



# NTIA/ITS's Programmatic Approach to Advanced Communications

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**ITS**



# Institute for Telecommunication Sciences

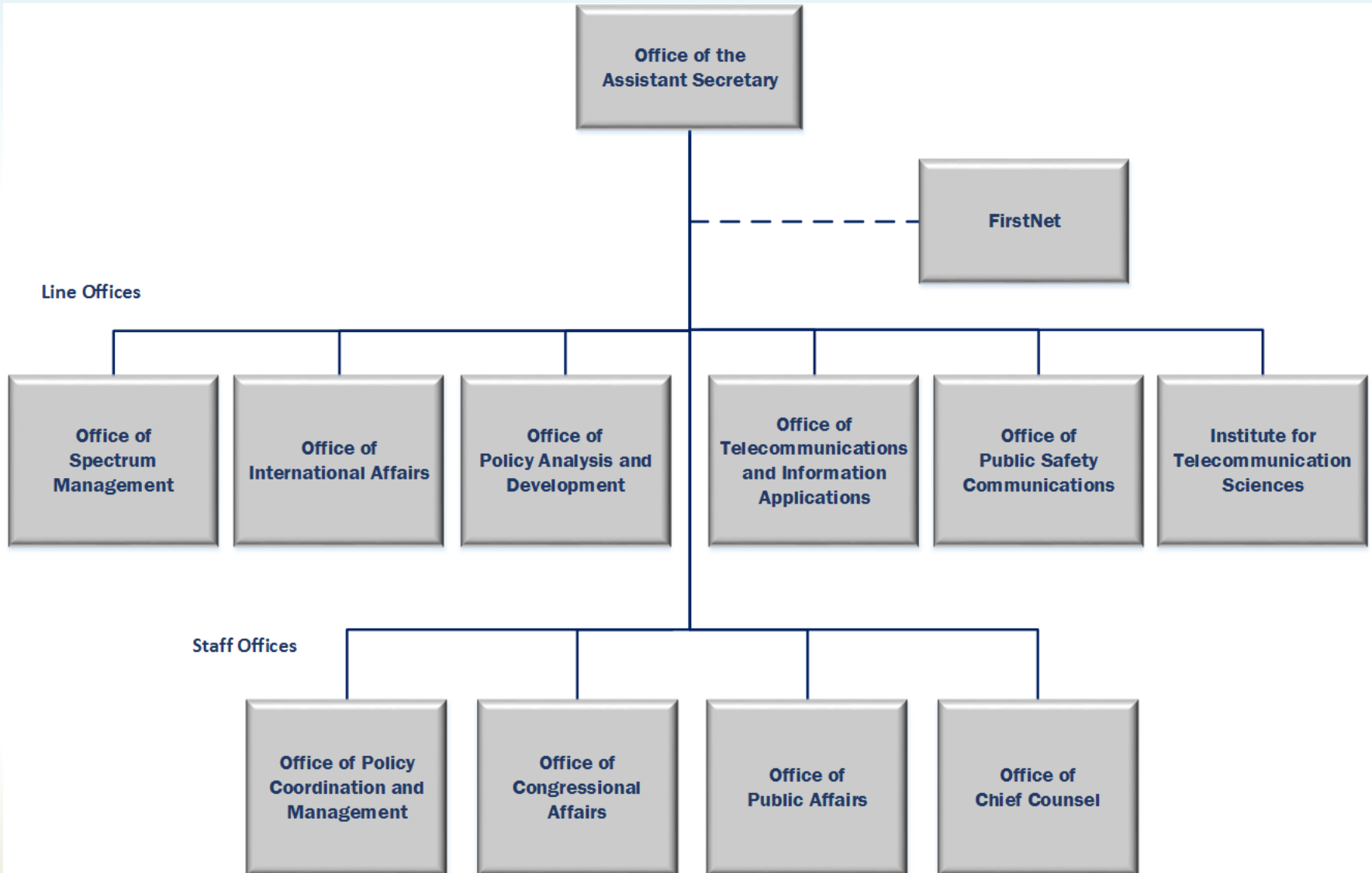
- NTIA's research and engineering laboratory; evolved from NBS Central Radio Propagation Laboratory.\*
- Supports telecommunication policy formation and research needs of U.S. government.
- Principal Federal resource for solving the telecommunications concerns of other Federal agencies, state and local Governments, private corporations and associations, and international organizations.



\* C. Gordon Little, "What on Earth Happened to the Central Radio Propagation Laboratory (CRPL)," *IEEE Antennas and Propagation Magazine*, Vol. 33, No. 4, August 1991.



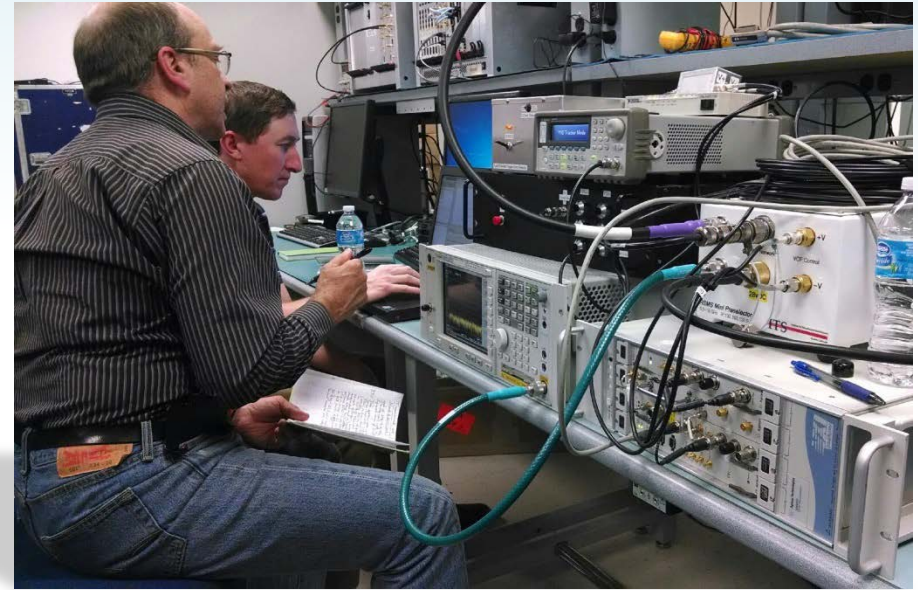
# National Telecommunications and Information Administration Structure





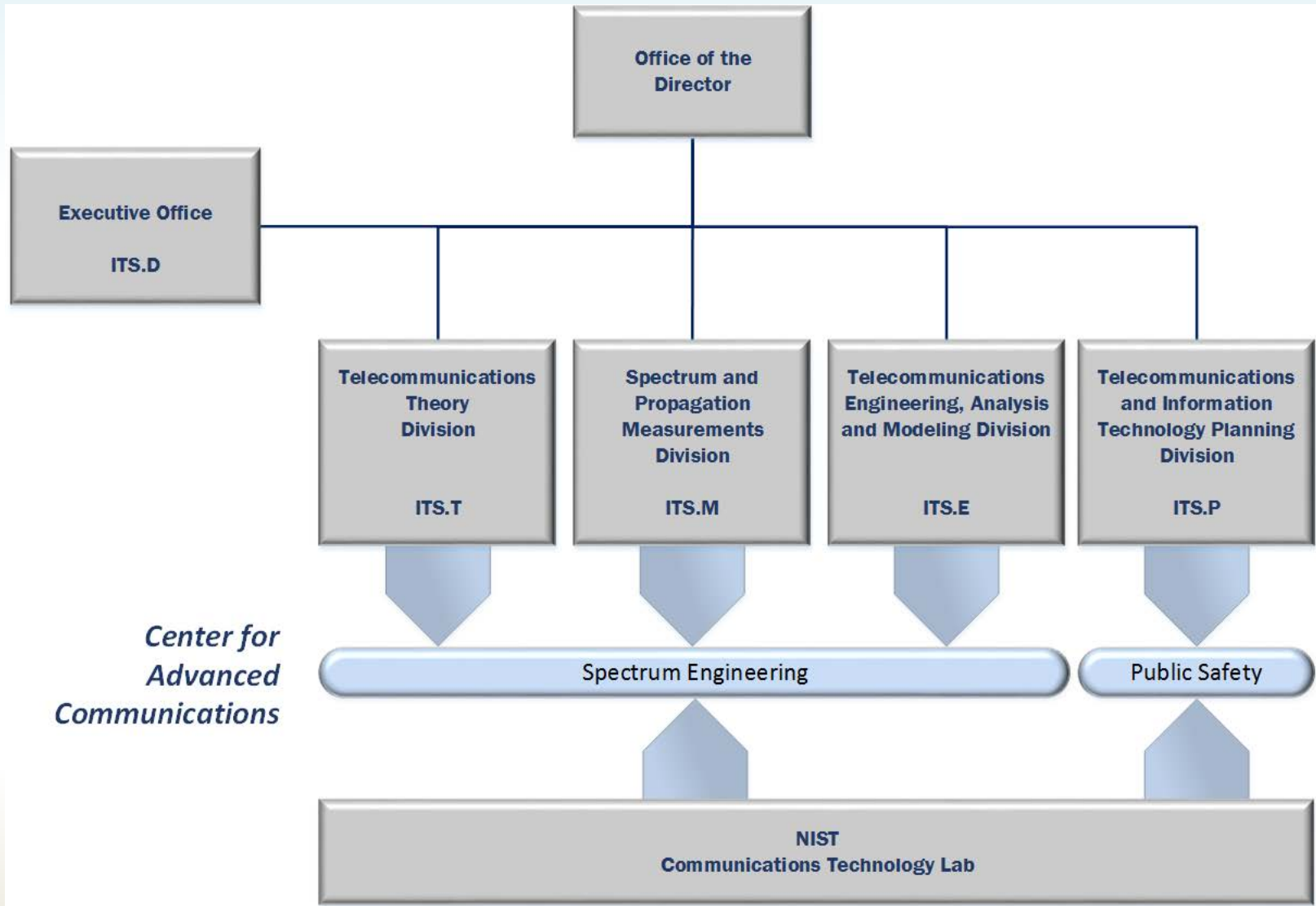
# Major Research Programs

- Radio propagation modeling
- Spectrum measurements
- ITU-T and ITU-R studies
- Audio, video and multimedia quality
- Public Safety Communications
- Spectrum sharing



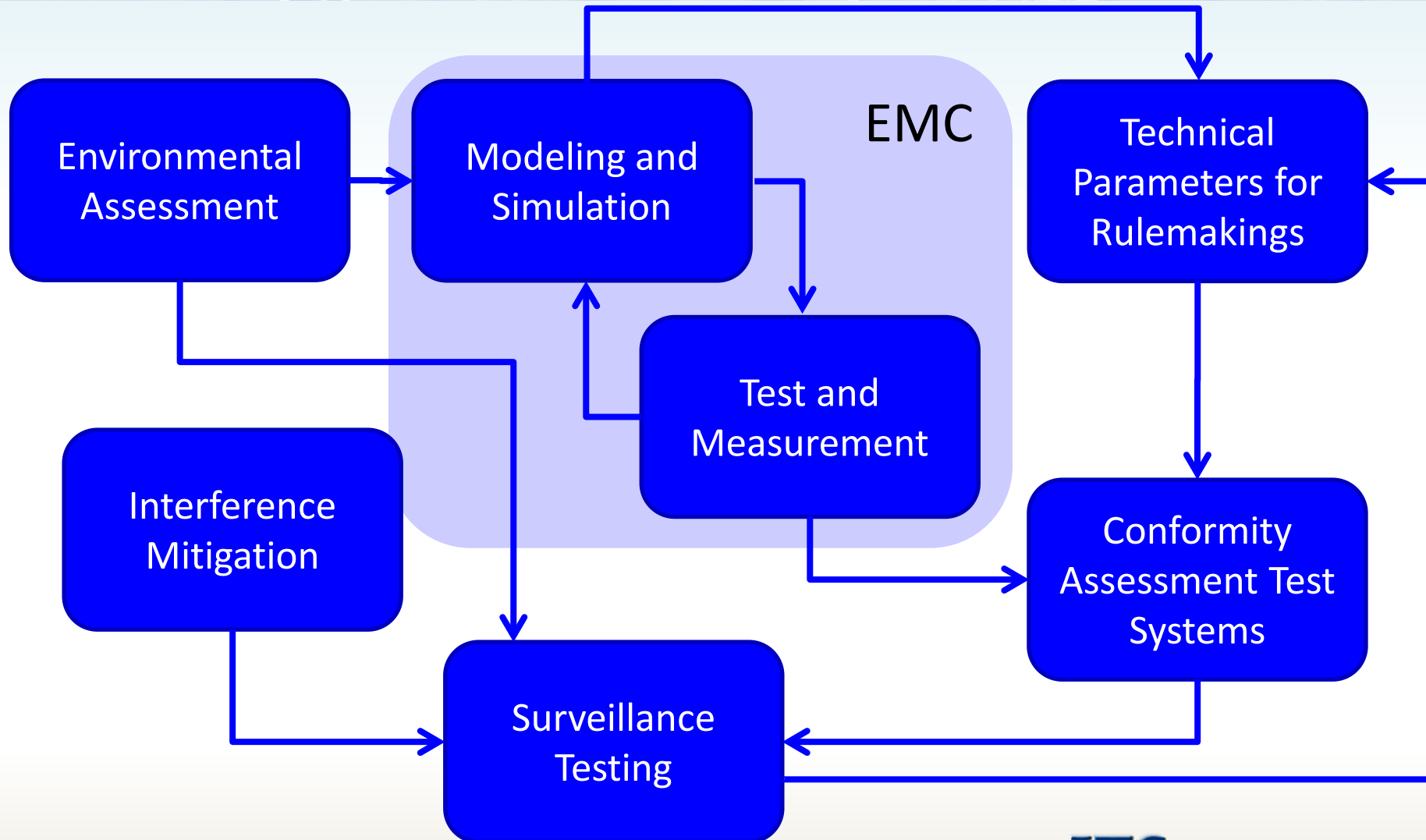


# Institute for Telecommunication Sciences Structure





# Spectrum sharing analyses







# Contemporary modeling example

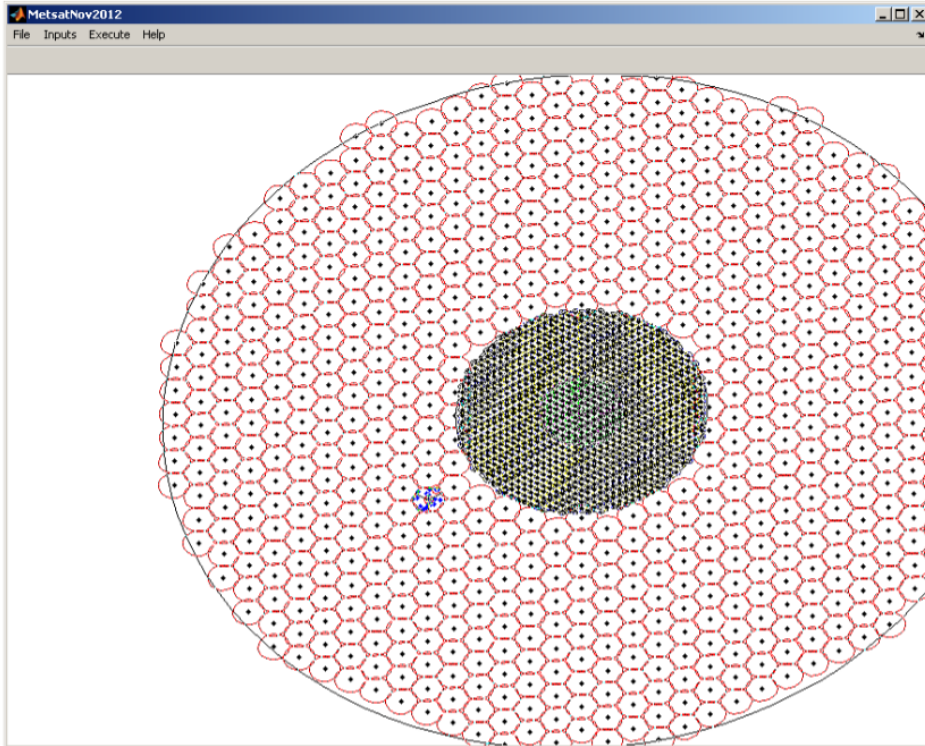


Figure 3. Example of Base Station Deployment Coverage Areas

WG1 approach

MetSat Rx at center of cluster

Urban: 1.6 km cell radius,  $n = 1088$

Suburban: 7 km cell radius,  $n = 670$

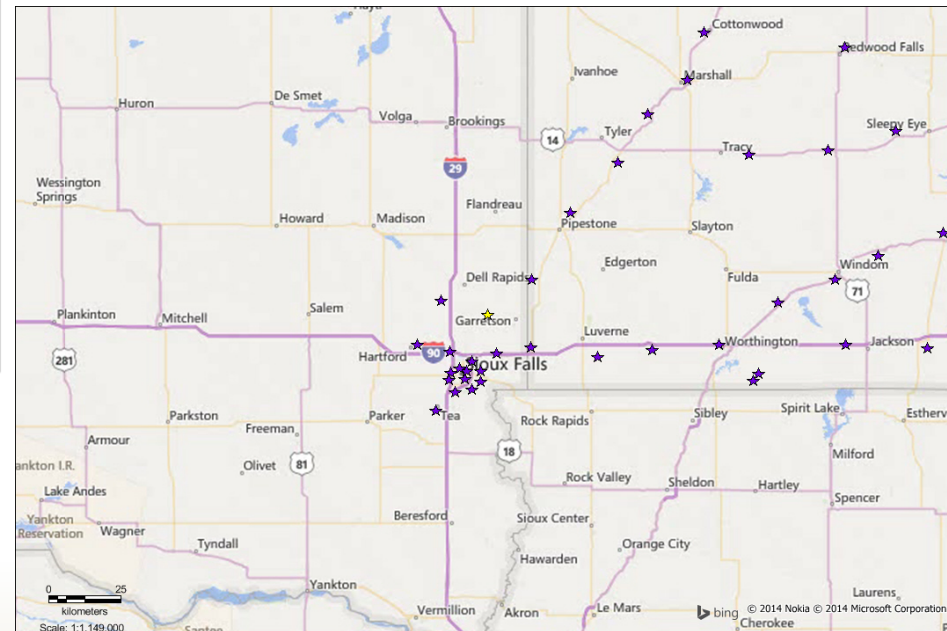
WG5 approach

Actual “randomized” carrier deployment

MetSat Rx ~ 20 km from city center

Urban:  $n = 15$

Suburban:  $n = 11$







# A new spectrum framework

- Presidential memoranda on spectrum—Jun 2010, Jun 2013
- NTIA fast track reports—Oct 2010
- NTIA 10-year plan and timetable—Oct 2010
- CSMAC Working Groups in support of AWS-3 auction—Jul 2012
- International Symposium on Advanced Radio Technologies (ISART) conferences on spectrum sharing—Jul 2010/11/12, May 2015
- Wireless Spectrum R&D (WSRD) group—Oct 2010
- National Advanced Spectrum and Communications Test Network (NASCTN) Table-Top Exercise—Jun 2013



# Programmatic approach

- Appropriated funds used to build capabilities and address research gaps
  - Radio Spectrum Measurement System
  - Clutter measurements
  - Aggregate models
  - System simulations
- Other agency projects and CRADAs enhance technical capabilities
  - 1755-1780 MHz CSMAC studies
  - DOT/Dedicated Short Range Communications (DSRC) study
  - Propagation modeling website (PMW)
  - US Coast Guard radar compatibility study
- NTIA short term studies
  - 3.5 GHz Joint Working Group
  - Radar compatibility with WiFi and LTE
  - Propagation modeling
  - Spectrum Sharing Innovation Test-bed



# Key FY15 Spectrum Activities

## Measurements research

- 1755-1780 and 3550-3650 MHz clutter measurements—statistical analysis, system verification, and test design
- Millimeter wave measurements

## 1695-1710 MHz band

- Spectrum Engineering Tool (SET), i.e. EMC analysis and coordination

## 1755-1780 MHz band

- Propagation modeling, interference protection criteria, and clutter measurements for Spectrum Sharing Test & Demonstration project

## 3.5 GHz band

- Spectrum monitoring, propagation modeling, and clutter measurements

## 5 GHz band

- U-NII DFS compatibility—analysis and conformity assessment
  - DOT/Dedicated Short Range Communications (DSRC) study
- ISART 2015—modeling, simulation, test and measurement



# Abbreviations

CSMAC—Commerce Spectrum Management Advisory Committee

EMC—Electromagnetic Compatibility

IAA—Interagency Agreement

ITU—International Telecommunications Union

OSM—(NTIA) Office of Spectrum Management

PMW—Propagation Modeling Website

PSCR—Public Safety Communications Research

TSR—Telecommunication Sciences Research

WG—Working Group