



The Office of the National Coordinator for
Health Information Technology

Key Considerations: HIPAA Security, Health IT, and the App Ecosystem

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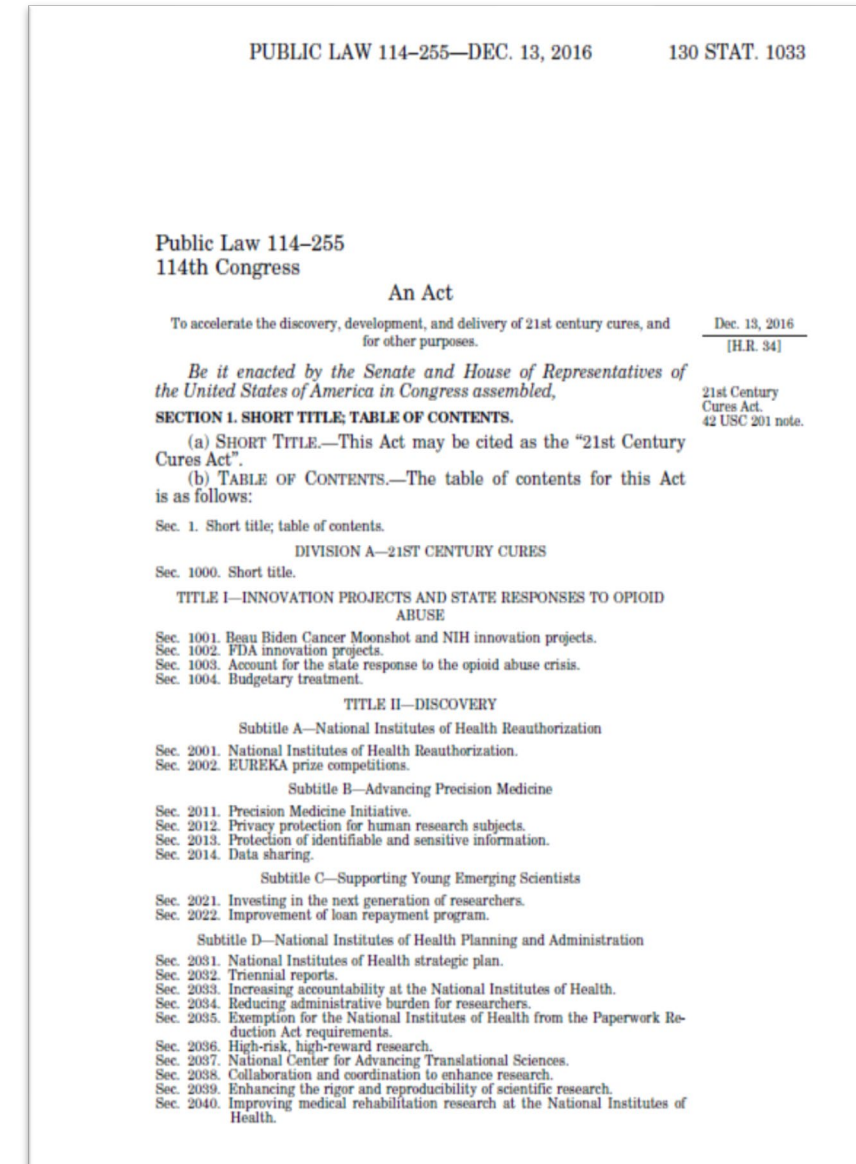


- The Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology
 - Sits within US Department of Health and Human Services
 - Created in 2004 under an Executive Order by President Bush
 - Codified in law in 2009 as part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (“Recovery Act”)
 - Substantial new authority as a result of the 21st Century Cures Act (2016)

Title IV of the 21st Century Cures Act



- **Sec. 4001.** Assisting doctors and hospitals in improving quality of care for patients.
- **Sec. 4002.** Transparent reporting on usability, security, and functionality.
- **Sec. 4003.** Interoperability.
- **Sec. 4004.** Information blocking.
- **Sec. 4005.** Leveraging electronic health records to improve patient care.
- **Sec. 4006.** Empowering patients and improving patient access to their electronic health information.



Two Statutory Sections Implemented Together

45 CFR Part 170.4xx and Part 171.2xx



Conditions of Certification

- **170.401 Information blocking**
- **170.402 Assurances**
- **170.403 Communications**
- **170.404 APIs (without special effort)**
- **170.405 Real world testing**
- **170.406 Attestations**
- **170.40x EHR Reporting Program**

Information Blocking Exceptions

- **171.201 Preventing harm**
- **171.202 Promoting the privacy of electronic health information**
- **171.203 Promoting the security of electronic health information**
- **171.204 Recovering costs reasonably incurred**
- **171.205 Responding to requests that are infeasible**
- **171.206 Licensing of interoperability elements on reasonable and non-discriminatory terms**
- **171.207 Maintaining and improving health IT performance**

The Really Big Picture

Scope and Applicability



Information Blocking

Interfaces

Proprietary
APIs

Contracts

Business
Practices

Technical
Info

Conditions of
Certification

Services

Licenses
& Rights

Certification
Criteria

Etc.

- Applies to certified health IT developers, health information exchanges, health information networks, & health care providers
- Electronic health information is expected to be accessible, exchangeable, & useable unless an “interference” is required by law or covered by an exception(s)
- An action(s) covered by an exception(s) would not be subject to penalties or disincentives

- Applies only to health IT developers
- Also include maintenance of certification requirements

- Specify the technical requirements that software products presented for certification need to meet.

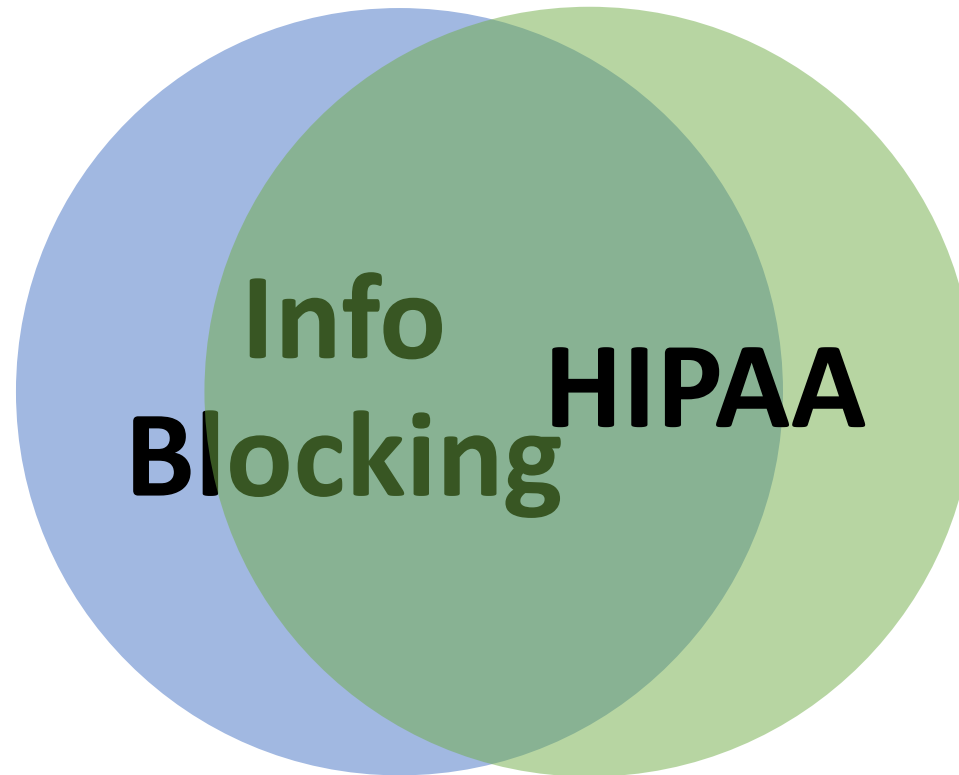
Who's covered?

Information Blocking vs HIPAA



(Actors)

- Developers of certified health IT
- Health information exchanges
- Health information networks
- Healthcare providers



(Covered Entities)

- Healthcare providers
- Health plans
- Healthcare clearinghouses

(Business Associates)

- All shapes and sizes

Points to consider:

- Likelihood that most info blocking actors will be a covered entity or business associate
- Healthcare provider is a term shared between the two regulatory structures

The Trusted Exchange Framework and Common Agreement



21st Century Cures Act - Section 4003(b)

“[T]he National Coordinator shall convene appropriate public and private stakeholders to develop or support a trusted exchange framework for trust policies and practices and for a common agreement for exchange between health information networks. The common agreement may include—

“(I) a common method for authenticating trusted health information network participants;

“(II) a common set of rules for trusted exchange;

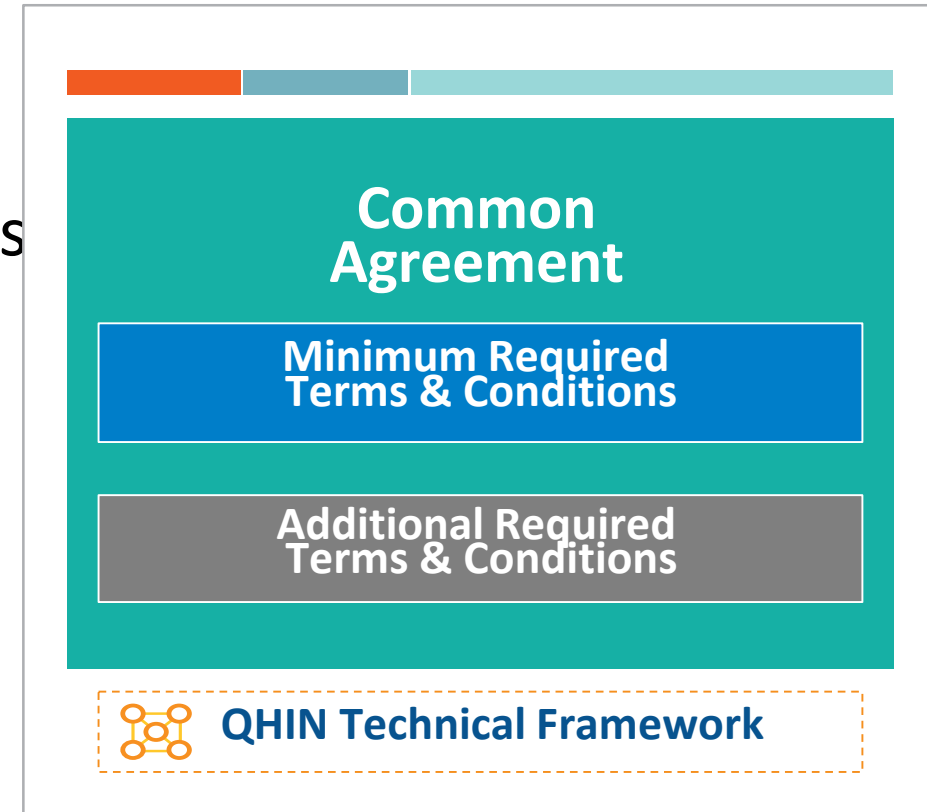
“(III) organizational and operational policies to enable the exchange of health information among networks, including minimum conditions for such exchange to occur; and

“(IV) a process for filing and adjudicating noncompliance with the terms of the common agreement.”

“[T]he National Coordinator shall publish on its public Internet website, and in the Federal register, the trusted exchange framework and common agreement developed or supported under paragraph B...”



- ONC Proposed Rule with respect to APIs
 - App registration
 - Secure connection
 - User authentication
 - App authorization
- TEFCA: minimum required terms and conditions (MRTCs) provisions that address:
 - data integrity
 - identity proofing
 - access control
 - user authentication
 - auditing





- Health IT Feedback
 - <https://www.healthit.gov/healthit-feedback>
- Interoperability Standards Advisory
 - <https://www.healthit.gov/isa/>
- Guide to Getting & Using Your Health Records
 - <https://www.healthit.gov/how-to-get-your-health-record/>
- Interoperability Proving Ground
 - <https://www.healthit.gov/techlab/ipg/>
- Certified Health IT Product List
 - <https://chpl.healthit.gov/>



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Thanks & Questions



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