTO locks to be attached
328 at the electrical power disconnecting device, a group lockbox shall be utilized.
329
- 330 (c) When LOTO is required to be performed and doing so requires securing multiple
331 energy sources with multiple authorized employees, a lockbox shall be utilized.
332
- 333 (2) When servicing or maintenance is performed by a crew, craft, department, or other
334 group, that entity shall utilize a procedure that affords the employees a level of
335 protection equivalent to the implementation of a personal LOTO device.
336
- 337 (3) When a group lockbox is required, all of the following requirements apply:
338
- 339 (a) A group LOTO lock shall be applied to each disconnecting device;
340
- 341 (b) The group LOTO lock keys shall be placed in the lockbox;
342
- 343 (c) All employees, including the Principal Authorized Employee, shall affix their
344 LOTO locks to the lockbox; and
345
- 346 (d) The Principal Authorized Employee shall then affix a Job LOTO lock and tag to
347 lockbox.
348
- 349 (4) The Principal Authorized Employee shall convene a meeting of all group members
350 covered under the LOTO procedure.

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351 (5) The Primary Authorized Employee may delegate a Principal Authorized Employee the
352 primary responsibility for a specified group working under the protection of the group
353 LOTO procedure. Supervisory responsibility is then vested in the Principal Authorized
354 Employee for the specific employees working under the protection of the group LOTO
355 devices.

356
357 (6) Each member of the specified group shall be trained and Authorized as described in this
358 suborder's training requirements.

359
360 (7) The Principal Authorized Employee shall ensure that each step of the written LOTO
361 procedure has been completed and shall ascertain the exposure status of individual group
362 members with regard to the lockout or tagout of the equipment.

363
364 (8) Each Authorized Employee performing work on the equipment shall ensure every step
365 of the written procedure has been completed prior to placing their personal LOTO
366 device on the group LOTO device, group lockbox, or comparable mechanism when
367 he/she begins work.

368
369 (9) When the work has been completed, and after each employee has removed his/her
370 respective lock or tag from the group LOTO device, the Principal Authorized Employee
371 shall remove his/her LOTO lock or tag from the group LOTO device and return the
372 equipment to service as described in the procedure.

373 374 f. LOTO Procedures for Shift Changes

375 The following procedures shall be utilized during shift or personnel changes to ensure the
376 continuity of LOTO protection, including provision for the orderly transfer of LOTO device
377 protection between departing and oncoming employees, to minimize exposure to hazards
378 from the unexpected energization or start-up of the equipment, or the release of stored
379 energy.

380
381 (1) The requirements for group LOTO apply.

382
383 (2) The group LOTO lock shall remain attached to each energy control device.

384
385 (3) The job lock shall remain affixed to the lockbox or other approved group LOTO device.

386
387 (4) All off-going shift employees shall remove their individual LOTO locks and tags from
388 the lockbox or other approved group LOTO device.

389

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- 390 (5) The off-going principal authorized employee shall brief the oncoming person in charge of
391 the status of the project and inform all oncoming employees of any potential hazards.
392
- 393 (6) The person in charge of the off-going shift shall transfer custody of the key for the job
394 LOTO lock attached to the lockbox or approved group LOTO device to the oncoming
395 person in charge.
396
- 397 (7) All oncoming Authorized Employees shall place their locks and/or tags onto the group
398 LOTO device.
399
- 400 (8) Before work begins, the oncoming Authorized Employees shall verify isolation and de-
401 energization of the equipment that has been locked or tagged out prior to restarting work.
402
- 403 g. LOTO Conducted by Non-R&D Contractors
404
- 405 (1) Contracting Officers (COs) or Contracting Officer Representatives (CORs) overseeing
406 non-R&D contractor shall ensure non-R&D contractors are not permitted to commence
407 work on NIST equipment when LOTO is required until:
408
- 409 (a) They have been provided with a copy of this suborder by the controlling NIST
410 organization and understand the requirements for LOTO devices;
411
- 412 (b) They have exchanged LOTO programs with the controlling NIST organization;
413
- 414 (c) The exchange of LOTO programs has been documented using the exchange-of-
415 LOTO-programs form provided by the Office of Safety, Health, and Environment
416 (OSHE); and
417
- 418 (d) Information concerning non-R&D contractor LOTO procedures has been
419 communicated to NIST Affected Employees.
420
- 421 (2) When LOTO is performed by non-R&D contractors, the CO or COR shall ensure the
422 following:
423
- 424 (a) Prior to the non-R&D contractor performing their LOTO steps, the NIST organization
425 responsible for the system and/or equipment being turned over to the contractor shall:
426
- 427 i. Document and obtain the non-R&D contractor's agreement via the COR on the
428 condition/status of the system and/or equipment being turned over; and
429

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- 430 ii. Affix their LOTO device(s) on all sources of energy and verify zero energy.
431
- 432 (b) The non-R&D contractor has applied their LOTO devices in accordance with their
433 contractor safety plan accepted by NIST.
434
- 435 (c) Prior to any testing of any system or equipment that requires re-introducing the
436 system or equipment into the NIST infrastructure, the NIST organization responsible
437 for the system and/or equipment shall ensure by applicable means that doing so
438 would have no impact to the NIST infrastructure.
439
- 440 (d) Prior to acceptance and the introduction or re-introduction of any system into the
441 NIST infrastructure by a non-R&D contractor, the NIST organization responsible for
442 the system or equipment shall ensure by applicable means that doing so would have
443 no impact to the NIST infrastructure.
444
- 445 (e) The LOTO lock and tag from the responsible NIST organization for the system
446 and/or equipment shall be the last to be removed.
447
- 448 h. LOTO Device Emergency Removal
449 WARNING: This is considered to be an emergency procedure only to be undertaken in
450 extreme circumstances with a supervisor's approval and using extreme care.
451
- 452 (1) When an Authorized Employee who has applied a LOTO device is not available to
453 remove it, someone in his/her immediate supervisory chain may authorize its removal in
454 accordance with this emergency removal procedure. If the Authorized Employee's
455 immediate supervisor is not available, the emergency removal may be performed by one
456 level of management above the Authorized Employee's immediate supervisor or by a
457 delegated individual with documented authorization from the immediate supervisor.
458
- 459 (2) The following steps must be performed and documented using the Emergency LOTO
460 Lock Removal form provided by OSHE.
461
- 462 (a) The supervisor must verify the Authorized Employee is not at the NIST facility. The
463 supervisor must make every reasonable effort to contact the Authorized Employee.
464 This may include a telephone call to the employee's home or other location. These
465 efforts must be documented (e.g., email, registered letter, voicemail, or telephone
466 verbal assurance, etc.) by the supervisor.
467
- 468 (b) If the Authorized Employee is contacted, the supervisor must inform the employee
469 that his/her LOTO device is being removed.

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- 470 (c) The supervisor must verify that it is safe to remove the LOTO device.
471
- 472 (d) The supervisor may then authorize another Authorized Employee to remove the
473 LOTO device.
474
- 475 (e) The supervisor must ensure that before the LOTO device owner returns to work,
476 he/she is presented with the removed device and is informed of the reasons for the
477 emergency removal.
478
- 479 (f) The emergency procedure form must be signed by the supervisor and the Authorized
480 Employee who removed the lock and be retained in the OU's LOTO records.
481
- 482 i. Locks, Tags, and Devices
483 Locks, tags, chains, wedges, key blocks, adapter pins, self-locking fasteners, or other
484 hardware shall be provided by the OU for isolating, securing, or blocking of equipment from
485 hazardous-energy sources.
486
- 487 (1) General lockout device and tag requirements include:
488
- 489 (a) Locks and tags must be singularly identifiable;
490
- 491 (b) LOTO locks and tags must be the only devices used for controlling hazardous energy
492 during LOTO activities and not be used for any other purpose (e.g., for restricting
493 access, removing from service);
494
- 495 (c) LOTO locks and tags must be durable enough to withstand wet, damp, and corrosive
496 environments while they are in use on equipment, including ensuring the print on the
497 tag does not become illegible;
498
- 499 (d) LOTO locks must be substantial enough to prevent removal without the use of
500 excessive force or unusual techniques such as using bolt cutters or other metal cutting
501 tools.
502
- 503 (e) LOTO tags must be substantial enough to prevent inadvertent or accidental removal,
504 which means that they must have an attachment means of a non-reusable type, be
505 attachable by hand, be self-locking, and be non-releasable with a minimum unlocking
506 strength of no less than 225 N (50 lbf)), i.e., they must have characteristics similar to
507 those of a one-piece all-environment-tolerant nylon cable tie; and
508

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509 (f) LOTO locks and tags shall be standardized in at least one of the following criteria:
510 color, shape, or size; additionally, in the case of tagout devices, print and format shall
511 be standardized.

512

513 (2) NIST's LOTO device requirements are as follows:

514

515 (a) Personal locks shall have red bodies and singular keys.

516

517 i. Authorized Employees with multiple personal locks may have them keyed alike.

518

519 ii. Personal locks must contain the identity of the Authorized Employee who applies
520 them.

521

522 iii. Supervisors of Authorized Employees may maintain copies of the keys to the
523 Authorized Employees' personal locks to be used for emergency device removal
524 only.

525

526 (b) Group locks shall have red bodies and be keyed alike for each work group.

527

528 i. Group locks must contain the identity of the responsible organization that applies
529 them.

530

531 ii. Supervisors shall maintain copies of the keys to the group locks to be used for
532 emergency device removal only.

533

534 (c) Job locks shall have red bodies and may be keyed alike.

535

536 i. Job locks must contain the identity of the responsible organization that applies
537 them.

538

539 ii. Supervisors may maintain copies of the keys to the job locks to be used for
540 emergency device removal only.

541

542 (d) Lockout tags must meet the following ANSI Z535.5 criteria:

543

544 i. Danger tags shall have the word "Danger" in safety white letters on a rectangular
545 safety red background;

546

547 ii. Danger tags will be on a safety white stock;

548

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- 549 iii. Danger tags must contain the action statement, “Do Not Operate,” and, at a
550 minimum, the Authorized Employee’s name and phone number; pictures and
551 other information may also be applied to the tags;
552
- 553 iv. Tag message lettering should be typed; if printed messages are applied, they must
554 be legibly printed; and
555
- 556 v. Backs of tags may be used to give additional operating instructions, emergency
557 procedures, emergency telephone numbers, or to reinforce the critical role that the
558 LOTO tag holds; the back side of the tag should refer to the front side of the tag
559 and vice versa.
560
- 561 vi. Locks and tags used in conducting group LOTO shall:
562
- 563 (i) Have a distinguishing identifier to identify it as a group LOTO lock and tag;
564
- 565 (ii) Locks shall be keyed alike to a single master for each work group; and
566
- 567 (iii) Each lock shall be individually numbered.
568
- 569 vii. Locks and tags used as job locks and tags shall:
570
- 571 (i) Have a distinguishing identifier to identify them as a job LOTO lock and/or
572 tag;
573
- 574 (ii) Locks shall not be keyed alike; and
575
- 576 (iii) Each lock shall have an identifier indicating the organization to which it
577 belongs.
578
- 579 j. Training
580
- 581 (1) Training of Authorized, Affected, and Other Employees and their Official First-Level
582 Supervisors
583
- 584 (a) Authorized Employees shall complete:
585
- 586 i. The training provided by OSHA on the Control of Hazardous Energy (LOTO)
587 program;
588

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- 589 ii. The activity-specific training required by hazard reviews applicable to the work to
590 be conducted, including
591
- 592 (i) The recognition of applicable hazardous-energy sources;
593
- 594 (ii) The types and magnitudes of those hazardous-energy sources; and
595
- 596 (iii) The methods and means necessary for energy isolation and control, and
597 where tagout only is used, review of the following key points:
598
- 599 [i] Tags are essentially warning devices and do not provide physical
600 restraint like a lock.
601
- 602 [ii] When a tag is attached to an energy-isolating device, it is not to be
603 removed without authorization from the Authorized Employee identified
604 on the tag, and it is never to be bypassed, ignored, or otherwise defeated.
605
- 606 [iii] Tags shall be legible and understandable by all employees.
607
- 608 [iv] Tags and their means of attachment shall be made of materials that will
609 withstand environmental conditions encountered while on equipment.
610
- 611 [v] Tags may evoke a false sense of security and their meaning needs to be
612 understood as part of the overall energy-control program.
613
- 614 [vi] Tags shall be securely attached to energy-isolating devices so they
615 cannot be inadvertently or accidentally detached during use.
616
- 617 (b) Affected Employees shall complete activity-specific training on the purpose and use
618 of the energy-control procedures applicable to their assigned duties and work
619 locations and of the prohibition of attempts to re-start or re-energize equipment that is
620 locked or tagged out.
621
- 622 (c) When non-R&D contractors perform LOTO, Affected Employees shall be provided
623 with information concerning the non-R&D contractor's energy control procedures.
624
- 625 (d) The activity-specific training for Authorized and Affected Employees shall be
626 provided by Authorized Employees who have successfully completed training on the
627 Control of Hazardous Energy (LOTO) program and who are familiar with the
628 applicable energy sources and the methods and means of energy isolation and control.

Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout)

629 (e) Official First-Level Supervisors of Authorized Employees shall complete the training
630 provided by OSHE on the Control of Hazardous Energy (LOTO) program.

631

632 (f) Other employees shall complete training provided by OSHE on the general purpose
633 and use of energy-control procedures and of the prohibition of attempts to re-start or
634 re-energize equipment that is locked or tagged out.⁴

635

636 (2) Retraining of Authorized and Affected Employees

637

638 (a) Authorized and Affected Employees shall complete activity-specific retraining
639 whenever.⁵

640

641 i. A change in their job assignment requires Authorized and Affected Employees to
642 service and maintain or operate additional equipment or introduces them to new
643 energy sources;

644

645 ii. A change in equipment or its operation presents a new hazard;

646

647 iii. A change in LOTO procedures is introduced;

648

649 iv. A LOTO annual inspection points to a systemic deficiency warranting retraining;
650 or

651

652 v. A LOTO annual inspection, observation, or other condition reveals deviations
653 from LOTO procedures or an employee is found to lack knowledge of those
654 procedures.

655

656 (3) Training shall be documented and recorded in accordance with the requirements, roles,
657 and responsibilities in the Safety Education and Training suborder.

658

659 k. LOTO Annual Inspections

660

661 (1) Annual Inspection of LOTO Procedures.

662

⁴ This training is part of training assigned automatically by the NIST electronic safety-training application to all employees and covered associates entering on duty.

⁵ The requirements in Sections 6j(2)(a)i-iii coincide with requirements in the Hazard Review suborder (a) to conduct hazard reviews when changes to existing activities introduce new or increase existing hazards, and (b) for the authorization of employees.

Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout)

- 663 (a) Each energy-control procedure shall be separately inspected annually to ensure that
664 the energy-control procedure is adequate and is being properly implemented by
665 Authorized Employees.
666
- 667 (b) At a minimum, these inspections shall include a demonstration of the procedures by
668 Authorized Employees while servicing and/or maintaining equipment.
669
- 670 (c) The inspector, who must be an Authorized Employee other than the one(s) utilizing
671 the energy-control procedure being inspected, shall observe the implementation of the
672 energy-control procedure for the servicing and/or maintenance being evaluated and
673 talk with employees and covered associates implementing the procedure to determine
674 that all the requirements of this suborder are understood and being followed.
675
- 676 (d) The Authorized Employee performing the inspection may be someone who
677 previously has or currently implements the energy-control procedure being inspected,
678 as long as he/she is not implementing any part of the energy-control procedure while
679 it is being inspected.
680
- 681 (e) The inspector must be able to determine whether:
682
- 683 i. The steps in the energy-control procedure are being followed;
 - 684 ii. The employees involved know their responsibilities under the procedure; and
 - 685 iii. The procedure is adequate to provide the necessary protection, and, if inadequate,
686 what modifications are needed.
687
- 688
- 689
- 690 (f) Procedures may be reviewed together during one inspection as long as they involve
691 the same or similar types of energy-control methods.
692
- 693 (g) If procedures are grouped together for annual inspection, it is recommended that one
694 or more of the individual procedures (from the same group or from similar procedures
695 from the previous year) be reviewed on its own so that over time each procedure is
696 reviewed individually.
697
- 698 (2) Annual inspections shall be recorded using the LOTO inspection form provided by
699 OSHE and maintained by the OU until the completion of the next annual inspection. If
700 inspections reveal inadequate or improper LOTO procedures, the hazard or discrepancy
701 must be mitigated immediately and Authorized and Affected Employees must be
702 retrained as indicated in Section 6j.

Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout)

703 7. DEFINITIONS

- 704 a. Affected Employee – Any employee who uses equipment subject to being serviced or
705 maintained under LOTO, or whose job requires him or her to work in an area in which such
706 servicing or maintenance is being performed.
707
- 708 b. Authorized Employee – A person who has completed the required hazardous-energy-control
709 training (general and procedure-specific) and is authorized by their Division Chief or
710 designee to lock and tag out the energy-control points in specific equipment or apparatus in
711 order to perform service or maintenance. A person must be an Authorized Employee to apply
712 a lock or tag to control hazardous energy.
713
- 714 c. Capable of Being Locked Out – An energy-isolating device is considered capable of being
715 locked out if it has a hasp or other means to attach a lock, has a locking mechanism built into
716 it, or can be locked without dismantling, rebuilding, or replacing the energy-isolating device
717 or permanently altering its energy-control capability.
718
- 719 d. Energized – Connected to an energy source or containing stored energy.
720
- 721 e. Energy-Isolating Device – A mechanical device that physically prevents the transmission or
722 release of energy, including but not limited to the following: a manually operated electrical-
723 circuit breaker; a disconnect switch; a manually-operated switch by which the conductors of
724 a circuit can be disconnected from all ungrounded supply conductors and, in addition, no
725 pole can be operated independently; a line valve; a block; and any similar device used to
726 block or isolate energy. Push buttons, selector switches, and other control-circuit-type
727 devices are not energy-isolating devices.
728
- 729 f. Energy-Isolation Point – A location at which the flow or release of hazardous energy can be
730 prevented when a mechanism such as a valve, breaker, switch, blank off, or block-out is
731 placed in the “OFF” position. Control circuits such as computer-control circuitry and
732 software are not energy-isolation points.
733
- 734 g. Exclusive Control – A condition in which a employee has taken actions or is continuously in
735 a position to prevent (exclude) other individuals from re-energizing or starting equipment
736 while it is being serviced or maintained.
737
- 738 h. Group Lock Box – A key box containing the key(s) used to lock out equipment being
739 serviced by multiple Authorized Employees. Each Authorized Employee involved in the
740 servicing places his/her personal locks on the group lock box. The keys to the equipment
741 cannot be accessed until all Authorized Employees remove their locks.
742

Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout)

- 743 i. Group LOTO – A procedure to coordinate service or maintenance work by several
744 Authorized Employees on locked/tagged out equipment. More than one Authorized
745 Employee may need access to the locked/tagged out equipment because it has multiple
746 energy sources, requires multiple LOTO procedures, or the work to be performed extends
747 across shifts.
748
- 749 j. Group Lockout Devices – Locks and tags used for group LOTO.
750
- 751 k. Hazardous Energy – Energy capable of causing personal harm or property damage if it is not
752 controlled. Types of hazardous energy include, but are not limited to, electrical, mechanical,
753 rotational, gravitational, chemical, radioactive, hydraulic, pneumatic, and thermal.
754
- 755 l. Hazardous-Energy Control – The process of systematically implementing engineering and
756 administrative means to prevent hazardous energy from flowing to a person.
757
- 758 m. Hazardous-Energy-Control Procedure – An equipment-specific procedure Authorized
759 Employees must follow to safely control hazardous energy during servicing or maintaining of
760 the equipment.
761
- 762 n. Hazardous-Energy Source – Equipment, machine, apparatus, process piping, and so on,
763 which is a source of hazardous energy.
764
- 765 o. Hot Tap – A procedure used in servicing and/or maintenance that involves welding on a
766 piece of equipment (pipelines, vessels, or tanks) under pressure, in order to install
767 connections or appurtenances. Hot taps are commonly used to replace or add sections of
768 pipeline without the interruption of service for air, gas, water, steam, and petrochemical
769 distribution systems.
770
- 771 p. Job Lock - A lock used in the performance of LOTO to allow for maintaining continuity of a
772 lockout/tagout condition between shift or workgroup changes.
773
- 774 q. Lockout – The placement of a lockout device on an energy-isolating device, in accordance
775 with an established procedure, to ensure the energy-isolating device and the equipment being
776 controlled cannot be operated until the lockout device is removed.
777
- 778 r. Lockout Device – Any device that uses a positive means such as a lock, blank flanges, and
779 bolted slip blinds to hold an energy-isolating device in a safe position to prevent equipment
780 from unexpectedly energizing.
781

Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout)

- 782 s. Non-R&D Contractor – A NIST associate who performs non-R&D work at a NIST
783 workplace in accordance with the safety requirements of a contract or other legal
784 arrangement, such as a Memorandum of Understanding, with NIST Non-R&D contractors
785 include, but are not limited to, construction contractors; facilities contractors; equipment
786 installation, service, and maintenance contractors; Health Unit contractors; contract cafeteria
787 employees; and janitorial contractors.
788
- 789 t. Normal Operations – The utilization of equipment to perform intended functions.
790
- 791 u. Other Employee – An employee with duties that are or may be in an area where energy-
792 control procedures may be utilized.
793
- 794 v. Personal Lock (or Locks) – A singularly keyed lock, or singularly keyed locks, issued to an
795 Authorized Employee used exclusively for the control of hazardous energy.
796
- 797 w. Personal Lockout Devices – Locks and tags used for personal LOTO.
798
- 799 x. Personal LOTO – LOTO performed by a single Authorized Employee on equipment with
800 one of more sources of hazardous energy.
801
- 802 y. Primary Authorized Employee - A primary authorized employee would coordinate
803 authorized employee changes and affected workforces (multiple work crews) with equipment
804 operators before and after completion of servicing and maintenance operations that require
805 LOTO. He/she also has the responsibility to ensure continuity of protection with respect to
806 multi-shift energy isolation (e.g., through the use of a "Job Lock").
807
- 808 z. Principal Authorized Employee - Principal authorized employee(s) would be designated for
809 each workforce or crew. When more than one crew, craft, department, etc., is involved, one
810 principal authorized employee would account for a single group of servicing/maintenance
811 personnel. Each principal employee is responsible (to the primary authorized employee) for
812 maintaining accountability and for the individual exposure status of each employee in that
813 specific group in conformance with the company procedure.
814
- 815 aa. Servicing and/or Maintenance – Workplace activities such as constructing, installing, setting
816 up, adjusting, inspecting, and modifying equipment that could expose employees to the
817 unexpected release of hazardous energy. Maintenance activities may also include lubrication,
818 cleaning, or unjamming equipment, and making adjustments or tool changes.
819
- 820 bb. Setting up – Any work performed to prepare equipment to perform its normal operation.
821

Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout)

- 822 cc. Stored Energy – Energy located within any device after equipment is shut down. This
823 includes, but is not limited to, capacitors, tanks, pipes, springs, and flywheels.
824
- 825 dd. Tagout – The placement of a tagout device on an energy-isolating device, in accordance with
826 an established procedure, to indicate that the energy-isolating device and the equipment
827 being controlled shall not be operated until the tagout device is removed.
828
- 829 ee. Tagout Device – A prominent warning device, such as a tag and a means of attachment that
830 can be securely fastened to an energy-isolating device in accordance with an established
831 procedure, to indicate that the energy-isolating device and the equipment being controlled
832 may not be operated until the tagout device is removed.
833

834

835 **8. ACRONYMS**

- 836 a. CO – Contracting Officer
837
- 838 b. COR – Contracting Officer Representative
839
- 840 c. LOTO – Lockout/Tagout
841
- 842 d. OSHE – Office of Safety, Health, and Environment
843
- 844 e. OU – Organizational Unit
845
- 846 f. R&D – Research and Development
847

848

849 **9. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

- 850 a. OUs: Ensuring that the requirements in Section 6 are met.
851
- 852 b. Chief Safety Officer: Ensuring that the training specified in Sections 6j for Other Employees
853 is included in training assigned automatically by the NIST electronic safety-training
854 application to employees and covered associates entering on duty.
855

856

857 **10. AUTHORITIES**

858 There are no authorities specific to this suborder alone.
859

860

861

Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout)

862 **11. DIRECTIVE OWNER**

863 Chief Safety Officer

864

865

866 **12. APPENDICES**

867 A. Revision History

868

Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout)

869
870

Appendix A. Revision History

Version No.	Approval Date	Deployment Start Date	Effective Date	Brief Description of Change; Rationale
1	03/20/14	06/25/14	04/01/15	None – Initial document
2	11/05/15	11/05/15	11/05/15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Made suborder applicable to “associates”. • Added new Section 3c(1) to clarify the relationship between this suborder and NIST N 7101.64, Electrical Safety; added “to which employees could be exposed” to Section 3c(2)(b).
3	03/14/18	07/30/19	04/01/20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Changed “Associates” and “Contractors” to “Covered Associates” and “Non-R&D Contractors” to align the suborder with NIST O 7101.00, Occupational Safety and Health Management System. • Indicated that LOTO locks and tags are not to be used for equipment taken out of service when that equipment presents no hazards to personnel. • Added requirements for tracking of locks and tags. • Added additional requirements for group LOTO. • Revised the LOTO procedure for shift changes. • Added additional requirements for LOTO conducted by non-R&D contractors.
4	06/17/19	07/30/19	04/01/20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The term "employee" replaces “worker” to represent federal employees and covered NIST associates to be consistent with terminology used in 29 CFR 1910.147. • The terms “Primary Authorized Employee” and “Principal Authorized Employee” have been added and defined. • The term “job lock” replaces “supervisor lock”.
5	01/07/21	NA	04/01/20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated suborder links.

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