

INVESTIGATION OF THE PRESSURE DYNAMICS OF FM-200 SYSTEM DISCHARGES

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Pressure Dynamic During Halocarbon Agent Discharge

Initial Negative Pressure Event

- ▶ Phase change from liquid to vapor at nozzle
- ▶ Heat absorbed from enclosure air
- ▶ Decrease in pressure to below atmospheric

Positive Pressure Event

- ▶ Heat transfer from enclosure and contents to cooled air
- ▶ Expansion of agent
- ▶ Increase in pressure to above ambient

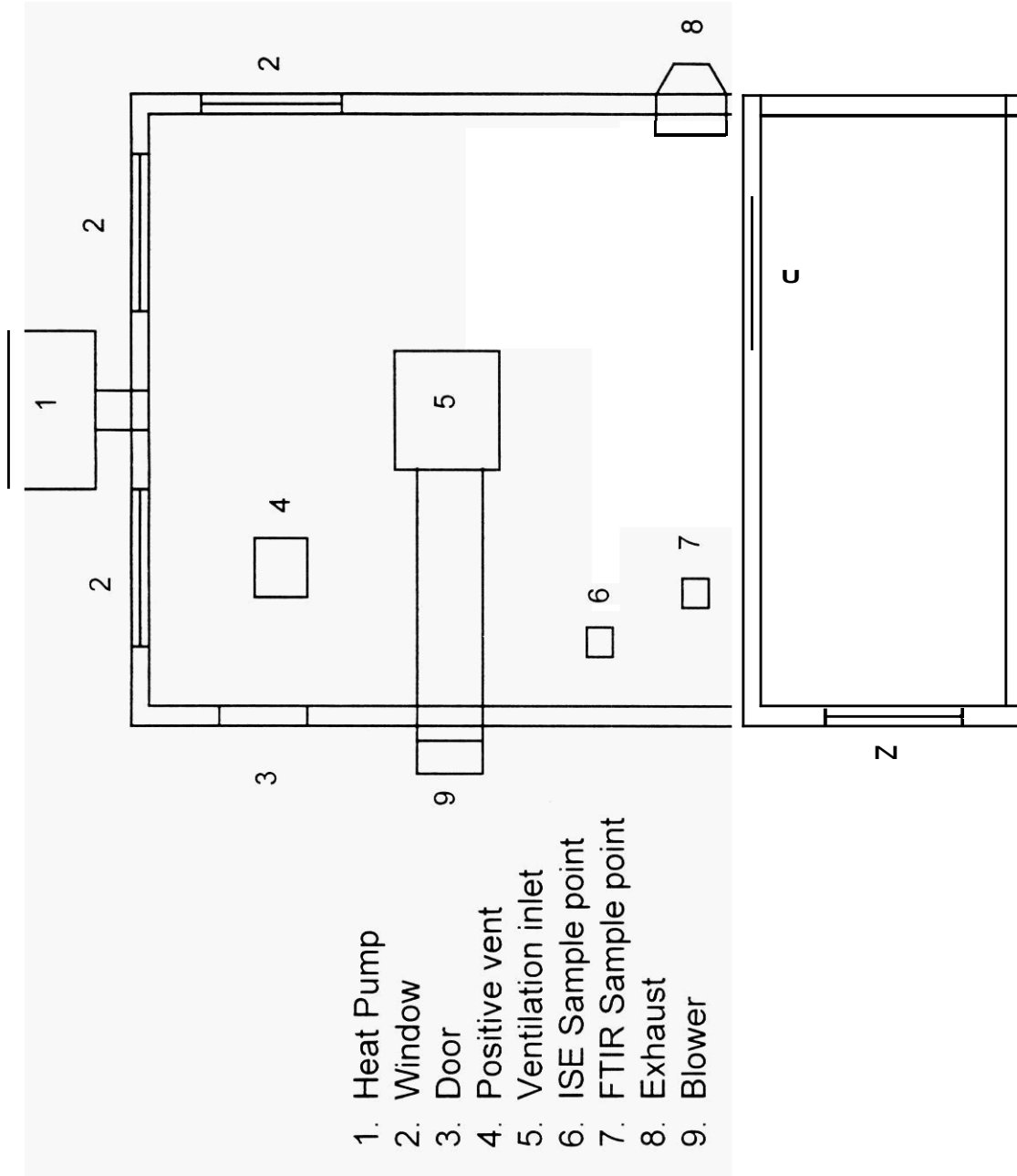
Pressure Dynamics of Halocarbon Agent Discharge

- Magnitude of pressure change dependent upon:
 - ▶ Agent properties
 - ▶ Agent concentration
 - ▶ Discharge time
 - ▶ Room dimensions
 - ▶ Leakage area
 - ▶ Fire size
 - ▶ Room Construction



Test Enclosure

- 8m x 4m x 3m height
- Volume = 95 cu.m.
- Concrete cinder block walls
- Ceiling floor 2 layers 3/4" plywood on 2x6 joists
- Equipped with ventilator, exhaust system



1. Heat Pump
2. Window
3. Door
4. Positive vent
5. Ventilation inlet
6. ISE Sample point
7. FTIR Sample point
8. Exhaust
9. Blower

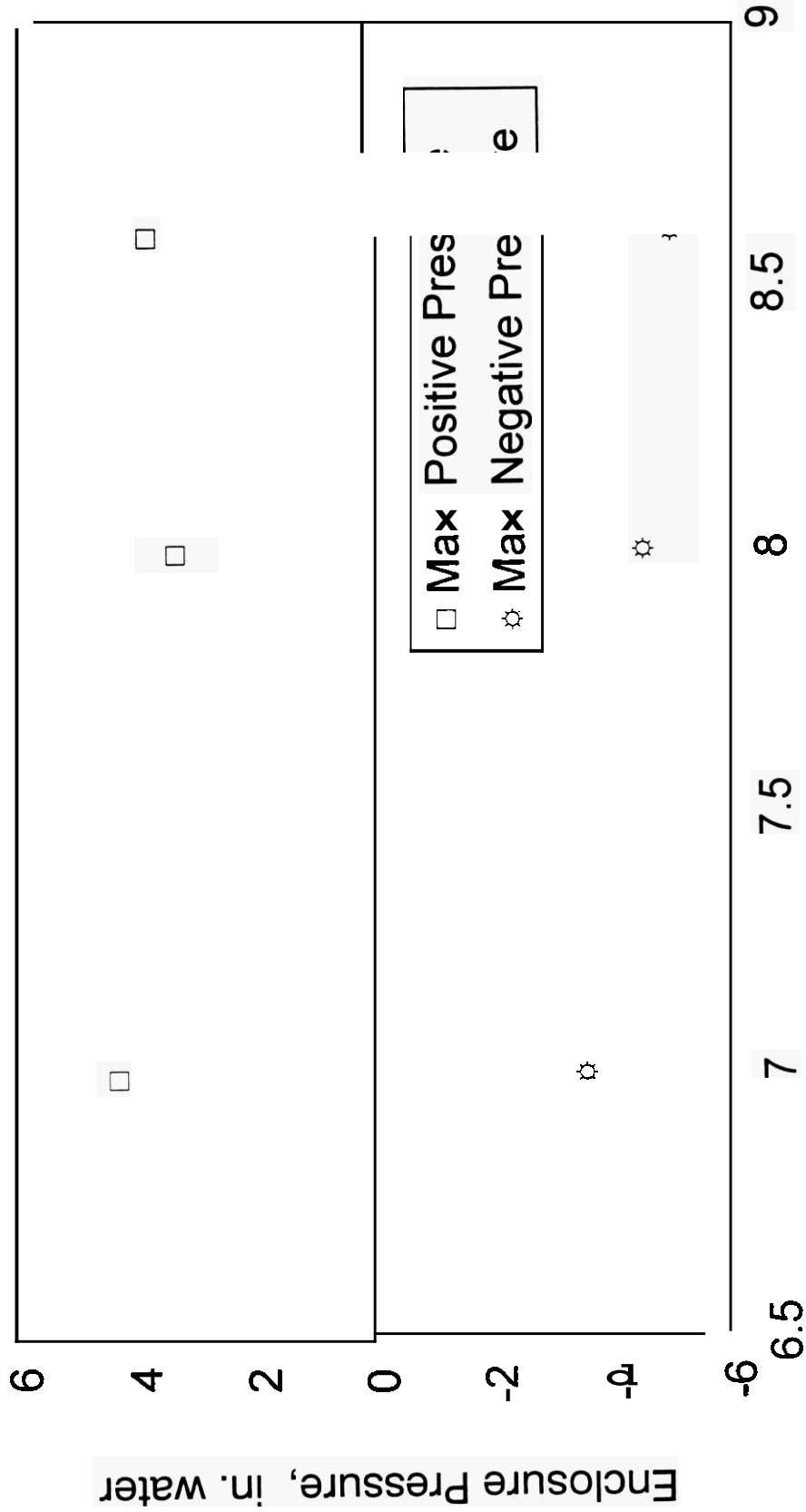


Test Facility

Effect of Concentration on Enclosure Pressure:

445 mm Heptane Puff fires

8 Second Discharge

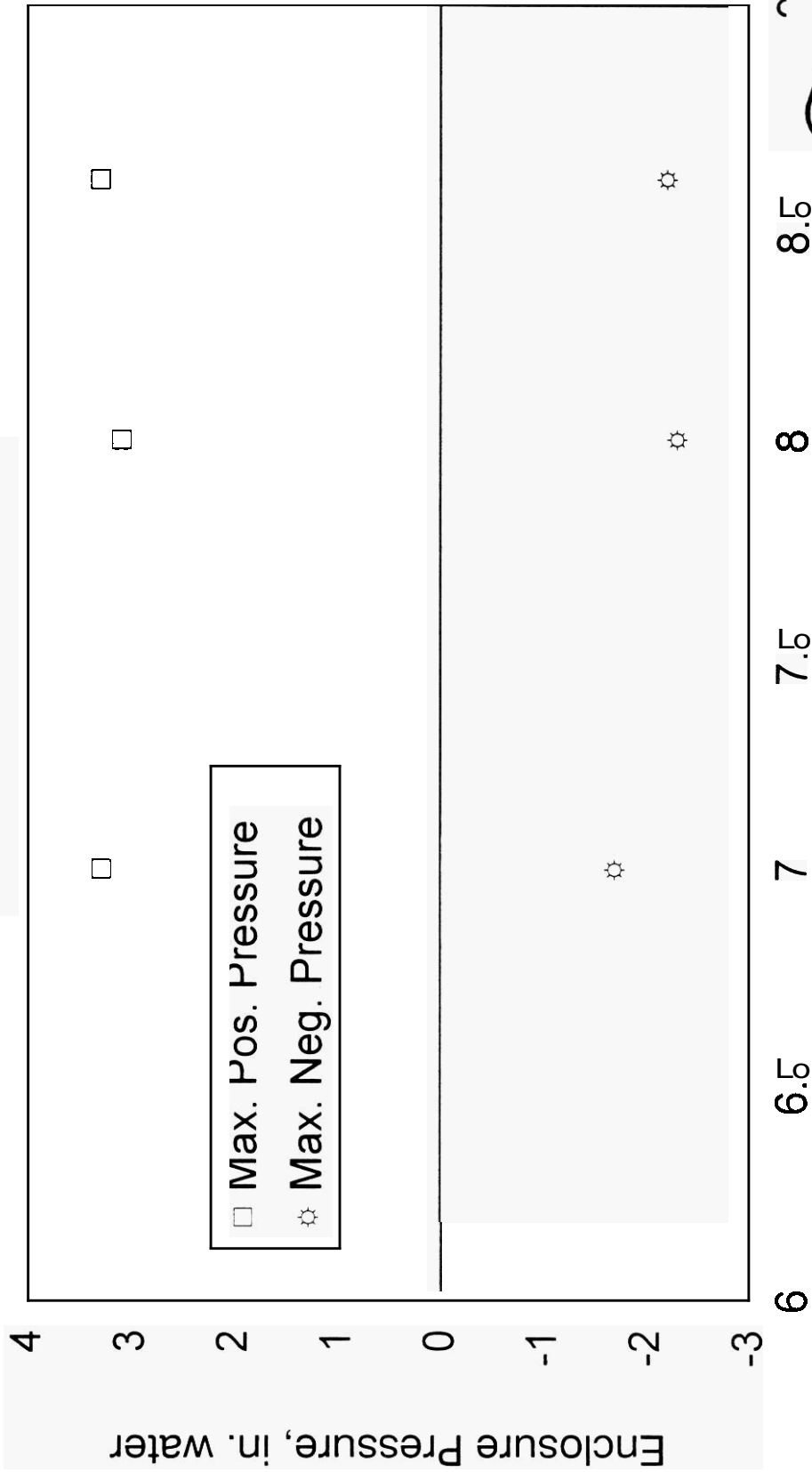


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Effect of Concentration on Enclosure Pressure:

300 mm Heptane Pan fires

8 Second Discharge



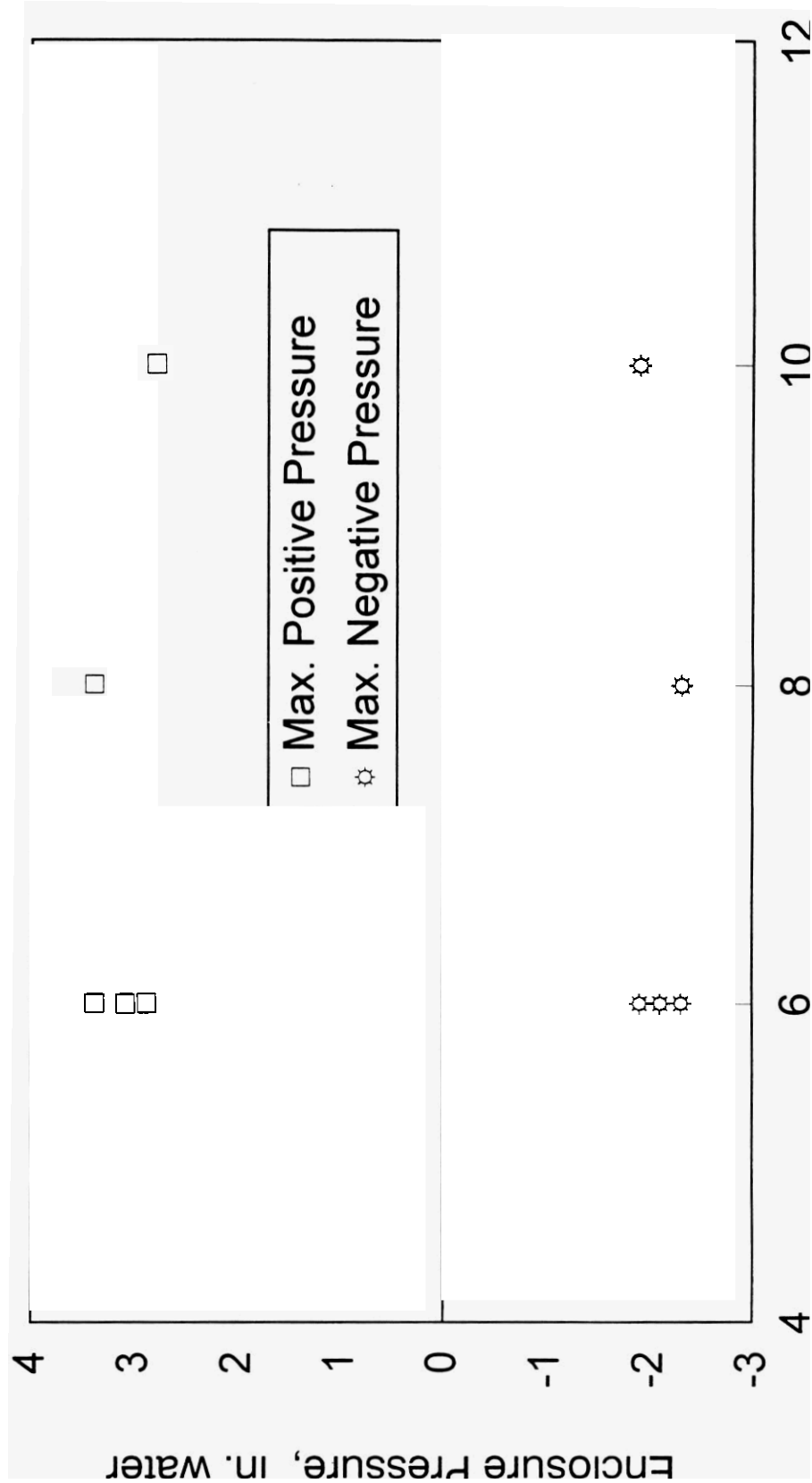
FM-200, % v/v

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Effect of Discharge Time on Enclosure Pressure: 445 mm n-Heptane Pan Fires

8% FM-200



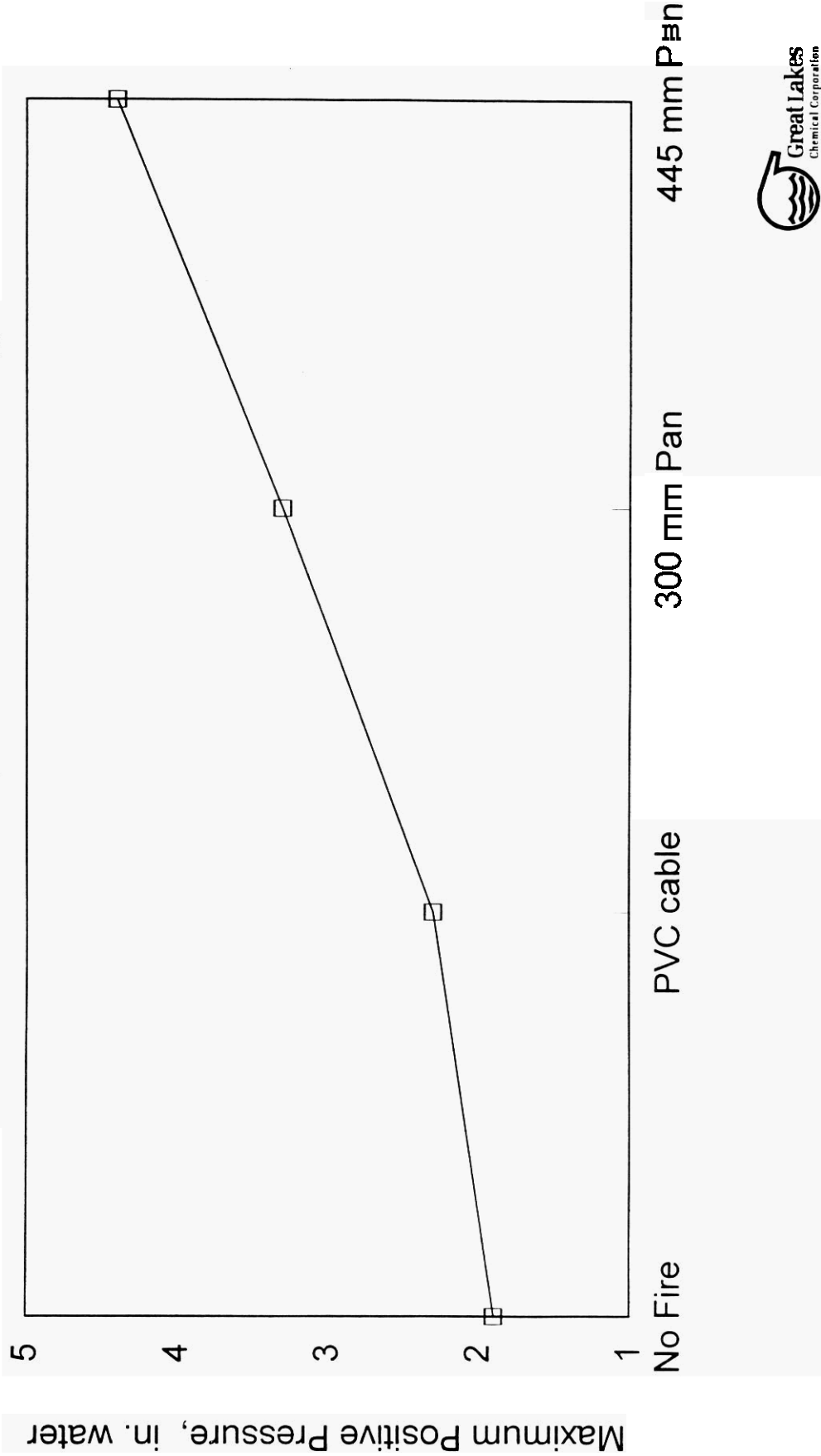
Discharge Time, s



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Effect of Fire Size on the Maximum Positive Enclosure Pressure

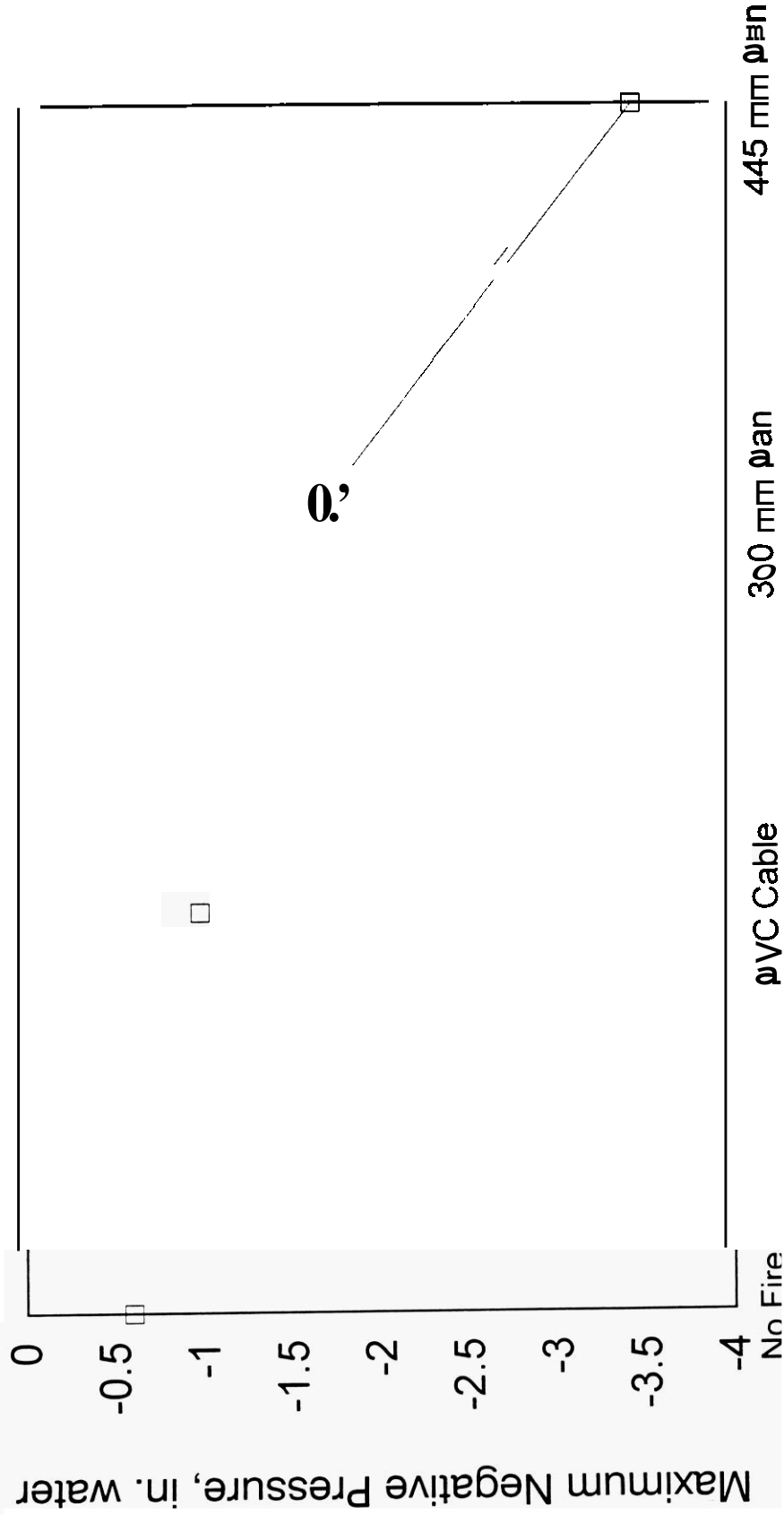
7% v/v FM-200; 8 Second Discharge



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Effect of Fire Size on the Maximum Negative Enclosure Pressure

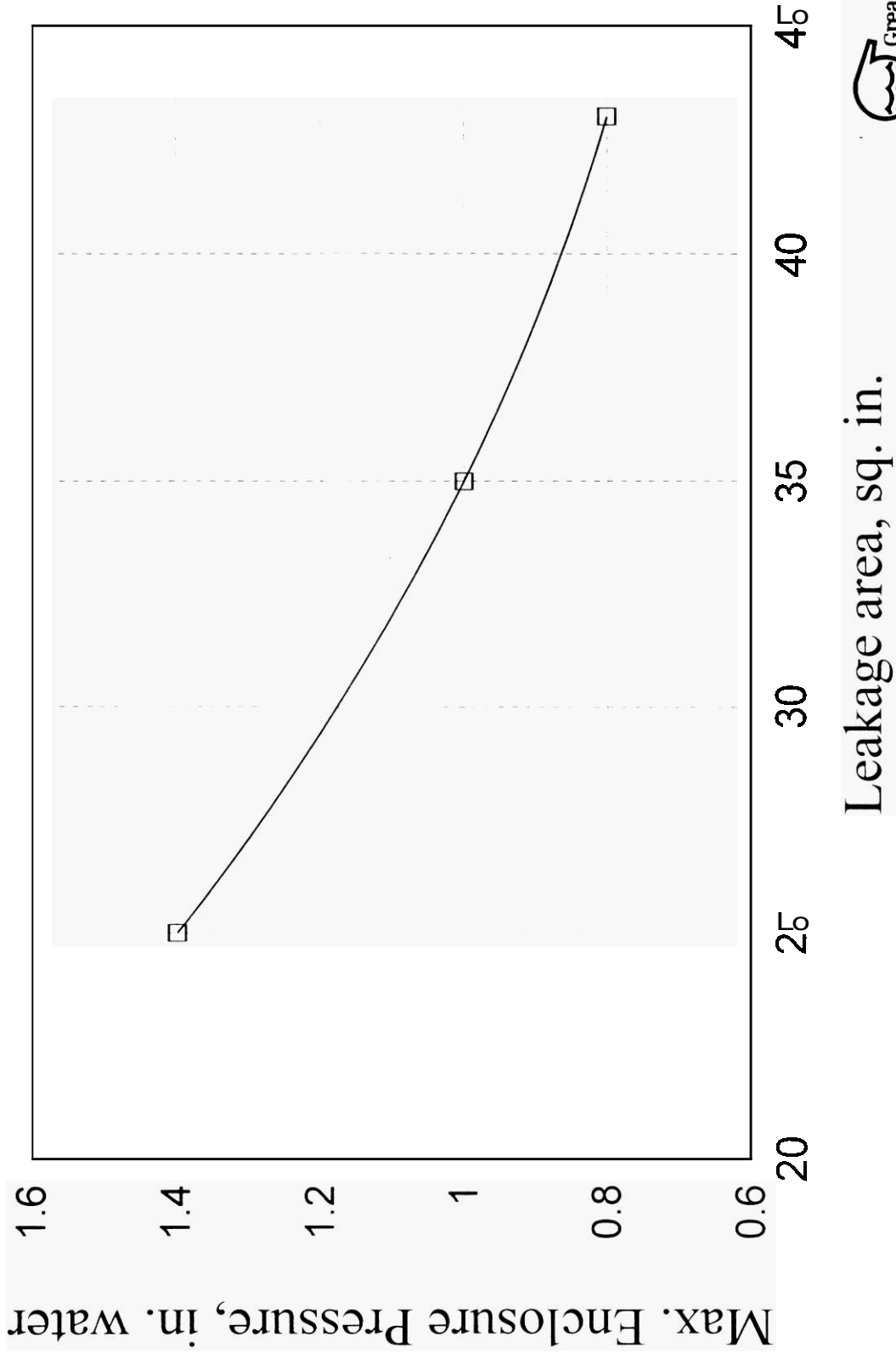
7% v/v FM-200; 8 Second Discharge



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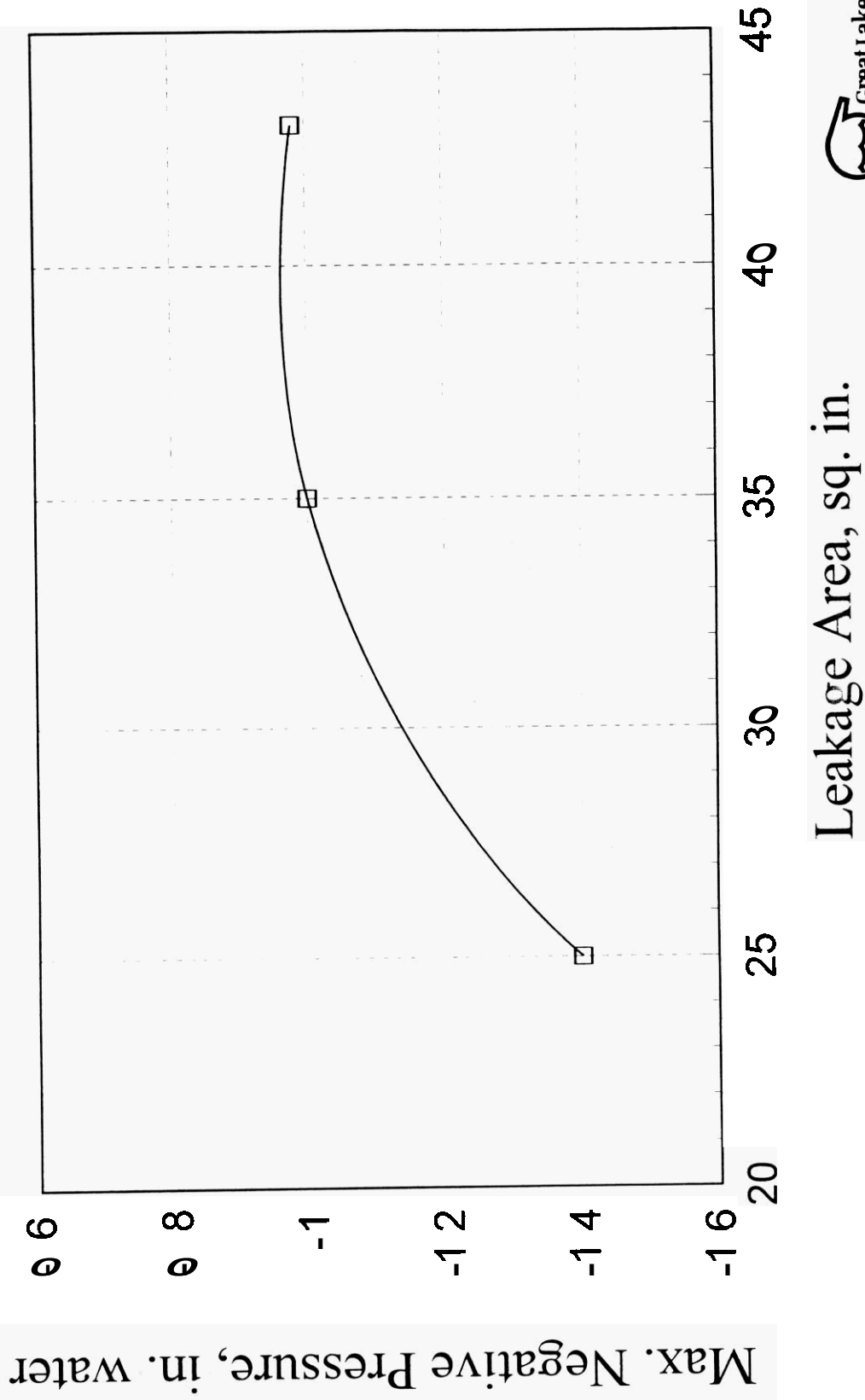
Effect of Leakage Area of Enclosure Pressure

7% v/v FM-200; 8 s Discharge; Wallboard Construction



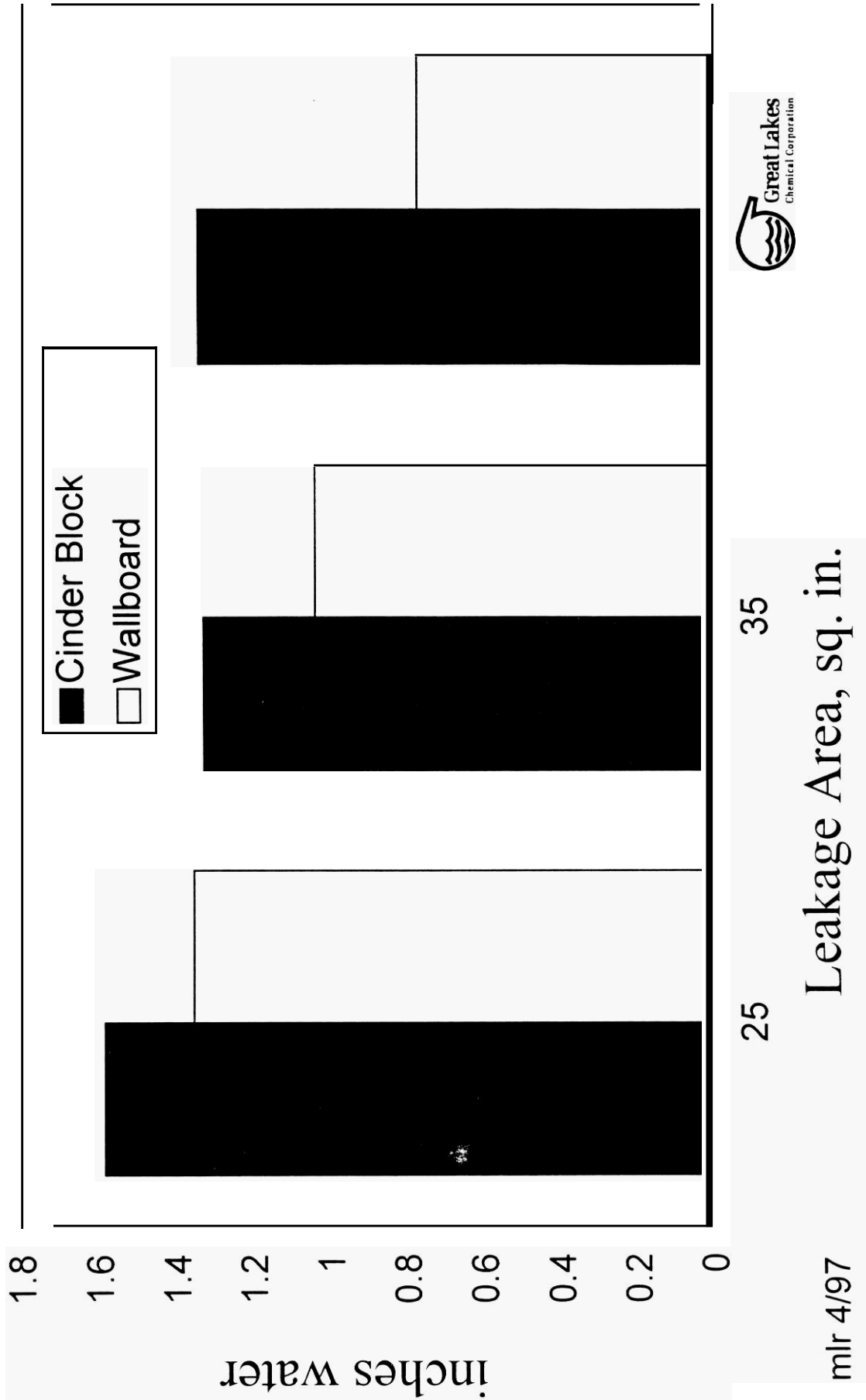
Effect of Leakage Area on Enclosure Pressure

7% v/v FM-200; 8 s Discharge; Wallboard Construction



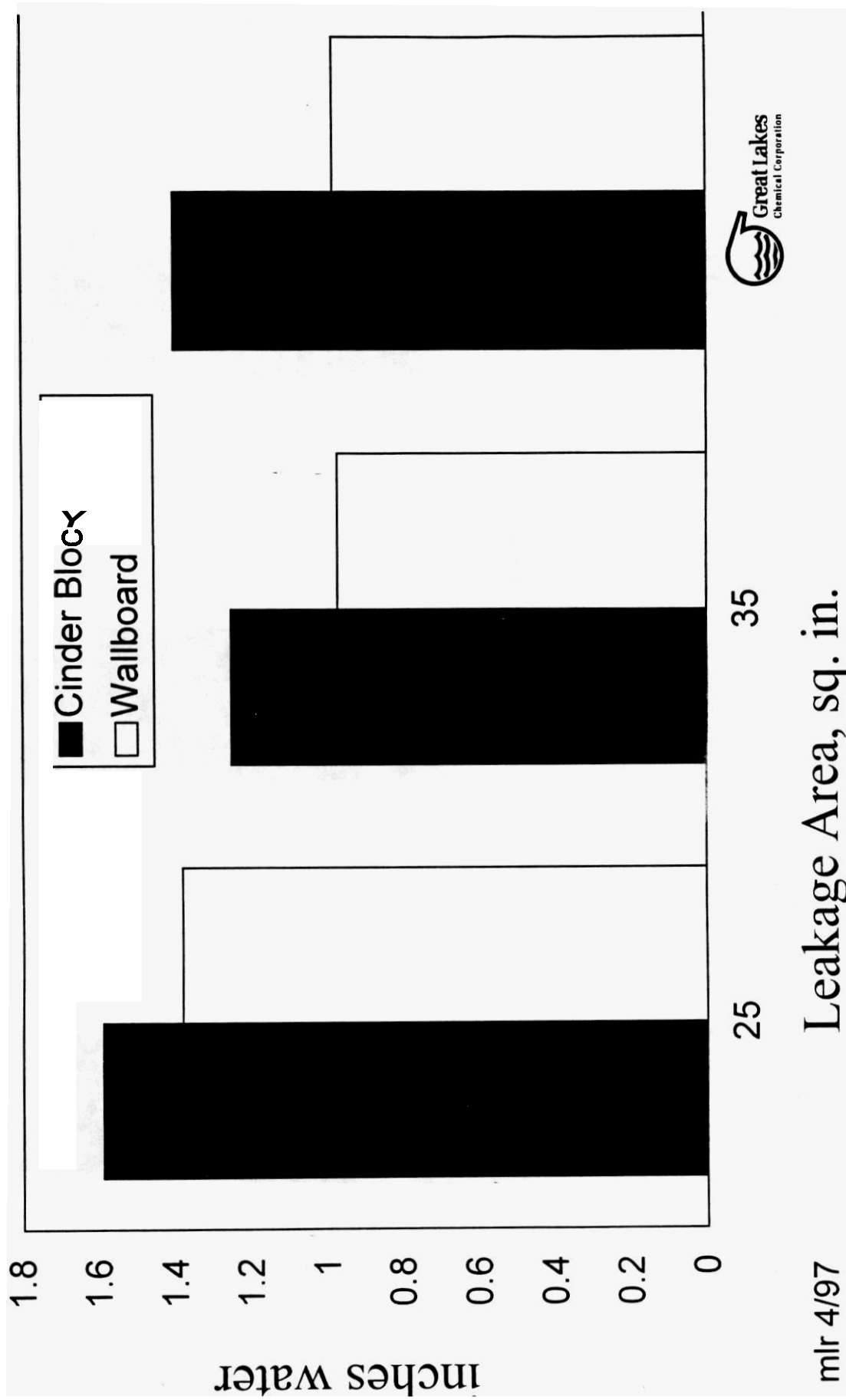
Effect of Construction on Enclosure Pressure

7% v/v FM-200; 8 s Discharge; Positive Pressure



Effect of Construction on Enclosure Pressure

7% v/v FM-200; 8 s Discharge; Negative Pressure



Magnitude of Pressure Development: Wallboard Construction

Hughes Associates, Inc.

- **Typical EDP Fires**
 - ▶ Paper, PC boards, PVC cable, Magnetic tape
 - ▶ Fire Sizes 3 to 36 kW
- **Maximum Positive Pressures**
 - ▶ range: 0.2 to 1.4 inches water
 - ▶ average: 0.6 inches water
- **Maximum Negative Pressures**
 - ▶ range: -0.1 to -1.4 inches water
 - ▶ average: -0.6 inches water
- **No structural damage**



Magnitude of Pressure Development: Wallboard Construction

Hughes Associates, Inc.

- **Class A Standard Tests: 511 cu.ft. enclosure**
 - ▶ **PMMA, ABS, PP, HDPE, LDPE, PVC, Pine**
 - ▶ **Fire Sizes 1-36 kW**
- **Maximum Positive Pressures**
 - ▶ **range: 0.4 to 0.7 inches water**
 - ▶ **average: 0.5 inches water**
- **Maximum Negative Pressures**
 - ▶ **range: -0.6 to -1.7 inches water**
 - ▶ **average: -0.7 inches water**
- **No structural damage**



Magnitude of Pressure Development: Wallboard Construction

Hughes Associates, Inc.

- **Class A Standard Tests: 2562 cu.ft. enclosure**
 - ▶ **30 minute hold time**
 - ▶ **PMMA, ABS, PP, HDPE, LDPE, PVC, PVE**
 - ▶ **Fire Sizes 10-25 kW**
- **Maximum Positive Pressures**
 - ▶ **range: 0.9 to 1.8 inches water**
 - ▶ **average: 1.1 inches water**
- **Maximum Negative Pressures**
 - ▶ **range: -1.3 to -2.2 inches water**
 - ▶ **average: -1.8 inches water**
- **No structural damage**



Summary

- Developed enclosure pressures are strongly dependent on:
 - ▶ Fire Size
 - ▶ Enclosure Leakage Area
 - ▶ Enclosure Construction
- For typical wallboard construction and hold times of approximately 10 minutes, the positive and negative pressures developed upon discharge of FM-200 are under 1.5 inches water.
- Pressures developed in wallboard construction enclosures under typical conditions have not been observed to present a problem with regard to structural damage.

